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**Space Network (SN)
Web Services Interface (SWSI)
Client Software User's Guide
Release 05.1**

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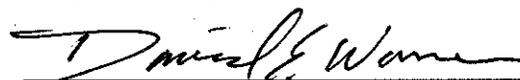
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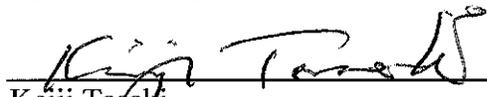
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Preface

This document contains Local Operating Procedures (LOP) and overview material necessary for operation of the Space Network (SN) Web Services Interface (SWSI) Client software.

This document is under the configuration management of the Flight Programs and Projects Directorate's Space Network Project (Code 452) Configuration Control Board (CCB). Configuration Change Requests (CCR) to this document may be submitted to the SN Project's CCB along with supportive material justifying the proposed change. Changes to this document shall be made by Documentation Change Notice (DCN) or by complete revision.

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Abstract

The primary function of the Space Network (SN) Web Services Interface (SWSI) is to provide a network-based cross-platform customer interface for performing Tracking and Data Relay Satellite (TDRS) and Demand Access System (DAS) scheduling and real-time service monitoring and control. A secure interface is provided to allow these functions to be performed either from the NASA Integrated Services Network (NISN) Internet Protocol (IP) Operational Network (IONet) or from the Internet.

This Client Software User's Guide provides the necessary information and guidelines for SWSI users to perform the required steps for operation of the SWSI Client in support of SN customer mission operations.

Release 05.1 updates are reflected in Section 8 with new screen images and some text. Section 6 contains updates in Figures 6-14 through 6-16. A new Appendix F Bulk Schedule Validation Messages, has been added.

Keywords: SWSI, NCCDS, SN, TDRS, DAS, DASCON

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Section 1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This Space Network (SN) Web Services Interface (SWSI) Client Software User's Guide provides instructions for operating the SWSI Client software in support of SN customer mission operations.

1.2 Background

The primary function of SWSI is to provide a secure network-based Graphical User Interface (GUI) to the Network Control Center (NCC) Data System (NCCDS) and to the Demand Access System (DAS) to perform SN customer scheduling, real-time service monitoring and control, and state vector storage. The SWSI provides the following capabilities:

- a. Standards-based customer interface for performing Tracking and Data Relay Satellite (TDRS) scheduling, real-time service monitoring and control.
- b. Accept Bulk Scheduling requests for Add, Delete, or Replace.
- c. Access from the Internet and NASA Integrated Services Network (NISN) Open & Closed Internet Protocol (IP) Operational Network (IONet).
- d. Secure access through encryption, certification, and authentication.
- e. Cross-platform compatible client application.
- f. Java-based GUI.
- g. Supports full NCCDS/Mission Operations Center (MOC) interface, including flexible scheduling.
- h. Ability to transmit customer state vectors to SN.
- i. Orbiting or stationary state vector generation based on user input of geocentric (position & velocity) or geodetic (latitude, longitude, & altitude) coordinates.
- j. Internet and Open IONet access to TDRSS Unscheduled Time (TUT).
- k. Test mode for performing Engineering Interface (EIF) testing and user training.
- l. Minimal user requirements. Windows or Unix workstation with Java Virtual Machine (freeware), web browser, and SWSI client application software.

1.3 Document Organization

This document is organized into 12 sections and 6 appendices. Following the Introduction (Section 1), this document presents procedures and reference material on the specified topics in the following order:

- a. SWSI Overview (Section 2).
- b. Client Installation and Setup (Section 3).
- c. General Operating Guidelines (Section 4).
- d. Startup and Login (Section 5).
- e. Main Control Panel (Section 6).
- f. Alerts (Section 7).
- g. Scheduling (Section 8).
- h. Performance Data Monitoring (Section 9).
- i. Service Reconfiguration (Section 10).
- j. State Vectors (Section 11).
- k. Service Specification Code (SSC) Administration (Section 12).
- l. Alert Messages (Appendix A).
- m. NCCDS Active Schedule File Format (Appendix B).
- n. DAS Active Schedule File Format (Appendix C).
- o. UPD Detail Panel Contents (Appendix D).
- p. UPD Log File Format (Appendix E).
- q. Bulk Schedule Validation Messages (Appendix F).
- r. Abbreviations and Acronyms.

1.4 Applicable Documents

- a. *Network Control Center Data System (NCCDS) System Requirements*, 1998, 451-SRD-NCCDS/1998.
- b. *Network Control Center Data System (NCCDS) Operations Concept*, 1998, 451-OCD-NCCDS/1998.
- c. *Interface Control Document between the Space Network and Customers for Service Management Centers*, 452-ICD-SN/CSM.
- d. *Interface Control Document (ICD) between the Network Control Center (NCC)/Flight Dynamics Facility (FDF) and the White Sands Complex (WSC)*, 530-ICD-NCC-FDF/WSC.
- e. *Network Control Center Data System (NCCDS) Specification for World Wide Web Server for TDRSS Unscheduled Time and Nascom Information*, Draft, October 1996.
- f. *Demand Access System Operations Concept Document*, 453-OCD-DAS.
- g. *Interface Control Document Between the Demand Access System and the Space Network Web Services Interface*, 451-ICD-DAS/SWSI.

- h. *Space Network (SN) Users' Guide*, 450-SNUG.
- i. *Space Network (SN) Web Services Interface (SWSI) Security Plan*, 452-SP-SWSI.
- j. *Support Identification Code Dictionary*, CSOC-GSFC-DICT-002184.

Section 2. SWSI Overview

2.1 SWSI System Description

- a. A block diagram showing the high level SWSI architecture is shown in Figure 2-1. A detailed knowledge of all the SWSI hardware and software components is not absolutely required to operate the SWSI Client software. However, a high-level view can be helpful toward understanding how to configure a client workstation to operate with the SWSI servers and to diagnose problems when errors should occur.
- b. The main hardware components of SWSI are as follows:
 1. Client Workstation. User's desktop workstation, which can be any desktop that supports Sun Microsystems' Java Virtual Machine (JVM) 1.4.1.
 2. Backend Server. Hosts most of the SWSI server applications; manages user login sessions, database storage, and the communications with NCCDS and DAS.
 3. Open Server. Proxy server to allow Open IONet and Internet-based users to connect to SWSI and to access TUT. User requests are directed to Backend Server through the NISN Secure Gateway using a single predefined set of rules. This allows for the addition of new customers and users without the need for adding new Secure Gateway rules.
- c. The main software components of SWSI are as follows:
 1. Client. Executes on Client Workstation, provides GUI for performing SWSI client operations.
 2. Application Server. Server process that the Client connects to in order to access SWSI services; keeps track of user requests and provides responses back to the Client. The Application Server runs on both the Open Server and the Backend Server.
 3. Isolator. Server process that provides an interface for the Client with the SWSI Database; processes user requests and generates responses; communicates with the Client through the Application Server. A separate Isolator is required for each Application Server.
 4. SWSI-NCCDS Interface (SNIF). Server process that communicates with the NCCDS using the messaging protocol defined in the *Interface Control Document between the Space Network and Customers for Service Management Centers*, 452-ICD-SN/CSM. A separate SNIF is required to communicate with each NCCDS (operations and test).
 5. SWSI-DAS Interface (SDIF). Server process that communicates with the DAS. Only one SDIF is required since there is no test DAS.

6. Database. Backend data storage; holds all customer configuration and scheduling data; allows access to customer schedules from any Client Workstation from any IP network for any authorized user.
7. Open TUT Server. Wweb server that mirrors the TUT web service provided by NCCDS on the Closed IONet. The Open TUT Server data is updated hourly.

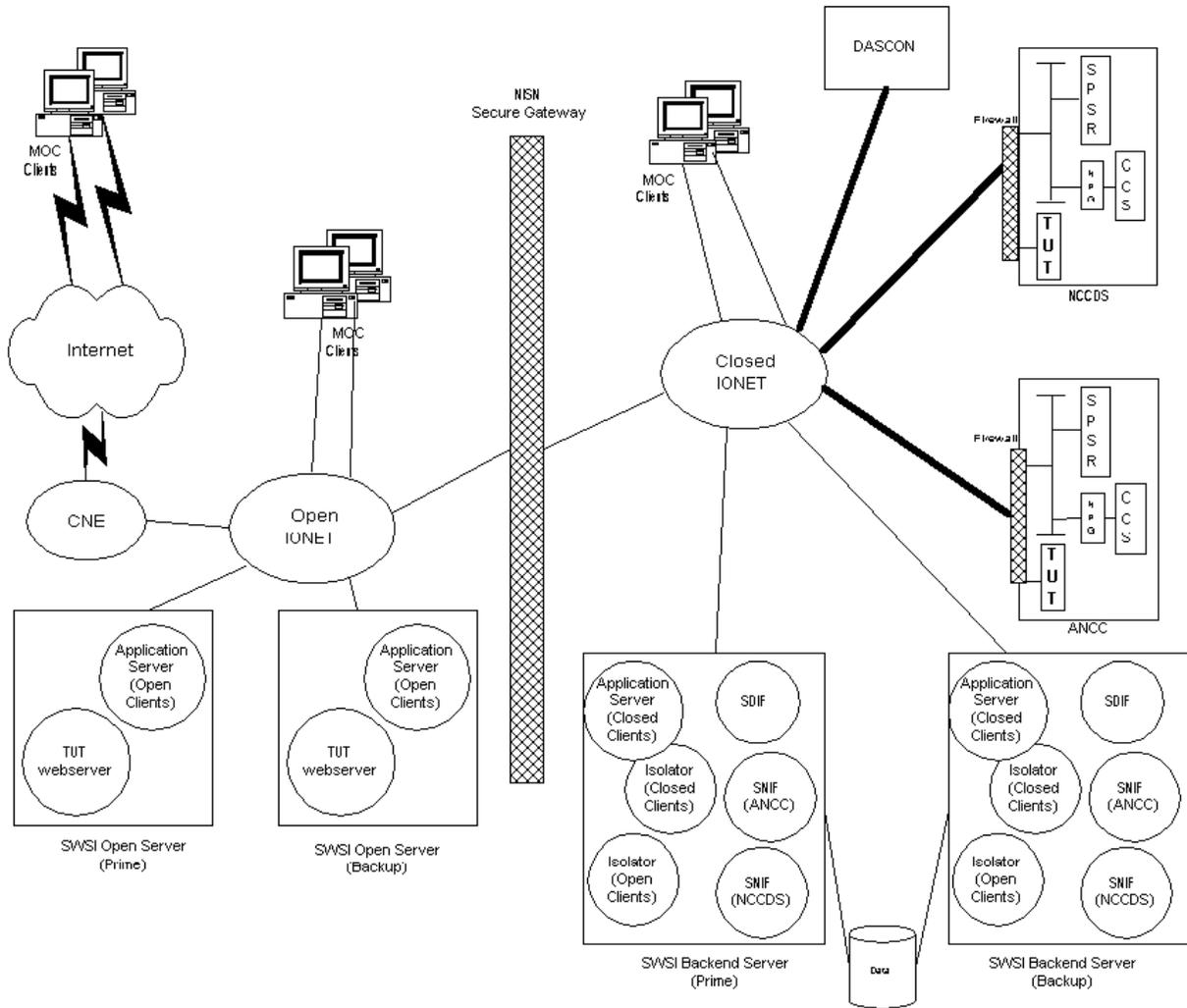


Figure 2-1. High Level SWSI Architecture

2.2 System Environment

2.2.1 General

This section describes the environment in which the SWSI operates and briefly discusses the interactions with external systems with which the SWSI interfaces.

2.2.2 Network Control Center (NCC) Data System (NCCDS) Operations

The WSC serves as the central control facility of the Spaceflight Tracking and Data Network (STDN). This network consists of the SN and Ground Network (GN). The SN includes the Tracking and Data Relay Satellites (TDRS) and two ground terminals, the White Sands Ground Terminal (WSGT), and the Second TDRSS Ground Terminal (STGT). The NCCDS schedules, controls, and ensures the reliability of the SN. The NCCDS is located at STGT. The SWSI communicates with the operations NCCDS on behalf of SWSI customers through implementation of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM protocol. All communications use Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) and are limited to those messages designated for full support customers.

2.2.3 Auxiliary Network Control Center

The Auxiliary Network Control Center (ANCC) serves primarily as a test facility for testing new NCCDS software releases and for performing Engineering Interface (EIF) tests with customer MOCs. ANCC is located at WSGT. SWSI interfaces with the ANCC to allow SWSI customers to perform interface testing and user training.

2.2.4 Service Planning Segment

The Service Planning Segment (SPS) is the primary NCCDS subsystem used for performing SN service planning. SPS receives and validates customer service requests, generates and maintains the schedule, and disseminates the schedule to the appropriate SN elements and customers. The SPS also receives acquisition data from the Flight Dynamics Facility (FDF) and SN customers, stores the data, and disseminates acquisition data to WSGT and STGT. The SWSI maintains TCP connections with SPS for performing scheduling and vector storage on behalf of each SWSI customer.

2.2.5 Communications and Control Segment

The Communications and Control Segment (CCS) is the primary NCCDS subsystem used for performing SN service control and service assurance. Customers are able to perform real-time reconfiguration of an ongoing service through the use of Ground Control Message Requests (GCMRs). CCS is used to monitor the performance of active events and passes this information to customers in the form of User Performance Data (UPD) messages.

2.2.6 NCCDS Protocol Gateway

The NCCDS Protocol Gateway (NPG) performs message protocol translation between legacy entities that communicate in 4800 BBs and newer entities that use TCP messages. Since CCS communicates using 4800 BB protocol and the SWSI communicates using TCP, the SWSI establishes real-time connections with the NPG, using the NPG as a TCP proxy for the CCS.

2.2.7 NCCDS TDRSS Unscheduled Time Server

The NCCDS TDRSS Unscheduled Time (TUT) World Wide Web (WWW) Server provides information about unscheduled TDRS resources. It consists of start and stop times of unscheduled use of the Single Access (SA), Multiple Access Forward (MAF), and S-band Multiple Access Forward (SMAF) antennas, Multiple Access Return (MAR), and S-band

Multiple Access Return (SMAR) links for each TDRS. This data is essentially the unused time in the schedule. The NCCDS TUT Server provides this service only to customers located on the Closed IONet.

2.2.8 Demand Access System

The Demand Access System (DAS) expands the existing TDRSS MAR capabilities by building upon the Third Generation Multiple Access Beamforming Subsystem (TGBFS). The existing TDRSSs provide pre-scheduled communication service to customers by using ground-based electronics to process signals emanating from customers that are relayed by the TDRS on-board phased array antenna systems. The TGBFS expands the capability of the TDRSSs MAR system and allows service to be provided on a demand basis rather than on a pre-scheduled basis.

2.2.9 DAS Controller

The DAS Controller (DASCON) is responsible for scheduling and controlling all DAS-related hardware at the White Sands Complex (WSC). The SWSI communicates with the DASCON on behalf of SWSI customers through implementation of the *DAS/SWSI Interface Control Document (ICD)* protocol. All communications use Transmission Control Protocol (TCP).

2.2.10 NISN Secure Gateway

The NISN Secure Gateway is a rule-based firewall used to prevent penetration of hosts on the Closed IONet from less secure networks. A small number of rules are used to allow connection between the Open Server and the Backend Server components. All message traffic is channeled through this path. The rule set is static, meaning that Secure Gateway changes are not required in response to SWSI customers being added or removed.

2.3 Concepts and Terminology

- a. A major advantage of using the SWSI as a user interface to NCCDS is that a detailed understanding of the messaging interface as defined in the 452-ICD-SN/CSM is not required in order to access NCCDS services. All the details of the message protocol are already implemented by SWSI on behalf of the user. However, some degree of understanding of the ICD and SN scheduling is required in order to intelligently schedule SN services and to interpret results. Rather than duplicate ICD information in this User's Guide, references are made to appropriate sections of the ICD and other documents where additional information is available.
- b. Nevertheless, in order to provide complete information in a single guide, a brief description of some common acronyms and terms that are prerequisite to understanding SWSI usage are given below. More detailed information can be found in the NCCDS Operations Concept Document, the *NCCDS System Requirements Document*, and in the ICD.
- c. Active Period. Period of time covered by published schedules:
 1. Active Schedule. The collection of all events for which customer requests have been granted.

2. Alternate Schedule Add Request (ASAR). Alternative schedule request that allows a second choice request to be scheduled if the first choice cannot be accommodated.
3. Event. A combination of services (forward and return links, tracking, and end-to-end test) in a particular time sequence and with specific durations allocated to a particular customer spacecraft using a single TDRS for a continuous period of support.
4. Event ID. Uniquely identifies a schedule event. It is the same value as the Request ID of the associated request message. For SWSI user-requested events, it is in the range 0,000,001 to 8,899,999. For events scheduled by a DAS operator, it is in the range 8,900,000 to 8,999,999. For events scheduled by an NCCDS operator, it is in the range 9,000,000 to 9,999,999.
5. Fixed Event. Event that has been scheduled for which resource and time allocations have been finalized.
6. Flexibility. Non-rigid specification of request parameters and SN services, which results in increased overall scheduling success.
7. Flexible Event. Event that has been scheduled, but for which resource and time allocations may not have been finally determined.
8. Forecast Period. Period of time in advance of publication (transmission) of the weekly schedule, during which schedule requests are received and the schedule is developed.
9. Freeze Time. Customer specified point at which NCCDS freezes requested start times and durations for a flexible event.
10. Ground Configuration Message Request (GCMR). Sent by customer to NCCDS to reconfigure an ongoing service.
11. Premium Service. Event scheduled in response to a request received less than 45 minutes prior to the requested event start time and billed at a premium rate.
12. Priority. The relative level of importance of each schedule add request, as specified by the customer (e.g., emergency, critical, normal, or supplemental).
13. Prototype Event. Combination of service specification codes, service durations, and relative start times defined in advance for a customer spacecraft for use in the scheduling process.
14. Replace Request (RR). Customer request to delete a previous request or scheduled event and replace it with another. If the NCCDS is unable to effect the replacement, the original event remains on the schedule.
15. Request ID. ID code in the range 0,000,001 to 8,899,999 that uniquely identifies a request message (SAR, ASAR, RR, SDR, GCMR, etc.) submitted to NCCDS.
16. Schedule Add Request (SAR). Request to add a single event to the schedule.

17. Schedule Delete Request (SDR). Schedule request to delete a previous request or scheduled event.
18. Schedule Request. Request to change a customer schedule (e.g., add, delete or replace an event).
19. Schedule Result Message (SRM). Message sent from NCCDS to customer indicating disposition (granted, rejected, declined, etc.) of a schedule request.
20. Service. Functional support for a customer provided by the SN for a continuous period of time. Services include forward links, return links, tracking, and End-to-End test (ETE).
21. Service Parameter. Parameters (data rate, frequency, etc.) associated with a service.
22. Service Specification Code (SSC). Code that specifies the configuration of a single service for a given customer.
23. SN Customer. Mission or project supported by the SN for operations, simulations, or testing.
24. Support Identification Code (SIC). Unique four-digit identification code for a customer spacecraft.
25. Support Identifier (SUPIDEN). Seven-character code used to identify the satellite or task being supported. It is broken into three parts: class, SIC, and function. Class identifies the major entity for which the support is being provided (e.g., Houston, network, GSFC). The SIC identifies the spacecraft being requested. The function is an identification of the type of support being provided (e.g., launch simulation). SUPIDEN codes and their meanings are explained in the Support Identification Code Dictionary, 532-808.
26. SWSI Operator. SN personnel responsible for operation of the SWSI servers.
27. SWSI User. Individual operator of the SWSI Client application.
28. TDRS Scheduling Window (TSW). Specification for a TDRS (generated by the customer or the customer designated facility) of a time period when the customer's spacecraft may be supported by that TDRS. The TSW may be based on antenna view constraints, attitude and blockage effects, and any other mission timeline constraints that apply.
29. User Performance Data (UPD). Sent from NCCDS to customer to provide performance and data quality information during an ongoing service.
30. User Schedule Message (USM). Message sent from NCCDS to customer that provides details of a granted schedule request. SWSI uses USMs to construct an Active Schedule.
31. Wait List Request (WLR). Request to place a declined request on a wait list.

Section 3. Client Installation and Setup

3.1 Customer Setup

- a. The first step in becoming a SWSI user is to arrange to obtain SN services through the Customer Commitment Process. This process is described in Section 4 of the Space Network Users' Guide (SNUG). The Customer Commitment Office, NASA/GSFC Code 451, is responsible for arranging service for new missions.
- b. Once an agreement has been reached, the mission planning phase is used to establish a SN configuration for the mission. The prospective customer project supplies the SN with information needed to fulfill mission support requirements. Customer information is maintained in the NCCDS database. Specific information in the database that is also required to configure a SWSI customer is the following:
 1. Spacecraft Identification Code (SIC).
 2. SUPIDENs.
 3. Service Specification Codes (SSCs) and initial service parameter values.
 4. Prototype Event Codes.
- c. This information is described in more detail in the SNUG. In addition, the following SWSI-specific information needs to be provided for inclusion in the SWSI server configuration and database:
 1. Schedule Request purge time. Specifies in days how long after requested event start time to keep Schedule Requests before they are purged from the SWSI database. This affects how many requests are displayed in the Schedule Request Summary Panel as described in paragraph 8.6.
 2. Active Schedule upload. Whether or not the customer would like to receive an Active Schedule file on connected workstations. This text file contains information about all granted requests scheduled to occur in the future with respect to transmission time of the file. The customer must also provide the following information about the upload process and file content:
 - (a) Whether to send a new file when it changes and, if so, how often to check for changes, in minutes (default 5 minutes).
 - (b) Whether to periodically send a new file regardless of whether there are changes and how often, in minutes (default 60 minutes).
 - (c) Whether to include initial service parameter values.
 - (d) For enumerated parameter types, whether to send the numeric value or an enumerated text string.

3. User Accounts. Each SWSI user must have a separate account (group accounts are not allowed). The customer should provide a list of users requiring access, to include full user name, company, mission name, geographic location, phone number, and email address. Also for each user, indicate whether they are allowed Mission Manager privileges. This allows the user to edit the initial SSC parameter values.
4. IP Addresses. A list of IP addresses for all client workstations requiring connection to the SWSI Server(s). The customer may request access for any combination of workstations located on the Closed IONet, Open IONet, or Internet. Though not always the case, IP addresses for all workstations connecting to the SWSI Servers are treated by the SN Data Base Administrator (DBA) as For Official Use Only (FOUO). Transmission of IP addresses to the DBA should be done by the following accepted means for FOUO information: voice, fax, or PGP electronic mail.

NOTE

SWSI maintains separate databases for operations and test modes, allowing separate settings (SSCs, user accounts, etc.) for each mode.

3.2 Client Workstation Setup

- a. Following are the minimum hardware and software requirements for running the SWSI Client application:
 1. Java Runtime Environment (JRE) version 1.4.1.
 2. Any platform supporting JRE 1.4.1, although the SWSI Client application has been thoroughly tested on only Windows 98/NT/2000, Solaris 7 & 8, Windows XP Service Pack 1, and Linux.
 3. System clock synchronized to network time or some other accurate time source. The clock must either be configured for Universal Time, or if set to Local Time, then set with the proper time zone.
 4. 128 Mbytes Random Access Memory (RAM).
 5. 2 Mbytes hard disk space (application size, excluding log space).
 6. 1024x768, 16 bit color display.
 7. Connection to Internet or NASA's IONet (Open or Closed).
 8. Web browser (e.g., Netscape, Internet Explorer) to view TUT, and to download SWSI Client software and digital certificates.
- b. Software and installation instructions are available from the Internet and Open IONet at <https://swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov/> and from the Closed IONet at <https://swsi-server.ops.nascom.nasa.gov/>. The download sites also contain the appropriate JRE

version for Windows, Solaris/Sparc, and Linux workstations. The following general steps are required in order to set up a client workstation:

1. Read, sign, and return the Rules of Behavior to the SN DBA. This document may be downloaded from the main SWSI information web page at <http://swsi.gsfc.nasa.gov/>. Provide on this form your IP address as described in paragraph 3.1, so that you can access one of the download sites.
 2. Generate a certificate through one of the SWSI web sites. Each user should generate their own certificate with their own private passphrase. Certificates and passphrases should not be shared.
 3. Download the appropriate JRE version, either from the Sun web site or from the SWSI web site, and install it on your workstation. On the SWSI web site, it is available through the *Client Software* link.
 4. Download the latest version of the Client software from one of the SWSI web sites. Separate versions are provided for Windows and Unix installations.
 5. Install the Client software on your workstation using the detailed instructions provided on the web site. For multiple users on a single workstation, it is recommended that each user have the software installed in a separate folder/directory. This may duplicate some information on your hard disk, but the extra space used is minimal and greatly simplifies the installation.
- c. It should be understood that as new versions of the Client software are released to provide enhancements or fix bugs, the workstation requirements might change. This is especially true of the JRE version. The latest version of the SWSI Client software, requirements, and instructions is always available via links from the main SWSI web page at the sites listed above.

3.3 Open TUT Server Access

- a. TUT may be accessed from the Internet and Open IONet at the following address:
<https://swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov/tut/>
- b. The raw TUT data files, formatted as described in Table 7-23, TDRSS Unscheduled Time File Format in the 452-ICD-SN/CSM, may be downloaded from the following addresses:
<https://swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov/tut/eif/data/newtut.dat>
<https://swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov/tut/ops/data/newtut.dat>
- c. Operation of the Open TUT web page is the same as when accessed directly through the NCCDS and Auxiliary Network Control Center (ANCC) TUTs on the Closed IONet, with the exception that the main SWSI Open TUT page allows selection of either Operations or EIF TUT. For instructions on how to use the TUT web page, refer to the appropriate NCCDS TUT documentation.

3.4 Client Invocation and Usage

- a. A Unix shell script and Windows batch file are provided with the Client installation so that the user can easily start the application. Following is a sample Client invocation if the user would like to invoke it interactively or would like to edit the provided script. This command should be executed while in the same folder/directory as where the provided jar files are located:

```
java -cp SWSI-cots.jar;SWSIClient.jar;gov.nasa.gsfc.swsi.client.MainControlPanel<proplib>
```

- b. Where <proplib> is the location of the property files described in the following section. If invoked with a “-v” option as follows:

```
java -cpSWSIcots.jar;SWSIClient.jar;gov.nasa.gsfc.swsi.client.MainControlPanel -v
```

- c. Then the Client just prints the version number and exits, similar to the following:

```
SWSI Client Application Build 3 Patch 15 Beta 2 12/03/2002
```

3.5 Property File (client.prop)

- a. The client.prop property file is essentially a configuration or preference file that is used to set up and control the execution of the SWSI Client application. The sample property file provided with the SWSI Client download is sufficient to get started using the application, with the exception of the names of the digital certificate files as described in the installation instructions. However, there are some useful properties in this file that can be used to customize Client operation for the user.
- b. In general, the property file may be changed with any text editor. Properties may be provided in any order. A “:” character separates the property name from its assigned value. A “!” or a “#” character at the beginning of a line is used to enter a comment. Boolean properties, which should be evident from examining the file, can have a value of true or false.
- c. Following is a sample client.prop file:

```
## Login and Connection Properties . ##
```

```
ServerIPAddress : swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov
ServerPortNumber : 4100
eifMode : false
selectSICsAtLogin : false
```

```
UseSSL : true
CipherSuite : SSL_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
caPropFilePath : ./CA.prop
```

```
CertificateAuthorityFile : ./certs/SWSI-ca-cert.der
ClientCertificateFile : ./certs/user-cert.der
PrivateKeyFile : ./certs/enc-user-key.der
```

CertificateExpirationWarning : 30
AccountExpirationWarning : 30
AckFrequencyMultiple : 30

InputBufferSize : 2048
OutputBufferSize : 512

AutoReconnect : true
MaxReconnectAttempts : 10
ReconnectDelay : 60

CompressSocket : true

Logging Properties

WriteToLog : true
LogDir : ./log/current
ArchiveDir : ./log/archive
MaxAlertsToDisplay : 10000
MaxLogFileSize : 100000
SwitchLogFileAtMax : true

ttmOutputPath : ./ttm
rctdOutputPath : ./rctdm

UPD Properties

UPDDefaultFilePath : ./UPDs.prop

DASUPDPrimaryExpirationTime : 120
DASUPDSecondaryExpirationTime : 360
NCCUPDPrimaryExpirationTime : 10
NCCUPDSecondaryExpirationTime : 30

UPDLogging : false
UPDLogDir : ./upd/current
UPDArchiveDir : ./upd/archive
UPDMaxLogSize : 1048576

Active Schedule Properties

asEnable : true
asOutputPath : ./active_sched

State Vector Properties

VectorQueuePollTime : 5
VectorQueueNCC : ./sv_NCC
VectorQueueDAS : ./sv_DAS
VectorArchiveNCC : ./sv_NCC/archive
VectorArchiveDAS : ./sv_DAS/archive

TSW Properties

```

TSWQueuePollTime : 5
TSWQueue       : ./tsw
TSWArchive     : ./tsw/archive

## DAS Playback Properties ##
=====

DefaultPlaybackIP : 123.123.123.123
DefaultPlaybackPort : 07222

## Alert Panel Properties ##
=====

BringToFront : false
DisplayWarnings : true

## Debug Properties ##
=====

SSLDebug : false
ClientDebug : false
BulkSchedDir : ./bulk_sched
BulkDataFileSize : 307200
BulkRequestSubmissionInterval : 2

```

d. The meaning of each property is given below:

1. **ServerIPAddress.** Fully qualified domain name or IP address of the server used in the Login Panel. This is normally set to swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov for connection from the Internet or Open IONet, or swsi-server.ops.nascom.nasa.gov for connection from the Closed IONet.
2. **ServerPortNumber.** Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) port number for the socket connection to the server used in the Login Panel.
3. **eifMode (optional).** Defines whether to open the Login Panel with EIF mode selected. If false or not present, Operations (OPS) mode is selected.
4. **SelectSICsAtLogin.** For multimission users, defines whether a dialog will appear prior to completion of login to allow selection of which SICs will be used for that session. This is normally set to false since most users are authorized for only a single SIC. Setting to false also indicates to use all authorized SICs for each session.
5. **UseSSL.** Defines whether the socket connection to the server will be encrypted. Since the operational servers do not allow unencrypted connections, this should always be set to true.
6. **CipherSuite.** Defines the algorithm used to establish the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) connection to the server. This is normally set to match the setting on the server and should not be changed unless under the direction of the SN DBA or System Administrator.
7. **CaPropFilePath.** File name of the properties file that contains the fingerprint(s) of the Certificate Authority's public certificate that is to be accepted. The file is

distributed with the Client software, and should not be changed unless under the direction of the SN DBA or System Administrator.

8. CertificateAuthorityFile. File name of the certificate authority's public digital certificate. This is used to check the digital signature on the certificate presented by the server for authentication. The file is distributed with the Client software, and should not be changed unless under the direction of the SN DBA or System Administrator.
9. ClientCertificateFile. File name of the user's public digital certificate. The user enters this when installing the Client software for the first time, or when installing a new certificate with a different file name.
10. PrivateKeyFile. File name of the user's encrypted private key file. This is used to digitally sign the public digital certificate for presentation to the server. The user enters this when installing the Client software for the first time, or when installing a new certificate with a different file name.
11. CertificateExpirationWarning. Number of days before a certificate expires that the user will receive an expiration warning during login. The warning will appear during each login session until a new certificate is installed. Certificates are generated with an expiration of 365 days. The warning value is initially set to 30 days.
12. AccountExpirationWarning. Number of days before a user's account expires that the user will receive an expiration warning during login. The warning will appear during each login session until the account is renewed. The SN DBA sets the account expiration time.
13. AckFrequencyMultiple. Maximum time, in seconds, that the Client should wait before sending an acknowledgment (ack) to the server when the Client is receiving no data. The Client normally sends an ack after receiving data from the server, but only after the Client is able to process all the outstanding data on the socket. The redundant ack produced by this time ensures that the Client continues to receive data even if the server fails to receive the normal ack. The ack timeout also functions as a keepalive message to notify the Client when a connection problem has occurred, so that the connection doesn't remain in a half-open state where the server has closed the connection but the Client may think it is still open.
14. InputBufferSize. TCP socket read buffer size, normally set to match the server's output buffer size. The user should not change this unless directed to do so by the SN DBA or System Administrator.
15. OutputBufferSize. TCP socket write buffer size, normally set to match the server's input buffer size. The user should not change this unless directed to do so by the SN DBA or System Administrator.
16. AutoReconnect. Option to try to automatically reconnect to the server if the socket connection to the server is lost.

17. **MaxReconnectAttempts.** If `AutoReconnect` is *true*, this property is the maximum number of reconnection attempts that will be made each time the connection is lost. If `AutoReconnect` is *false*, this property has no effect.
18. **ReconnectDelay.** If `AutoReconnect` is *true*, this is the delay in seconds between each reconnection attempt.
19. **CompressSocket.** Indicates whether incoming data on TCP socket is compressed. This is normally set to match the setting on the server and should not be changed unless under the direction of the SN DBA or System Administrator.
20. **WriteToLog.** Indicates whether alerts should be logged. Alerts are logged to a file if this is set to *true*.
21. **LogDir.** Directory where the current (active) log file is created.
22. **ArchiveDir.** Directory to which archived (old) log files are moved.
23. **MaxAlertsToDisplay.** Buffer size for the Alert Panel. This indicates how many messages are kept on the scrollable panel. When the number of messages exceeds this amount, the earliest messages are removed.
24. **MaxLogFileSize.** Maximum output log file size in bytes. When the log file reaches this size and `SwitchLogFileAtMax` is set to true, the current log file is closed and a new log file is started.
25. **SwitchLogFileAtMax.** Indicates whether a new log file should be started if the current log file's size reaches the `MaxLogFileSize`.
26. **ttmOutputPath.** Directory to which files containing Time Transfer Messages (TTM) received from NCCDS are written.
27. **rctdOutputPath.** Directory to which files containing Return Channel Time Delay (RCTD) messages received from NCCDS are written.
28. **UPDDefaultFilePath.** For UPD, this property defines the path to the properties file that defines the default UPD layouts to use for each SIC and service type.
29. **DASUPDPPrimaryExpirationTime.** Time in seconds by which another DAS UPD must arrive after which a service is flagged as expired.
30. **DASUPDSecondaryExpirationTime.** Time in seconds by which another DAS UPD must arrive after which a service is removed from the list of active services in the UPD Summary Frame.
31. **NCCUPDPPrimaryExpirationTime.** Time in seconds by which another NCCDS UPD must arrive after which a service is flagged as expired.
32. **NCCUPDSecondaryExpirationTime.** Time in seconds by which another NCCDS UPD must arrive after which a service is removed from the list of active services in the UPD Summary Frame.
33. **UPDLogging.** Defines whether UPD messages received from NCCDS or DAS are logged.

34. UPDLogDir. Directory where UPD messages received from NCCDS or DAS are written to.
35. UPDArchiveDir. Directory to which archived (old) UPD messages are moved.
36. UPDMaxLogSize – maximum UPD log file size in bytes. When the UPD log file reaches this size, the current UPD log file is closed and a new UPD log file is started.
37. asEnable. Defines whether the Active Schedules received automatically from the SWSI server are written to files.
38. asOutputPath. Directory where Active Schedule files received automatically from the SWSI server are stored. If *asEnable* is *false*, this property has no effect.
39. VectorQueuePollTime. Ttime (in minutes) delay between searches for state vector files.
40. VectorQueueNCC. Directory that is searched for user-created NCCDS state vector files.
41. VectorQueueDAS. Directory that is searched for user-created DAS state vector files.
42. VectorArchiveNCC. Directory to which old NCCDS state vector files are moved after transmission.
43. VectorArchiveDAS. Directory to which old DAS state vector files are moved after transmission.
44. TSWQueuePollTime. Time (in minutes) delay between searches for TDRS Scheduling Window (TSW) files.
45. TSWQueue . Directory that is searched for user-created TSW files.
46. TSWArchive. Directory to which old TSW files are moved after transmission.
47. DefaultPlaybackIP. Default Destination IP Address for DAS Playback Planning Requests.
48. DefaultPlaybackPort. Default Destination Port Number for DAS Playback Planning Requests.
49. BringToFront. Option to bring the Alert Panel to the front (on top of any open panels or windows) when an alert message is received. Note that if the Set Warnings option in the Alert Panel is set and a critical message is received, the pop-up message will bring the Alert Panel to the front even if the *BringToFront* property is *false*. For more details on the Alert Panel, see Section 7.
50. DisplayWarnings. Defines whether to display a dialog box whenever a critical (red) alert is received. If *true*, display a dialog box.
51. SSLDebug. Defines whether debug output is generated by the SSL security system. If *true*, generate debug output. This is normally only useful to a

developer when trying to troubleshoot problems. This can generate a lot of output, thus slowing down the SSL connection, so it is normally set to *false*.

52. ClientDebug. Defines whether debug output is generated by the Client application. As with SSLDebug, this is normally only useful to a developer when trying to troubleshoot problems.
53. BulkSchedDir. Defines the default path to the Bulk Schedule Data Request file. If a different path is desired, the SWSI user highlights the default path and enters the new path. When changing the path, the user must ensure that the new path maintains the same local directory construct, (e.g., “./xxxx”).
54. BulkDataFileSize. Defines the recommended Bulk Data File size (300 Kilobytes). If user chooses to change the file size, the new designation needs to be calculated using the “xxx kilobytes * 1 kilobyte * 1024 bytes” formula to obtain exact byte count.
55. BulkRequestSubmissionInterval. Recommended interval time is 2 seconds. The 2-second pause can be reset to a higher number but not down to 1 or 0. If a lower count is entered, the SWSI system will ignore the new setting and default to 2 seconds.

Section 4. General Operating Guidelines

4.1 Introduction

The SWSI GUI consists of numerous SWSI panels that provide the means for a user to interact with the SWSI system. The GUI is loaded onto the client workstation and accepts user input from the keyboard and mouse. User data requests are sent to the SWSI server for processing.

4.2 Panels and Windows

A panel or window is a display area that is surrounded by a border. Some borders can be resized by moving the cursor to their edge and holding down the left mouse button while dragging the cursor. The edge of the window can be dragged to enlarge or reduce the current display size. Panels and windows are used interchangeably throughout this guide. An example of a window is shown in Figure 4-1.

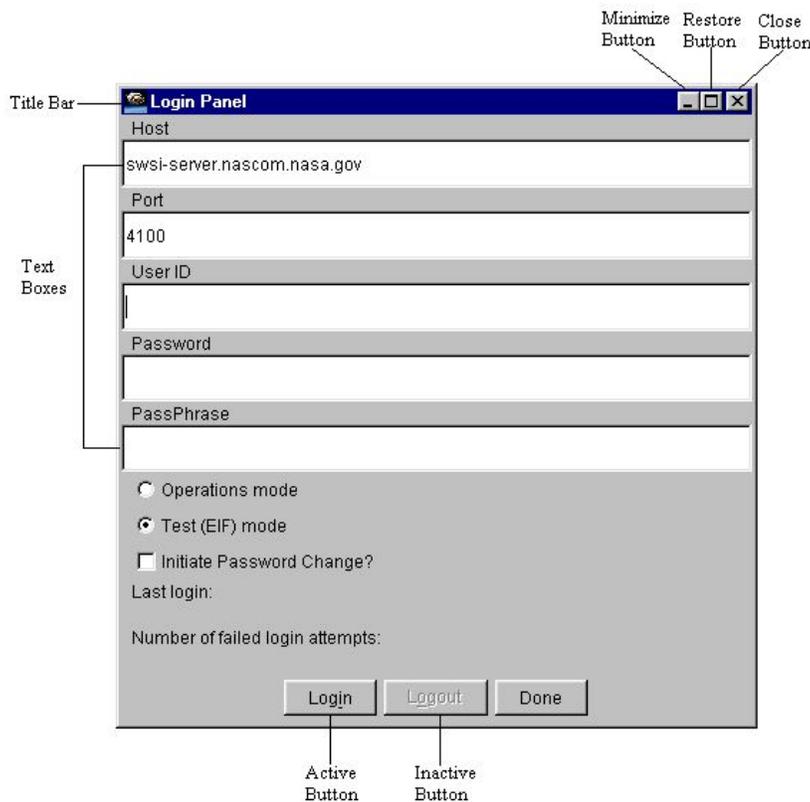


Figure 4-1. Sample Window

4.3 Mouse Movement

To perform a mouse click or clicks, move the cursor to the designated GUI component (button, menu selection, etc.) and press and release the left mouse button once. Clicking using the right mouse button will be explicitly stated as *click with the right mouse button*.

4.4 Minimize Button

- a. The Minimize button is located on the upper right hand corner of most windows. Clicking on the Minimize button reduces the window to an icon. On Windows platforms, this icon appears on the task bar. Note that not all panels or windows are iconifiable.
- b. To restore a minimized window, point to the icon of the desired window and double click the left mouse button. The window opens at the same position it occupied before being iconified.

4.5 Close Button

On Windows platforms, the Close button is located on the upper right hand corner of all windows. Clicking on the Close button normally causes the window to be removed from the user's display.

4.6 Window Title Bar

The Window Identification bar, located at the top of each window, displays the name of the window. Only one window will be active at a time. The title bar of the active window is shown in a different color than that of inactive windows. To establish an active window, move the cursor to the desired window and click the left mouse button. Characters typed on the keyboard are sent to components within the active window.

4.7 Active Buttons

Buttons with black text labels are active and perform an action if clicked upon.

4.8 Inactive Buttons

Buttons with gray text labels are desensitized and inactive. Buttons in this state will not perform any actions if clicked upon.

4.9 Radio Button

A radio button is a labeled set of choices with a small button to the left of each choice. Only one value in a radio button may be selected at a time. The currently selected value is represented by the button that looks depressed (pushed in).

4.10 Combination Box

A combination box provides a way to select one of a set of options and is similar to a radio button in operation. A combination box looks like a text box that shows the current selection

with a down arrow button on the right. When pressed, the down arrow displays a menu of text choices.

4.11 Scrollbars

A scrollbar is an object that allows you to view a large window within a smaller window called a viewport. Manipulating a scrollbar allows you to view portions of a larger window through the viewport. A scrollbar has three components: the scroll arrows, the scroll region, and the scroll box. The scroll box will change size depending on the percentage of information visible in the viewport. If all information is visible, the box will occupy the entire region (if the scrollbar remains visible). Scroll bars may be oriented vertically or horizontally. Use the scrollbar by clicking on the scroll arrows or by dragging the scroll box.

4.12 Time Component

A number of time entry objects can be found throughout the SWSI Client. You can modify each of the components by using the up or down arrows or by typing the new value. Position the mouse cursor over the value of the time component you wish to change (year, day, hour, minute, or second). Left click on that field. Click the arrow buttons to increase or decrease the highlighted field or type in the new value.

4.13 Text Box

Some windows contain one or more Text boxes. A Text box is any place within which the user can type text or numbers on the screen.

4.14 Dialog Box

Dialog boxes are usually small windows containing a textual message that provide information pertinent for the current operational context. They may solicit a response from the user and may be of type Information, Alert, Note, or Error.

4.15 Menu Bars

Windows may have a bar of pulldown menus that provide various operations for control. The window menu bar is located directly below the window title bar. Menu Bar pulldown menus are accessed by moving the cursor over the desired label and clicking on the left mouse button. To select a menu entry on the resulting pulldown menu, drag the cursor along the menu until the desired option is highlighted. Then click the left mouse button.

NOTE

“...” indicates that another submenu will be displayed. Entries without a “...” perform an action immediately.

4.16 Tabular Displays

Tabular displays show data in tables. These tables can usually be sorted by column by clicking on the column header. Columns can be reordered by dragging a column header across other headers. Entries can be selected by clicking on the desired row.

Section 5. Startup and Login

5.1 Startup

- a. To start the Client application, use one of the startup scripts provided with the Client distribution. For Unix systems, use the *runclient.csh* script. Be sure to first edit the script for your environment as described in the installation instructions. For Windows systems use the *runclient.bat* batch file or the shortcut created as described in the installation instructions. For either platform the Client may also be invoked as described in paragraph 3.4.
- b. If the Client is started successfully, the startup screen shown in Figure 5-1 is displayed. After some time while the Client initializes, the Main Control Panel and the Login Panel appear. An overview of the functions available through the Main Control Panel is provided in Section 6.

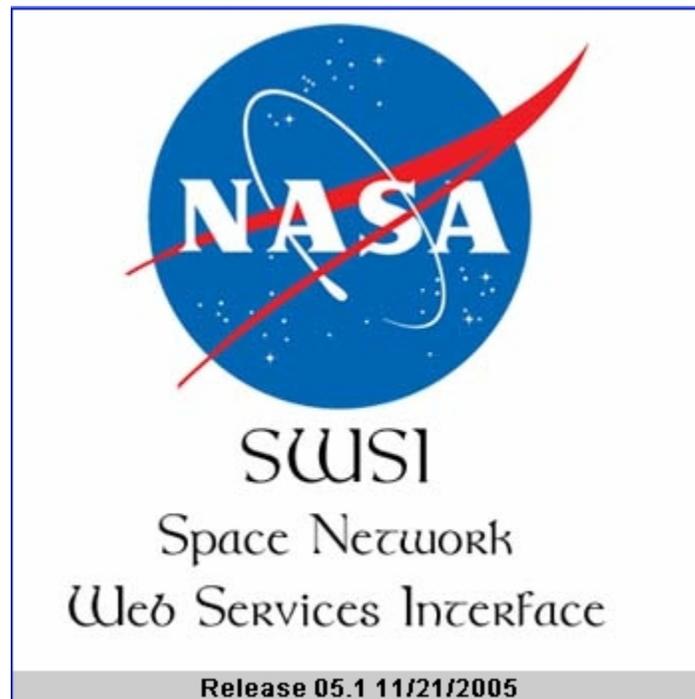


Figure 5-1. Startup Screen

5.2 Logging In

- a. The Login Panel shown in Figure 5-2 is displayed when the Client first starts up and whenever the user logs off. This panel contains entries for the following:
 1. Host. Fully qualified domain name or IP address of the server to connect to. Initially set according to the *ServerIPAddress* property.
 2. Port. Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) port number to connect to on the server. Initially set according to the *ServerPortNumber* property.
 3. User ID. User account name for logging into the server.
 4. Password – user password. Each password character appears as an asterisk as it is entered.
 5. PassPhrase. Passphrase for the security certificate validation. This is the same passphrase entered when generating a certificate as described in step 2 of paragraph 3.2, Client Workstation Setup. Each passphrase character appears as an asterisk as it is entered.



The screenshot shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "Login Panel". It contains several input fields and controls:

- Host:** A text box containing "swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov".
- Port:** A text box containing "3100".
- User ID:** An empty text box.
- Password:** An empty text box.
- PassPhrase:** An empty text box.
- Mode Selection:** Two radio buttons: "Operations mode" (unselected) and "Test (EIF) mode" (selected).
- Initiate Password Change?:** A checkbox (unchecked).
- Last login:** A label with no text below it.
- Number of failed login attempts:** A label with no text below it.
- Buttons:** "Login" and "Cancel" buttons at the bottom.

Figure 5-2. Login Panel

- b. Additionally, the panel contains options for *Operations or Test* mode. The mode selected at startup is controlled by the *EIFMode*. In operations mode, the user is connected to the operations NCCDS at WSC. In test mode, the user is connected to the Auxiliary NCC (ANCC) at WSC for performing Engineering Interface (EIF) tests or user training. Note that the SWSI server maintains separate databases for operations and test modes. The database contains User IDs and Passwords, so it is possible that an operations account may not be identical to a test account; i.e., a User ID may be valid only for operations mode, or a User ID that exists for both modes may have different passwords for each mode.
- c. An option also exists for changing password after a successful login. It is advisable to change password on a regular basis in case it should become compromised. However, the server automatically tracks how long a password has been active and will expire a password after 60 days. When that happens, the user will be forced to change password after successful login.
- d. Other information displayed in the panel are last login date and number of failed login attempts. The last login date is blank at startup and is not displayed until after the first login session has completed by logging out and again displaying the Login Panel. It then shows the date of the user's previous login.
- e. The number of failed login attempts indicates how many times a login was attempted and failed, possibly because of an improperly entered User ID or password. After three failed login attempts with the same User ID, the server disables the user's account and the user must contact the SN DBA to have it reactivated.
- f. To log in, enter User ID, Password, and PassPhrase. If the desired Host, Port, and Mode are different than what is displayed in these fields, then they may be changed at this time. To complete the login process, click on the Login button. At this time the Client attempts to connect to the server and displays the status box shown in Figure 5-3. Connection establishment also involves generation of digital keys, which may take 15-20 seconds. Key generation is only required the first time for each Client invocation, so subsequent connection attempts occur much more quickly.



Figure 5-3. Establishing Connection Status Box

- g. Once a connection is established, the Login request is sent to the server and the status box shown in Figure 5-4 is displayed.



Figure 5-4. Login Sent Status Box

- h. If the Login request is accepted, the status box shown in Figure 5-5 is displayed. The server retrieves initial setup information from the SWSI database and sends it to the Client. This setup information includes the list of SICs, SUPIDENs, and SSC codes for which the user has authorization, along with other lists, such as TDRS names and display layout information.



Figure 5-5. Login Accepted Status Box

- i. Once setup information is received, the Security Warning Banner shown in Figure 5-6 is displayed. Clicking OK closes the dialog box and allows the user to continue. Clicking *Cancel* returns back to the Login Panel.



Figure 5-6. Security Warning Dialog

- j. If the *SelectSICsAtLogin* property is set to true and the user is authorized for more than one SIC, then the SIC Selection dialog box shown in Figure 5-7 is displayed. This allows the user to select which SICs are active for this session. The NCC and DAS labels for each SIC indicates whether the SIC is authorized for using NCCDS (legacy) and/or DAS services. Any combination of SICs may be selected by CTRL-clicking the desired SICs. Shift-clicking allows selection of a range of SICs. Clicking *SELECT* instructs the Client to accept the selected list of SICs. Clicking *CANCEL* instructs the Client to use all authorized SICs for this session regardless of any selection(s).

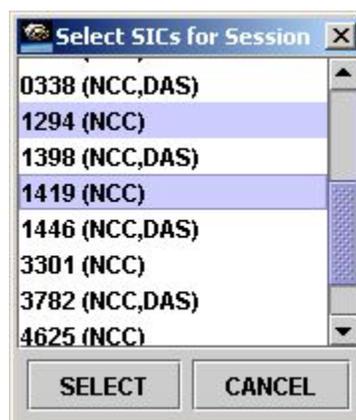


Figure 5-7. SIC Selection Dialog

- k. After successful SIC selection, the login process is complete and the Main Control Panel appears as shown in Figure 5-8. An overview of the functions available through this panel is provided in Section 6.

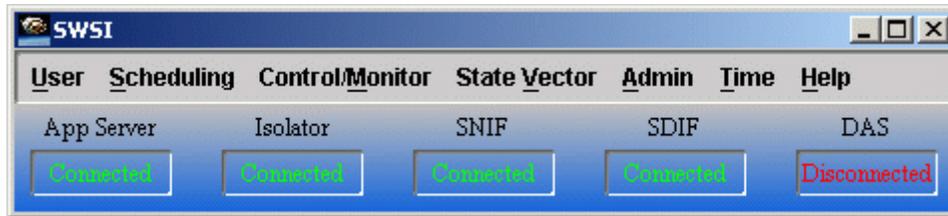


Figure 5-8. Main Control Panel

5.3 Changing Password

- a. A password change may be initiated either by the user by selecting *Initiate Password Change* in the Login Panel, or by the server when the password has reached its 60 day expiration. In either case the dialog shown in Figure 5-9 appears after the Client has established a connection with the server.

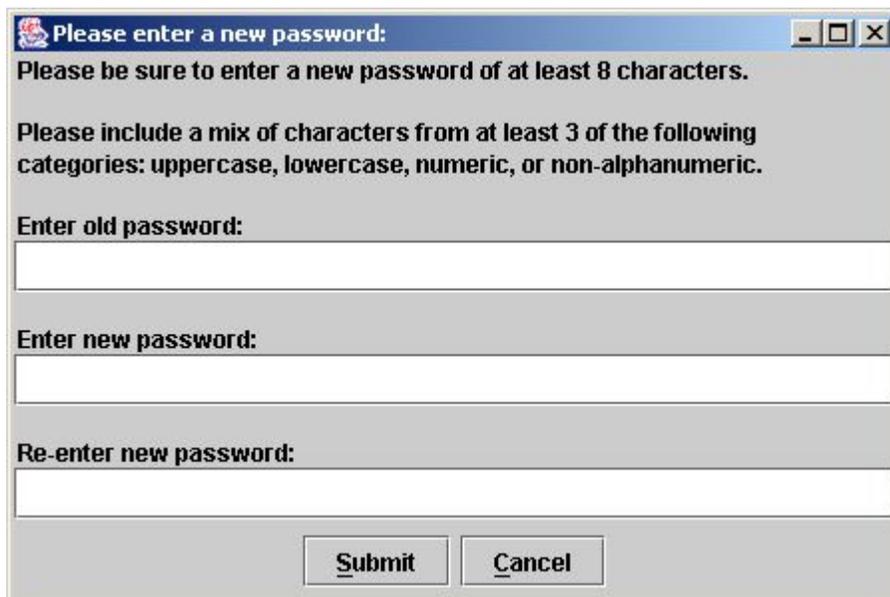


Figure 5-9. Password Change Dialog

- b. After entering the user's old password, a new password should be selected that meets the stated criteria. The password must be at least eight characters long and contain at least one character from each of three categories of characters. For example, a password with at least one uppercase, one numeric, and one non-alphanumeric (punctuation mark) character would be a valid password. After entering the new password twice for verification, the user clicks *Submit* to send the request to the server. Clicking *Cancel* causes the user's password not to be changed and for the user to login

using the old password. If the old password is expired, the user will be forced to return to the Password Change Dialog and enter a new password.

- c. After submitting the password change, the text box shown in Figure 5-10 appears. Processing of the change request by the server may take 15-20 seconds.



Figure 5-10. Password Change Submitted Status Box

- d. Once the password change has been accepted, the dialog box in Figure 5-11 appears. Clicking either *OK* or *Cancel* closes the dialog box and allows the user to continue.



Figure 5-11. Password Change Accepted Dialog

5.4 Connection Problems and Automatic Reconnection

- a. Occasionally the TCP connection between the Client and the server will be lost. This can happen due to a congested network, poor network performance, or a temporary failure of some network component. The Client has the ability to automatically reconnect to the server should the connection be lost. The following properties control reconnection behavior:
 1. `AutoReconnect`. If *true*, auto-reconnect is enabled.

2. **MaxReconnectAttempts.** If `AutoReconnect` is *true*, this property is the maximum number of reconnection attempts that will be made each time the connection is lost. If `AutoReconnect` is *false*, this property has no effect.
 3. **ReconnectDelay.** If `AutoReconnect` is *true*, this is the delay in seconds between each reconnection attempt.
- b. If the connection is lost during a session, the status box shown in Figure 5-12 is displayed. Successive attempts are then made to reconnect to the server. When successful, the login process will occur automatically, culminating in an alert indicating that reconnection was successful.
 - c. At any time during the reconnection process, the user may interrupt by selecting Log-out from the User menu on the Main Control Panel.



Figure 5-12. Auto-Reconnect Status Box

5.5 Login Problems

If a problem or error should occur during the login process, an error dialog similar to that shown in Figure 5-13 will appear. Table 5-1 lists all the error messages that can appear along with a description and solution.



Figure 5-13. Sample Login Error Dialog

Table 5-1. Login Error Messages

Error Message	Explanation
An invalid passphrase was entered.	The passphrase entered doesn't match the passphrase chosen when the digital certificate was generated.
No connection could be made to host swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov at port #4100.	The Client was unable to connect to the server. The host and/or port name were entered incorrectly, the server is unavailable, a network problem is preventing communication with the server, or the client workstation's IP address is blocked from accessing the SWSI server.
The re-entered password did not match the first entry.	For a password change, the two new password entries did not match.
Failure changing password. The old password entered was invalid.	For a password change, the old password entry doesn't match what the server expects.
Failure changing password. Password validation failed: Invalid length password: 3	For a password change, the new password must be a minimum of eight characters.
Failure changing password. Password validation failed: Didn't meet password requirements. Minimum requirements are: 3 contains lower case character: false contains upper case character: false contains numeric character: true contains special character: false	For a password change, the new password must have at least one character from each of three categories. In this case only one category, numeric characters, is represented.
Login failed for <userid>. Please make sure the account for <userid> has been activated, and that this user ID and the password entered are correct. Also make sure that another user is not logged in with the same ID from the same IP address.	The server rejected the login attempt for one of the following reasons: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The user ID does not exist on the server. 2. The password was entered incorrectly. 3. The account has been deactivated because of too many failed login attempts. 4. There is already another user with the same User ID logged in from the same IP address. Only one login session is allowed per User ID per IP address. 5. A previous session was interrupted by a lost connection that the server has not yet detected. The server may take up to two minutes to detect the loss, during which time the user will be unable to log in because of the single User ID per IP address rule. <p>If still unable to login after correcting all of these problems, or if you suspect your account is not properly activated, contact the SN DBA or Operations Supervisor.</p>
No reconnection could be made to host swsi-server.nascom.nasa.gov at port #4100. The server may be down. Please try again later using manual login.	Automatic reconnection failed.
Certificate Expiration Warning Your digital certificate will expire in 26 days. Please visit the SWSI web page to generate a new certificate.	A new digital certificate needs to be generated. See paragraph 3.2 for instructions.
Account Expiration Warning Your account will expire in 14 days. Please contact the SWSI System Administrator or DBA to renew your account.	User account is about to expire and must be renewed by the SN DBA.

Section 6. Main Control Panel

6.1 Server Process Status

- a. When the Client is first started, the Main Control Panel appears as shown in Figure 6-1.

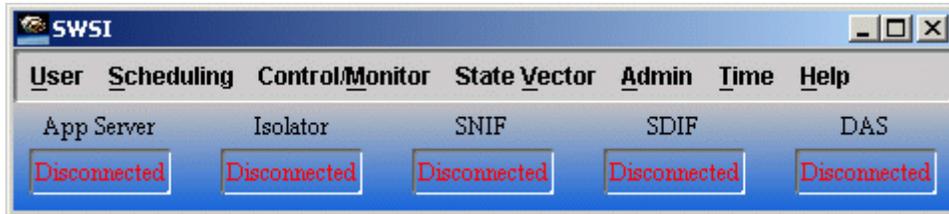


Figure 6-1. Main Control Panel at Startup

- b. The body of the panel contains status/connection indicators for the Application Server, Isolator, SWSI-NCCDS Interface (SNIF) and SWSI-Demand Access System (DAS) Interface (SDIF) server processes, and for the connection to DAS. These processes are described in more detail in paragraph 2.1. The status of all processes is shown as red *Disconnected* until the user performs a successful login, as which time the panel appears similarly to what is shown in Figure 6-2.

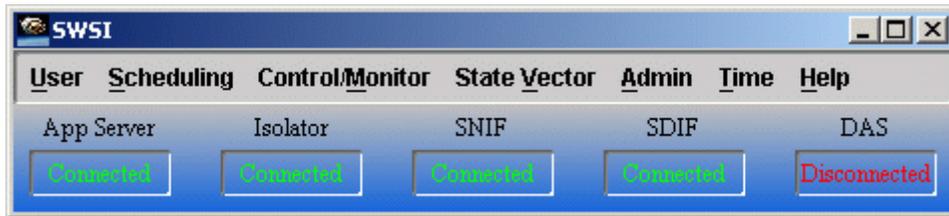


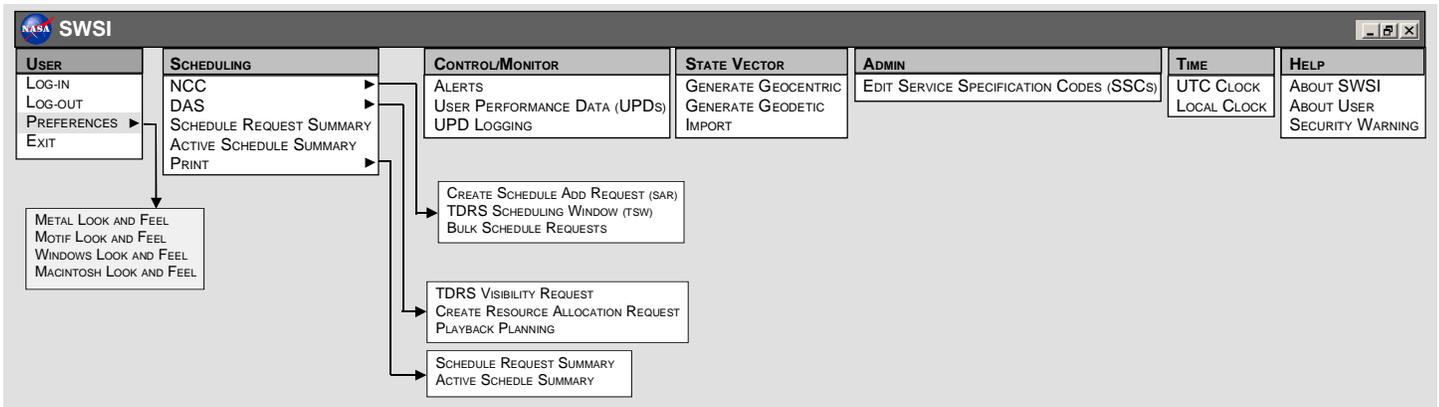
Figure 6-2. Main Control Panel after Login

- c. Although the status provided is more useful to a SWSI server operator than to a Client user, it does provide the user some information that can help in assessing overall system status and to coordinate problem resolution with SN operations. In general, this is what green *Connected* status indicates for each process:
1. Application Server. The user is successfully connected and logged in.
 2. Isolator. The server will accept and process user requests, such as reloading summary panels and submitting schedule requests.
 3. SNIF. Messages can be exchanged with the NCCDS.

4. SDIF. Messages can be exchanged with the SDIF.
 5. DAS. Messages can be exchanged with the DAS.
- d. If the SWSI server is operating normally, then all the processes should be indicated as green *Connected*.

6.2 Menu Options

Figure 6-3 shows the menu options provided by the Main Control Panel. Most options are disabled until the user has logged in. “NCC” and “DAS” specific submenus under the Scheduling menu are only enabled if the user is authorized for SICs configured for NCCDS and/or DAS related services. The Admin menu is only enabled for users with Mission Manager privilege.



a4301001.dsf

Figure 6-3. Main Control Panel Menu Options

6.3 User Menu

6.3.1 General

The User Menu contains options for logging in and out of SWSI server, for setting display preference, and for exiting the Client. See Figure 6-4.

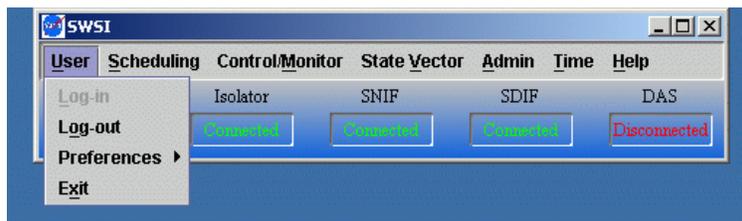


Figure 6-4. User Menu

6.3.2 Log-in Menu Option

The Log-in menu option is available only if the user is not already logged in. Selection of this option causes the Login Panel to be displayed. The login process is described in Section 5.

6.3.3 Log-out Menu Option

The Log-out menu option is available only if the user is logged in. Selecting *Log-out* causes the user to be logged out of and disconnected from the server. After the connection has been terminated and the user logged out, the status of all server processes changes from green *Connected* to red *Disconnected* and the Login Panel appears.

6.3.4 Preferences Menu Option

- a. a. The Preferences menu option is a submenu that allows selection of the Java Look and Feel (LAF). See Figure 6-5.

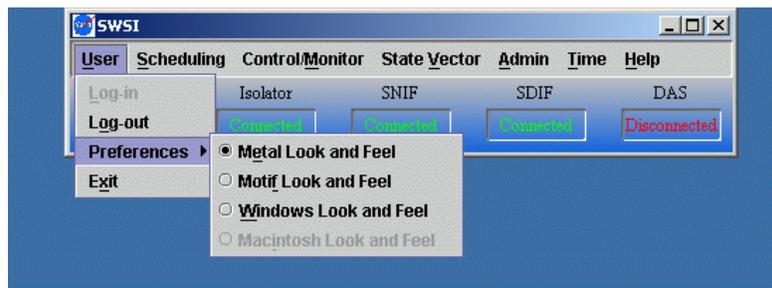


Figure 6-5. User Preferences Menu

- b. The following options are available:
 1. Metal Look and Feel.
 2. Motif Look and Feel.
 3. Windows Look and Feel.
 4. Macintosh Look and Feel.
- c. The latter two options are proprietary and only available on the corresponding platform.

6.3.5 Exit Menu Option

The Exit menu option is used to exit from the Client application. Upon termination, the user is logged out from the server and the connection is closed.

6.4 Scheduling Menu

6.4.1 General

The Scheduling Menu provides options for requesting TDRS service and for reviewing and printing the status of those requests. These options are described in more detail in Section 8. See Figure 6-6.

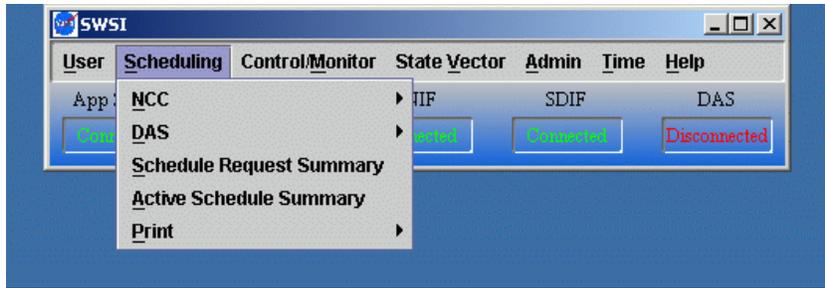


Figure 6-6. Scheduling Menu

6.4.2 NCC Scheduling Submenu

The NCC Scheduling Submenu allows the user to access NCCDS-specific scheduling options. The following options are available, See Figure 6-7:

- a. Create Schedule Add Request (SAR).
- b. TDRS Scheduling Window (TSW).
- c. Bulk Schedule Requests.

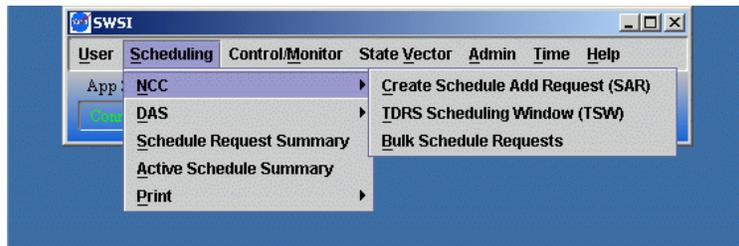


Figure 6-7. NCC Scheduling Submenu

6.4.3 DAS Scheduling Submenu

The DAS Scheduling Submenu allows the user to access DAS-specific scheduling options. The following options are available, see Figure 6-8:

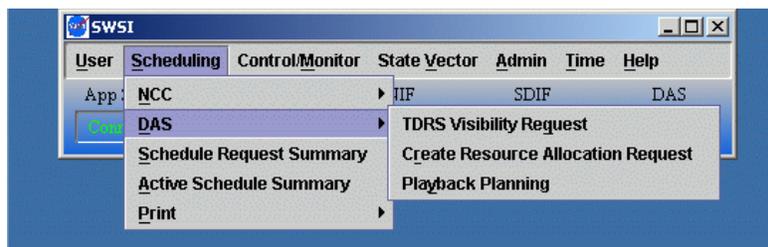


Figure 6-8. DAS Scheduling Submenu

- a. TDRS Visibility Request.
- a. Create Resource Allocation Request (RAR).
- b. Playback Planning.

6.4.4 Schedule Request Summary Menu Option

The Schedule Request Summary menu option causes the Schedule Request Summary Panel to be displayed. This panel displays a tabular summary of schedule requests previously submitted to NCCDS or DAS for all SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session.

6.4.5 Active Schedule Summary Menu Option

The Active Schedule Summary menu option causes the Active Schedule Summary Panel to be displayed. This panel displays a tabular summary of all schedule requests that have been granted and added to the NCCDS or DAS active schedule for all SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session.

6.4.6 Print Submenu

The Print Submenu contains options for printing Schedule Request Summary and Active Schedule Summary information, see Figure 6-9.

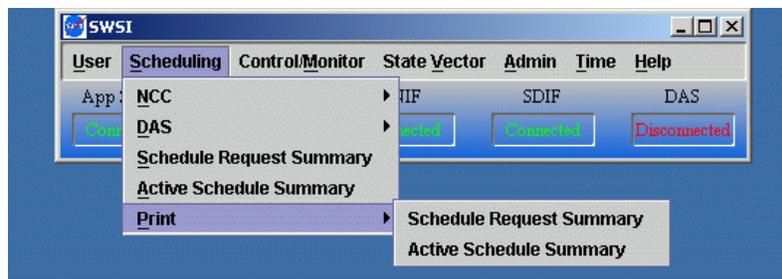


Figure 6-9. Scheduling Print Submenu

6.5 Control/Monitor Menu

6.5.1 General

The Control/Monitor Menu provides options for viewing alerts and real-time performance data, and for controlling or reconfiguring ongoing services. See Figure 6-10.

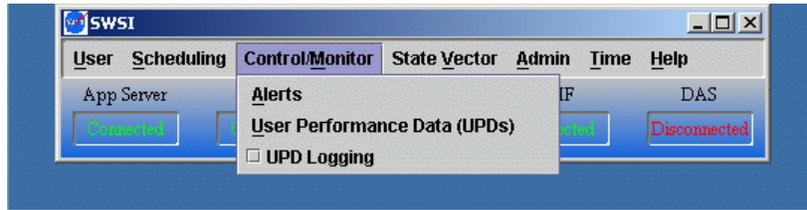


Figure 6-10. Control/Monitor Menu

6.5.2 Alerts Menu Option

The Alerts menu option is used to display the Alert Messages panel, allowing the user to monitor real-time alerts. This panel is described in more detail in Section 7.

6.5.3 User Performance Data Menu Option

The User Performance Data (UPD) menu option is used to display real-time performance data for ongoing services. Options within the UPD Summary Panel are used to control or reconfigure ongoing services through the use of Ground Control Message Requests (GCMRs) for NCCDS services and reconfiguration requests for DAS services. UPD monitoring and reconfiguration capabilities are described in more detail in Sections 9 and 10.

6.5.4 UPD Logging Menu Option

The UPD Logging menu option controls whether or not UPD data is logged to a file on the client workstation. If UPD Logging is checked, then logging is enabled. UPD logging is described in more detail in paragraph 9.4.

6.6 State Vector Menu

6.6.1 General

The State Vector Menu provides options for importing, generating, and transmitting Improved Interrange Vectors (IIRVs) to NCCDS and/or DAS. See Figure 6-11. These options are described in more detail in Section 11.

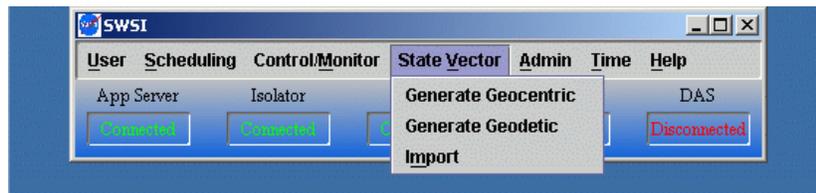


Figure 6-11. State Vector Menu

6.6.2 Generate Geocentric Menu Option

The Generate Geocentric menu option allows the user to create and transmit a state vector entered in Geocentric Coordinates (XYZ position and velocity).

6.6.3 Generate Geodetic Menu Option

The Generate Geodetic menu option allows the user to create and transmit a state vector entered in Geodetic Coordinates (latitude, longitude, and altitude).

6.6.4 Import Menu Option

The Import menu option allows the user to select a user-generated file containing an Improved Interrange Vector (IIRV) for transmission to NCCDS and/or DAS. A standard file chooser is displayed, allowing the user to browse directories on the client workstation and select the state vector file to be transmitted.

6.7 Admin Menu

6.7.1 General

The Admin Menu provides privileged user access to mission administration options. See Figure 6-12.



Figure 6-12. Admin Menu

6.7.2 Edit Service Specification Codes (SSCs) Menu Option

The Edit Service Specification Codes (SSCs) menu option allows the user to edit the default parameter settings for NCCDS and DAS SSC codes. Users must be authorized with mission administration privileges for this menu option to be enabled. SSC administration is described in more detail in Section 12.

6.8 Time Menu

The Time Menu provides clock displays for displaying the current date and time. See Figure 6-13. A sample time display is shown in Figure 6-14. Year and Julian days are used for the date display and 24-hour time is used for the time display. Separate clocks are provided for Universal Time (UT) and Local Time. Both clocks are dependent on the local time and location settings of the client workstation, for which the user is responsible.



Figure 6-13. Time Menu



Figure 6-14. UTC Clock Display

6.9 Help Menu

6.9.1 General

The Help Menu provides the About SWSI options. See Figure 6-15.

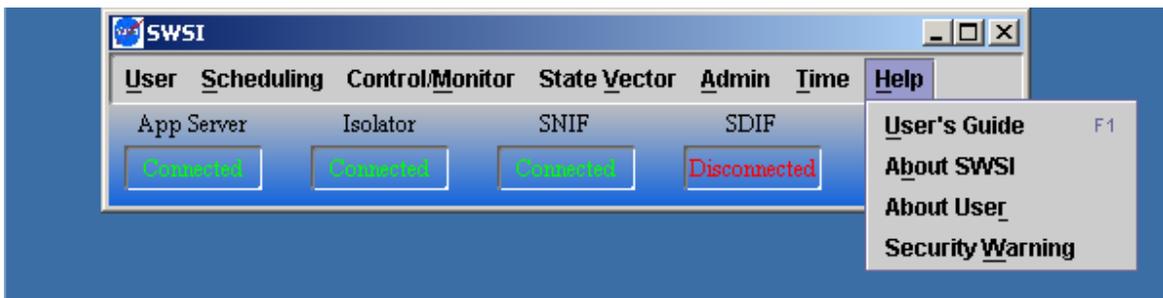


Figure 6-15. Help Menu

6.9.2 About SWSI Menu Option

The About SWSI menu option is used to determine the version of the SWSI Client software currently running on the client workstation. An example of the About SWSI dialog box is shown in Figure 6-16. Clicking OK closes the About SWSI dialog box.



Figure 6-16. About SWSI Informational Dialog

6.9.3 About User Menu Option

The About User menu option provides information about the user's current login session, including User ID, SWSI Server name, mode, and SIC selections. An example of the About User dialog box is shown in Figure 6-17. Clicking OK closes the About User dialog box.

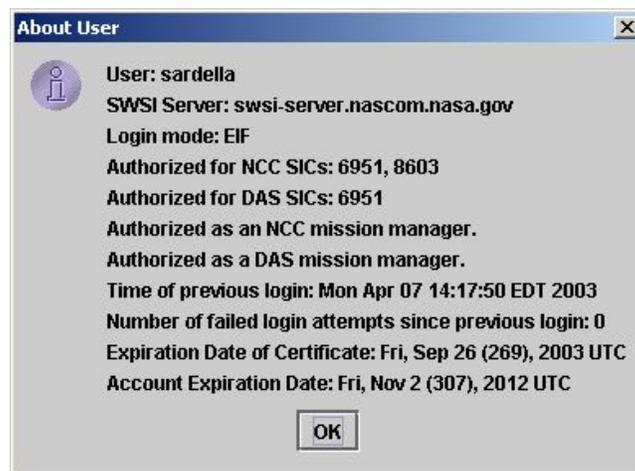


Figure 6-17. About User Informational Dialog

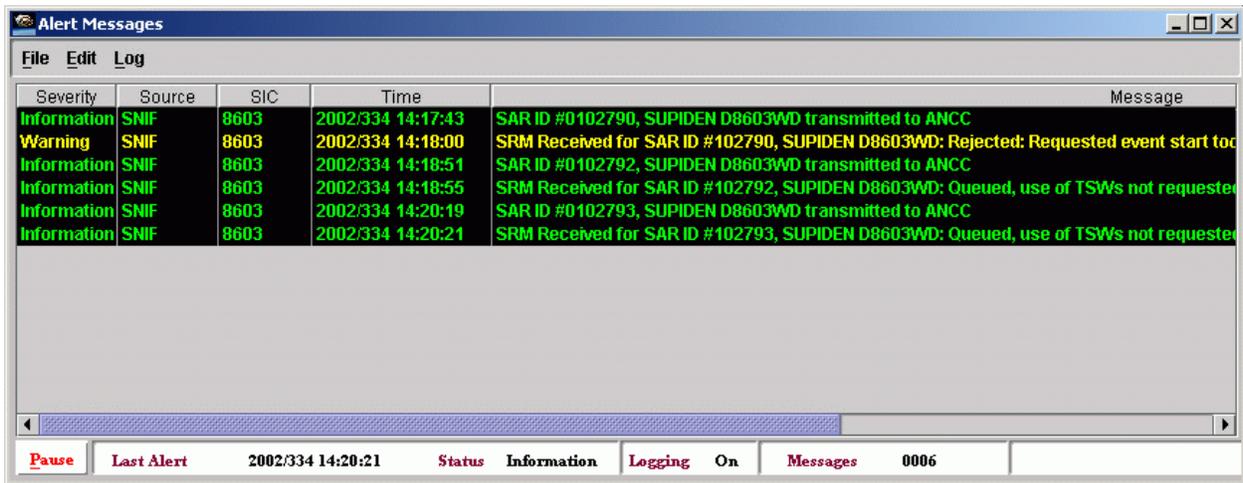
6.9.4 Security Warning Menu Option

The Security Warning menu option displays the Security Warning Banner shown in Figure 5-6. Clicking OK closes the dialog box and allows the user to continue. There is no Cancel button when the Security Warning is displayed from the Help menu.

Section 7. Alerts

7.1 Alert Message Panel Overview

- a. The Alert Message Panel is displayed automatically when the first alert is received or generated by the Client application. This panel may also be displayed manually by selecting the Alerts menu option in the Control/Monitor menu on the Main Control Panel. Figure 7-1 shows a sample Alert Message Panel.



Severity	Source	SIC	Time	Message
Information	SNIF	8603	2002/334 14:17:43	SAR ID #0102790, SUPIDEN D8603WD transmitted to ANCC
Warning	SNIF	8603	2002/334 14:18:00	SRM Received for SAR ID #102790, SUPIDEN D8603WD: Rejected: Requested event start too
Information	SNIF	8603	2002/334 14:18:51	SAR ID #0102792, SUPIDEN D8603WD transmitted to ANCC
Information	SNIF	8603	2002/334 14:18:55	SRM Received for SAR ID #102792, SUPIDEN D8603WD: Queued, use of TSWs not requested
Information	SNIF	8603	2002/334 14:20:19	SAR ID #0102793, SUPIDEN D8603WD transmitted to ANCC
Information	SNIF	8603	2002/334 14:20:21	SRM Received for SAR ID #102793, SUPIDEN D8603WD: Queued, use of TSWs not requested

Pause Last Alert 2002/334 14:20:21 Status Information Logging On Messages 0006

Figure 7-1. Alert Message Panel

- b. Each entry consists of the following items:
 1. Severity. Color-coded indication of alert severity. The following severity levels are defined:
 - (a) Information (green). Indicates successful processing with additional information.
 - (b) Warning (yellow). Indicates successful processing by SWSI, but with warning information, such as a request rejected by NCCDS or a communication problem.
 - (c) Critical (red). A SWSI software, system, or database problem has occurred. The problem requires resolution by a SWSI operator, system administrator, DBA, or developer.
 2. Source. Subsystem generating the alert (Client, ISO, SNIF, SDIF, or DAS). Alerts that are generated by a server subsystem (ISO, SNIF, SDIF, or DAS) appear on all connected Clients authorized for the associated SIC, regardless of which user performed the action resulting in the alert. 2.

3. SIC. Support Identification Code that the alert pertains to. Alerts are displayed only for SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session. A SIC of “0000” is used to broadcast alerts to all connected users.3.
 4. Time. Time that alert was generated by the source subsystem.4.
 5. Message. Alert message text.
- c. Alerts can be sorted by any column by clicking on the column header. New alerts are added to the bottom of the sorted alerts. All columns can be resized by clicking and dragging the boundary between column headers. Columns can be re-ordered by clicking and dragging columns side-to-side. Rows can be selected for deletion or printing by clicking and dragging over the desired rows. Any combination of rows may also be selected by CTRL-clicking the desired rows. Shift-clicking allows selection of a range of rows.
 - d. The message text will often exceed the length of the panel. The panel can be scrolled horizontally to view the total message and/or the panel can be resized to make more of the messages visible.
 - e. A complete listing of alert messages is provided in Appendix A.

7.2 Status Bar

The Status Bar is located at the bottom of the Alert Message Panel and consists of the following items:

- a. Pause/Scroll button. Alternates between pausing and automatically scrolling of the messages. In *Scroll* mode, alerts are added to the panel as they are received, with the panel automatically scrolling to the latest alerts. *Pause* mode allows the user to stop automatic scrolling to view particular alerts without having them scroll off the panel.
- b. Last Alert. Time that most recent alert was received.
- c. Status. Severity of most recent alert.
- d. Logging. Indicates whether logging is currently turned on.
- e. Messages. Total number of alert messages received for this session.

7.3 Properties and Alert Message Logging

- a. The following properties are used to control the Alert Message Panel and alert message logging behavior:
 1. BringToFront. Option to bring the Alert Panel to the front (on top of any open panels or windows) when an alert message is received. Note that if the *Set Warnings* option in the Alert Panel is set and a critical message is received, the pop-up message will bring the Alert Panel to the front even if the *BringToFront* parameter is *false*.
 2. DisplayWarnings. Defines whether to display a dialog box whenever a critical (red) alert is received. If *true*, display a dialog box.

3. WriteToLog. Indicates whether alerts should be logged. Alerts are logged to a file if this is set to *true*.
 4. LogDir. Directory where the current (active) log file is created. This directory must exist prior to running the Client application.
 5. ArchiveDir. Directory to which archived (old) log files are moved. This directory must exist prior to running the Client application.
 6. MaxAlertsToDisplay. Buffer size for the Alert Panel. This indicates how many messages are kept on the scrollable panel. When the number of messages exceeds this amount, the earliest messages are removed.
 7. MaxLogFileSize. Maximum output log file size in bytes. When the log file reaches this size and *SwitchLogFileAtMax* is set to true, the current log file is closed and a new log file is started.
 8. SwitchLogFileAtMax. Indicates whether a new log file should be started if the current log file's size reaches the *MaxLogFileSize*.
- b. Log files are automatically created with names of <UserID>_####.log where <UserID> is the UserID the Client is logged in under and "####" is an automatically generated four digit sequence number. When the Client application is first started, the *LogDir* is searched for any existing log files. If any are found, the file with the largest sequence number is checked to see if it exceeds the *MaxLogFileSize*. If not, a new header and alerts are written to the file until it is full. Once the file is full (*MaxLogFileSize* reached) and if *SwitchLogFileAtMax* is *true*, the log file is closed and moved to the *ArchiveDir*. The sequence number is then incremented and a new log file is started.

7.4 Alert Message Log File Format

- a. The alert message log file is a text file which consists of header lines and log entries. Three header lines are written each time the Client logs onto the server or whenever a new log file is started. These lines consist of the following:

```
*** New SWSI session starting at: YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS UTC
SIC TIME          SEVERITY   SOURCE    MESSAGE TEXT
-----
```

- b. Log entries have the following format:


```
<SIC> <alert_time>    <severity> <source> <message_text>
```
- c. The value for each field is the same as described in paragraph 7.1.

7.5 File Menu

7.5.1 General

The File Menu contains options for printing and exiting the Alert Message Panel.

7.5.2 Page Setup Menu Option

The Page Setup menu option is used to specify printing options prior to printing alert messages. A sample Page Setup dialog is shown in Figure 7-2. Specify print options on this dialog and click *OK* to accept print option changes. Clicking *Cancel* resets all print options to previously selected values.

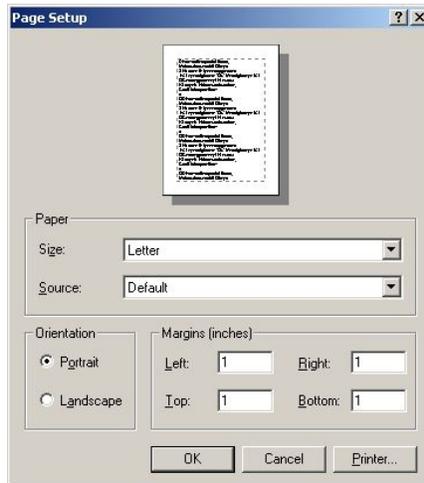


Figure 7-2. Page Setup Dialog

7.5.3 Print Menu Option

The Print menu option is used to print alert messages. Selecting Print causes the selected messages to be printed. If no messages are selected, then all the messages in the Alert Messages Panel are printed. Any combination of alerts may also be selected for printing by CTRL-clicking the desired rows. Shift-clicking allows selection of a range of alerts.

7.5.4 Exit Menu Option

The Exit menu option is used to close the Alert Message Panel. Alerts will still be received and logged. If critical alerts are received and the *Set Warnings* option is on, popup warning messages will still be generated. If the *BringToFront* is set to true, the Alert Message Panel will automatically reappear for any alert that is received regardless of severity.

7.6 Edit Menu

7.6.1 General

The Edit Menu contains options for deleting messages, selecting or unselecting messages, and setting the warning level.

7.6.2 Delete Menu Option

The Delete menu option is used to remove alert messages from the Alert Message Panel. Select the alert message by clicking on the desired alert, and then select the Delete menu option. The Select All may be used to select all alert messages for deletion. Any combination of alerts may

also be selected for deletion by CTRL-clicking the desired rows. Shift-clicking allows selection of a range of alerts.

7.6.3 Select All Menu Option

The Select All menu option is used to highlight all messages in the Alert Message Panel. Selecting Print or Delete while all messages are selected causes that action to be performed on all messages in the panel.

7.6.4 Unselect All Menu Option

The Unselect All menu option is used to remove highlighting from all messages in the Alert Message Panel.

7.6.5 Set Warnings Menu Option

The Set Warnings menu option is used to enable or disable the display of a critical warning dialog box every time a critical alert message is received. If a check mark appears before the Set Warnings option, then the option is enabled. This option is initially set according to the *DisplayWarnings* property value. A sample of a critical alert dialog is shown in Figure 7-3.



Figure 7-3. Critical Alert Dialog

7.7 Log Menu

7.7.1 General

The Log Menu contains options related to logging alert messages to a file.

7.7.2 Write Menu Option

The Write menu option is used to enable or disable the writing of alert messages to a log file. This option is preset by the *WriteToLog* property. If a check mark appears before the Write option, then the option is enabled. The *Logging* field in the status bar also provides an indication of whether or not logging is enabled.

Section 8. Scheduling

8.1 Introduction

This section contains a detailed description of how to use the SWSI Client application to schedule individual SN services, and bulk scheduling of SN services pertaining to Schedule Add Requests, Schedule Delete Requests, and Schedule Replace Requests. The Bulk Scheduling information follows the individual scheduling information starting at paragraph 8.11. It is not meant to be a comprehensive guide on how to schedule the SN or how to interface with the NCCDS or DAS. For more detailed information, refer to the *SN Users' Guide (SNUG)*, the *NCCDS Operations Concept Document*, the *NCCDS System Requirements Document*, the 452-ICD-SN/CSM, and the DAS/SWSI ICD.

8.2 Creating an NCCDS Schedule Add Request for Individual Requests

8.2.1 General

The Create SAR Panel allows the user to submit a Schedule Add Request to the NCCDS. The panel is shown in Figure 8-1. A similar panel is used for generating Alternate SARs (ASAR) and Replace Requests (RR). A View SAR panel with the same layout is used for viewing previously submitted schedule requests. A new SAR may be created by selecting the Create SAR option in the Scheduling menu.

8.2.2 Main SAR Panel

- a. The Create or View SAR Panel consists of the following event-level items:
 1. Message Class. SAR, ASAR, or RR.
 2. Request ID. Only appears when viewing previously submitted requests that have been assigned a Request ID. The server assigns the Request ID after the SAR, ASAR, or RR has been submitted.
 3. ReferencedRequestID. Only appears for ASARs or RRs. Refers to the Request ID of the original SAR or ASAR for which an ASAR or RR is being created.
 4. Explanation – only appears when viewing previously submitted requests either for which a Schedule Result Message (SRM) has been received from NCCDS, or which have failed internal validation prior to transmission to NCCDS. Contains the result and explanation codes for the last SRM received, along with a text explanation. The explanation is the same as described in Table 7-5, *Valid SRM Result and Explanation Code Combinations* in the 452-ICD-SN/CSM. For messages failing SWSI validation, no SRM is received. SWSI internal validation codes are shown in Table 8-1. In almost all cases, these validation errors should not occur and are an indication of a SWSI software error. The WSC OS should be notified in these cases, or a Comprehensive Discrepancy System (CDS)

Discrepancy Report (DR) written. The one exception is the 99/02, which indicates that the SWSI database has not been properly configured. In this case the SN DBA should be notified.

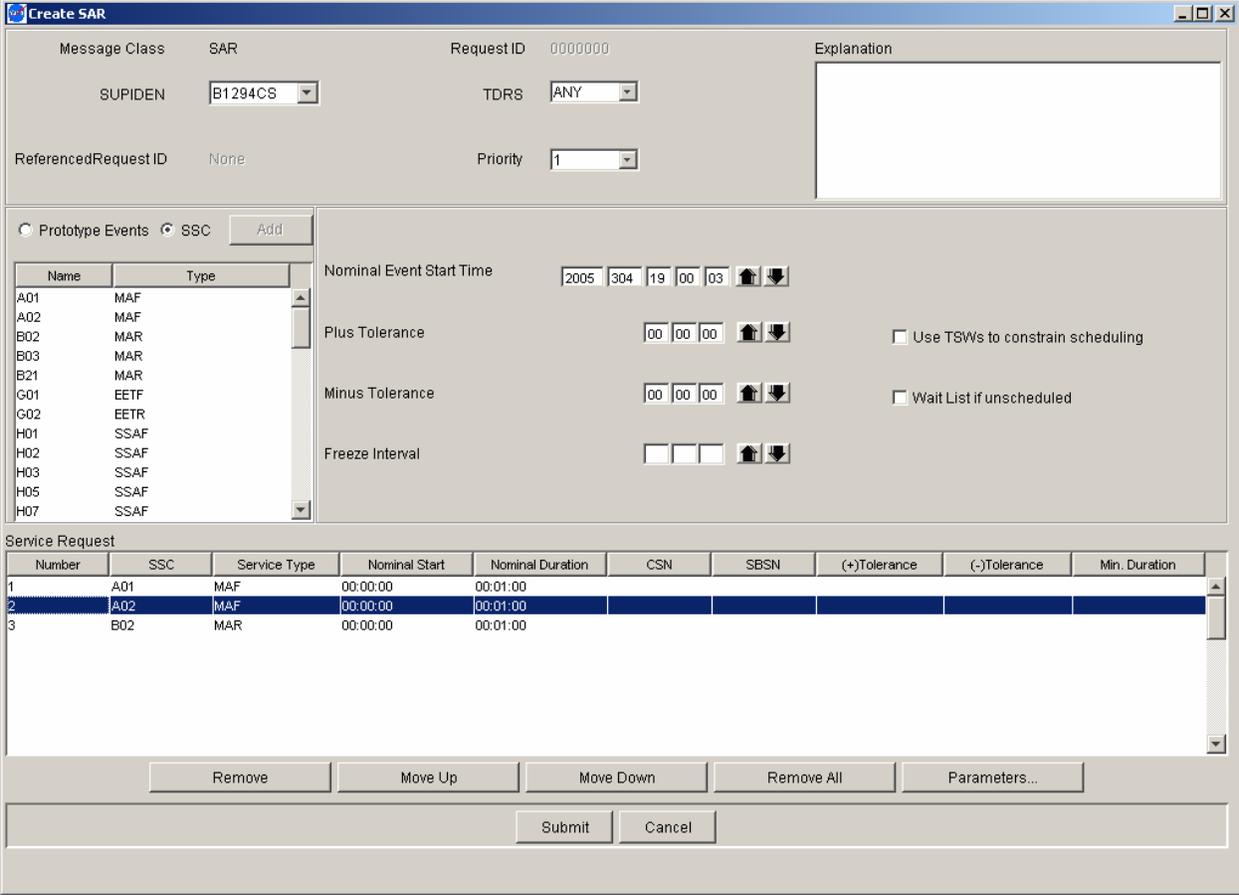


Figure 8-1. Create SAR Panel

Table 8-1. SWSI Internal Result/Explanation Codes

Result Code	Explanation Code	Result and Explanation
99	01	SIC mismatch between request and Isolator message
99	02	Unable to find Schedule Connection entry for SIC
99	03	Unknown request type
99	04	Invalid or missing SIC
99	05	Invalid or missing SUPIDEN
99	06	Mismatch between SIC and SUPIDEN
99	07	Reference Request ID submitted for SAR
99	08	Missing Reference Request ID
99	09	Invalid Request Type code
99	10	Invalid or missing TDRS
99	11	Invalid priority
99	12	Invalid waitlist flag value for SAR or RR
99	13	Invalid use TSW flag value
99	14	Invalid or missing Event Start Time
99	15	Invalid or missing Event Start Time Plus Tolerance
99	16	Invalid or missing Event Start Time Minus Tolerance
99	17	Invalid or missing Event Freeze Interval
99	18	Invalid Prototype Event ID
99	19	No services or Prototype Event specified
99	20	Service out of order
99	21	Invalid or missing SSC Code
99	22	Missing Service Type
99	23	Invalid or missing Service Start Time
99	24	Invalid or missing Service Duration
99	25	Invalid value for CPR parameter
99	26	Invalid parameter value
99	27	Too many services
99	28	Customer Priority submitted for SDR or WLR
99	29	Wait List flag submitted for SDR or WLR
99	30	Use TSW value submitted for SDR or WLR
99	31	Unable to locate referenced request
99	32	Invalid or missing Wait List Expiration Time in referenced request
99	33	No TSW Set ID re-specified for SAR, ASAR, or RR using TSWs

5. SUPIDEN. Support Identifier
 6. TDRS. TDRS name. For flexible scheduling this may be a TDRS set name consisting a group of actual TDRSs. NCCDS determines which actual TDRS is scheduled for the event.
 7. Priority. Indicates relative priority for this event. “1” is the highest priority, “9” is the lowest.
 8. Nominal Event Start Time. Requested event start time.
 9. Plus Tolerance. Amount of time after the Nominal Event Start Time that the event may actually be scheduled.
 10. Minus Tolerance. Amount of time before the Nominal Event Start Time that the event may actually be scheduled.
 11. Freeze Interval. Amount of time before event start time that the NCCDS will freeze requested start times and durations. This applies only to SARs that specify flexible start times and durations.
 12. Use TSWs to constrain scheduling. Constrain scheduling according to a customer-supplied TDRS Scheduling Window (TSW), which specifies time intervals when the customer spacecraft is able to communicate with a TDRS.
 13. Wait List if unscheduled. If SAR is submitted during Active Period, this flag requests that the SAR be placed on a wait list in case it cannot otherwise be scheduled. 13.
- b. To specify service-level details when creating a SAR, the user must first select a SUPIDEN, then select whether a Prototype Event or individual services (SSCs) will be specified. Selecting Prototype Events clears the Service Request list and causes the list of available Prototype Event codes for that SUPIDEN to be displayed. A single Prototype Event may then be selected and added to the request. The Prototype Event code selected is displayed in the Service Request list, but not the services that make up the Prototype Event. Since SWSI does not provide this information, the user must know what services are included in the Prototype Event.
- c. Selecting SSC causes the list of available SSCs for that SUPIDEN to be displayed. SSCs may then be selected and added to the request. As each SSC is added, a row is added to the window for the corresponding SSC. The operator can then do online editing for the SSC. The Nominal Duration and Nominal Start are required standard parameters that specify the duration and relative start time for the service. The five remaining parameters are optional service-level flexibility parameters that are described in detail in Table 7-3 and in Appendix D of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM. Services that are part of the request are listed in a tabular Service Request area. This table shows the services and their flexibility parameters. A service may be removed from a request by selecting the service and clicking the *Remove* button. All services may be removed by clicking the *Remove All* button. Services must be listed in the order specified in paragraph 7.2.1.5 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM. SWSI allows the services to be placed in any order, but NCCDS may reject the request if the ordering specified in the ICD is not

followed. Services may be reordered by selecting a service and clicking the *Move Up* or *Move Down* buttons. For a normal event, the ordering is as follows:

1. All forward service SSCs.
 2. All return service SSCs.
 3. All tracking service SSCs.
- d. For a simulation event, the ordering is as follows:
1. Forward service no. 1 SSC.
 2. Simulation service End-to-End Forward (EETF) SSC for forward service no. 1.
 3. Forward service no. 2 SSC.
 4. Simulation service SSC for forward service no. 2.
 5. Forward service no. n SSC.
 6. Simulation service SSC for forward service no. n.
 7. Return service no. 1 SSC.
 8. Simulation service End-to-End Return (EETR) SSC for return service no. 1.
 9. Return service no. 2 SSC.
 10. Simulation service (EETR) SSC for return service no. 2.
 11. Return service no. n SSC.
 12. Simulation service (EETR) SSC for return service no. n.
 13. All tracking service SSCs.

8.2.3 Service Parameters

- a. The initial values of the parameters of a service may be viewed and edited by selecting the service and clicking the *Parameters* button. This causes a window similar to that shown in Figure 8-2 to be displayed. The list of parameters shown is dependent on the type of service. The window consists of a header that identifies the service and a split pane, with Fixed (non-editable) Parameters in the top half, Respecifiable (editable) Parameters in the bottom half, and a splitter bar separating the two. The splitter bar can be moved to display more or less of the Fixed Parameters or Respecifiable Parameters.
- b. When the window first appears, the header contains a notice in red saying, "Default values requested". The Client then requests the default initial SSC values from the server. Once the values are received, the window is updated and the header is changed to say, "Defaults received" in green (as shown in Figure 8-2). If the parameters have been previously edited for this service request, then the header is instead changed to say, "Existing values shown" in yellow. The user may then edit the initial values and make the parameter value changes that apply to this service request. The non-editable original SSC default or current values are shown in the left column for reference. Changes are made by editing the values in the right column. By holding the cursor over

an editable numeric text box, the user can display the valid range of values for that parameter. This is shown as a popup tooltip.

Figure 8-2. Service Parameter Values

- c. After making the desired changes, click the *Save* button to save the changes or click the *Cancel* button to discard the changes. The *Clear* button will reset all the parameter values to their SSC default values, allowing the user to start over. This is true even when cloning or replacing a SAR, which means that all the cloned values may be lost. Clicking *Save* causes all the changes to be validated and saved for the selected service. Validation includes format checks (i.e., making sure that the input can be parsed as numbers) and limit checks. Failed validation causes a popup message to be displayed identifying the parameter that failed and why. If the limit checks failed, the limits will be displayed as well. The user is then requested to correct the input before it can be saved. Saving the parameter values does not submit the request. The user can proceed to edit the parameters of other services or, if finished, to submit the request using the *Submit* button on the main SAR Panel.

8.2.4 Submitting a Schedule Request

- a. Once the user has finished entering all the information for a schedule request, the request is submitted by clicking on the *Submit* button. This causes the request to be sent to the server, where a unique Request ID is assigned and the message is formatted for transmission to the NCCDS. Alerts are generated by the server for each step in the message exchange that results in the request either being rejected, or granted and placed on the active schedule. The Alert Message Panel may be used to monitor the progress of this exchange.

- b. Following is a typical sequence of events for a successfully scheduled active period request:
1. The schedule request is transmitted to the NCCDS.
 2. The NCCDS responds with an SRM indicating that the request has been accepted and queued for processing.
 3. The NCCDS sends another SRM indicating that the request has been granted.
 4. The NCCDS sends a User Schedule Message (USM), which provides details about the newly scheduled event. The SWSI server uses this information to add the event to the Active Schedule in the SWSI database.
- c. Following is a typical sequence of events for a forecast period request:
1. The schedule request is transmitted to the NCCDS.
 2. The NCCDS responds with an SRM indicating that the request has been accepted and queued for processing.
- d. Since the request was made during the forecast period, no response will be received as to whether the request was granted or rejected until the NCCDS performs a batch scheduling run and activates a new schedule. When that happens, the NCCDS will send an SRM indicating whether the request was granted or rejected, along with a USM that SWSI uses to add the event to the Active Schedule.
- e. Following is a typical set of alerts for the case where a schedule request is successfully granted:
- SAR ID #0100845, SUPIDEN T8603EE with request start time 02/259 05:10:00 transmitted to NCC
 SRM received for SAR ID #100845, SUPIDEN T8603EE: Queued, use of TSWs not requested or not applicable
 SRM received for SAR ID #100845, SUPIDEN T8603EE: Granted, fits in newest TSWs, based on customer request
 Fixed Normal USM received for Event ID #100845, SUPIDEN T8603EE, TDE, Start Time 02/295 05:10:00
- f. In this case, since the request was successful, all the alerts are of green (Information) severity. Following is a case where a request is rejected:
- SAR ID #0102790, SUPIDEN D8603WD transmitted to NCC
 SRM received for SAR ID #102790, SUPIDEN D8603WD: Rejected: Requested event start too close to current time
- g. The SRM alert is of yellow (Warning) severity to indicate that there was a problem with the request such that it wasn't granted.
- h. The SWSI server generates an alert for all SRMs and USMs received from NCCDS. The explanations shown in the SRM alert are the same as is described in Table 7-5, *Valid SRM Result and Explanation Code Combinations* in the 452-ICD-SN/CSM.

8.2.5 Error Alerts

Listed in Table 8-2 are alerts indicating that a problem occurred in transmitting a schedule request outside of a normal rejection by NCCDS.

Table 8-2. Schedule Request Error Alerts

Error Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
Error transmitting SAR ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx to NCC, will retry later	Yellow	There was an error in transmitting the message to NCCDS. The message is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Unable to connect to NCC, will attempt later to send SAR ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx	Yellow	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The message is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Schedule Request ID #xxxxxxx invalid: Unable to find Schedule Connection entry for SIC	Red	The SWSI database has not been properly configured for the SIC. The message is dropped. The DBA at SN should be contacted to correct the error.
Schedule Request ID #xxxxxxx invalid: <reason for invalid request>	Red	The Schedule Request is not properly formatted and will be dropped. This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.

8.3 DAS TDRS Visibility Request

- a. Selecting the DAS ‘TDRS Visibility Request’ option from the Scheduling menu of the main panel results in a panel from which the user can request a DAS resource availability report by specifying the time window within which the service is desired. This panel is shown in Figure 8-3. The ‘TDRSs Selected’ is a checkbox allowing multiple selections. The list of TDRSs is created from the list provided in the setup information retrieved from the database for the specific user. Either multiple TDRS or ‘Any’ may be selected. Any indicates no preference in selecting the TDRSs for use. In this latter case, DAS makes the TDRS selection and indicates when if any TDRS transitions would occur.

The screenshot shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "DAS TDRS Visibility Request". It features several input fields and a list of options. The "Window Start Time" field is set to 2004 034 15 31 00. The "Window Stop Time" field is set to 2004 038 15 31 00. The "Maximum Lines" field is set to 999. The "SIC" field is set to 0001. The "TDRSs Selected" section has a checked box for "Any" and unchecked boxes for "171", "275", "TDE", "TDS", and "TDW". At the bottom, there are three buttons: "Submit", "Clear", and "Cancel".

Figure 8-3. DAS TDRS Visibility Request

- b. This results in a DAS TDRS Visibilities panel shown in Figure 8-4, showing the resource availability report. This DAS TDRS Visibility panel may contain additional columns indicating DAS resources available. This panel contains a non-editable header showing the corresponding DAS Visibility Request made by the user. The 'Impact' column shows, for dedicated users, what impact they might have on other missions by preempting this time slot. Impacts would be rated as being none, low, or high. A panel of this type is created for each availability request submitted. Multiple panels can be brought up to allow comparison of availabilities during different periods.

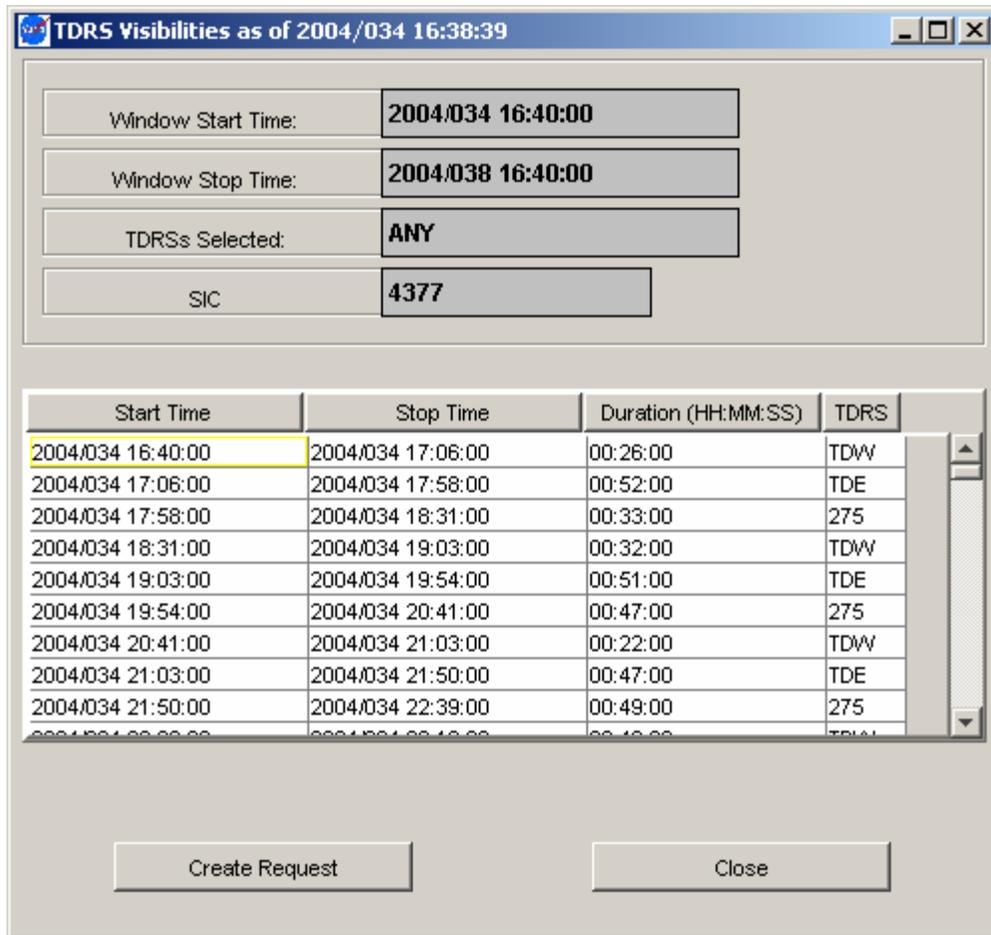


Figure 8-4. TDRS Visibilities Panel

8.4 Creating a DAS RAR

- a. When the DAS 'Create Resource Allocation Request'(RAR) menu option is selected from the scheduling menu of the main panel, the DAS Resource Allocation Request panel, shown in Figure 8-5, is generated with blank fields. In the case that no SSC exists of the SIC, an error message box with message, "Cannot create RAR, no SSC exists for SIC XXXX, Please contact SWSI DBA.", comes up to inform the operator of the situation. After the operator acknowledges the message by clicking the "OK" button Figure 8-6 comes up. Initially the "Submit" button is disabled to prevent the operator from submitting request without any SSC. The SSC field is disabled until a SIC is selected. Then the list of SSCs for that SIC are available. Any parameters in the SSCs may be modified before submitting the request by selecting the SSC and clicking the Modify button. This uses a ServiceParmWindow(similar to the one shown in Figure 8-2) and is identical to the window used to edit NCCDS respecifiable parameters (the SUPIDEN field in the header would be set to the SIC).

Figure 8-5. Resource Allocation Request

- b. Pressing the ‘Submit’ button will cause the client application to check that the SIC, SSC, Start, and Stop times are set before forwarding the request for scheduling. A similar panel will be generated for a DAS modification request, which is shown in Figure 8-6.

NOTE

1. When submitting a RAR that spans several TDRSs with a long period using “TDRS ANY”, the TDRS visibilities may not match the display service. This is because DASCON will switch from TDRS to TDRS when the new angle is better than the other.
2. DAS requires a period of time from a start vector update to propagate the state vector. If a RAR or a Resource Allocation Modification Request (RAMR) is submitted during the propagation period, the RAR will be based on the old vector. A safe period to wait for the propagation of the state vector for 5 days is around two minutes.

Figure 8-6. Resource Allocation Modification Request

8.5 DAS Playback Planning

- a. Selecting the DAS ‘Playback Planning’ option from the Scheduling menu of the main panel results in a menu panel in which the user can specify the time window within which data retrieval is desired. This panel is shown in Figure 8-7.

Figure 8-7. Playback Planning

- b. The resulting DAS Playback Availability report, shown in Figure 8-8, allows the user to select and request an available playback. The user is allowed to make multiple selections from the table as part of the same playback request. The DAS response to this request is returned to the client in the form of an alert message.

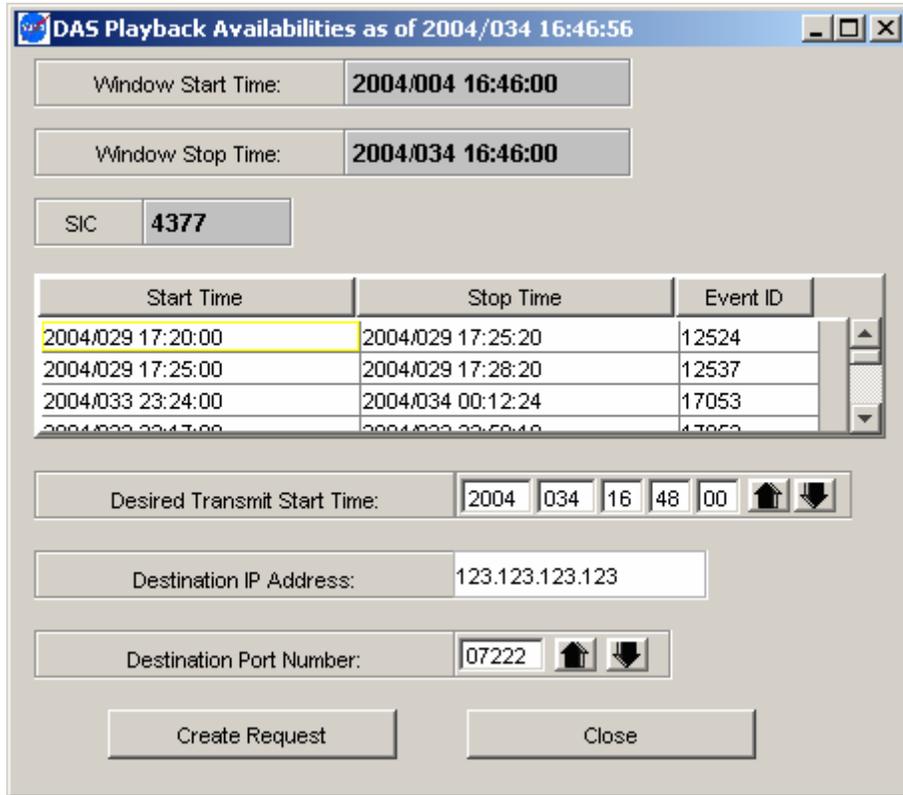


Figure 8-8. Playback Availability

8.6 Schedule Request Summary

8.6.1 General

- a. The Schedule Request Summary Panel displays the previous schedule requests submitted for all SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session. The number of requests displayed is dependent on the Schedule Request purge time discussed in paragraph 3.1. The panel is shown in Figure 8-9. A summary of each request is shown in tabular form. The panel is displayed by selecting the Schedule Request Summary option in the Scheduling menu. The panel initially appears with the Reload button disabled and labeled *Data Requested*. Once the data is received from the server, the panel is updated to display the data and the Reload button is enabled and labeled *Reload*. If the *Reload* button is pressed, it gets disabled and relabeled *Data Requested* until the latest data is received.
- b. The panel title shows the time at which the latest data was retrieved from the SWSI database, or will have no time tag if data is yet to be received. It should be understood

that requests made after the time in the title are not included in the display. To view the latest data, a *Reload* must be performed.

Start Time	Request ID	SUPIDEN	TDRS	Msg Class	Ref.Req.ID	Status	Creation Time	User ID
2005/090 19:30:00	931839	B1294MS	ANY	SAR	0	Deleted	2005/090 18:11:41	ykan
2005/092 20:00:00	931851	B1294MS	ANY	SAR	0	Completed	2005/090 19:05:18	srobinson
	931852	B1294MS		SDR	931839	NCCQueued	2005/090 19:09:32	ykan
2005/090 19:30:00	931853	B1294MS	ANY	SAR	0	Completed	2005/090 19:10:41	ykan
2005/090 20:56:00	931872	B1294MS	ANY	SAR	0	Completed	2005/090 20:47:28	ykan
2005/091 20:30:00	932350	X1294NA	ANY	RAR	0	Transmitted	2005/091 20:04:18	ykan
2005/091 21:30:00	932369	X1294NA	ANY	RAR	0	Transmitted	2005/091 21:15:58	ykan
2005/094 14:50:00	932377	B1294CS	ANY	SAR	0	Deleted	2005/094 14:36:59	ykan
2005/125 20:30:05	1014380	B1294CS	ANY	SAR	0	Completed	2005/125 20:15:44	ykan
2005/126 13:20:50	1014397	B1294CS	ANY	SAR	0	Completed	2005/126 13:04:17	ykan

Figure 8-9. Schedule Request Summary Panel

- c. The Page Setup button allows the user to select page setup options for printing out the data set in the display.
- d. The Filter Button accesses the Request Filter display. The filter allows the user to narrow the number of requests by using numerous filtering components. See Figure 8-10. The Request Filter display overlays the existing Schedule Request Summary display. The operator enters all applicable information. Upon completion click on the Submit button, the Request Filter display disappears and the new (filtered) selection of requests is then displayed on the Schedule Request Summary display. If the Cancel button is clicked, the Request Filter disappears and the user is returned to the Schedule Request Summary display with the original request summary contents.

Minimum Creation Time: 2005 090 18 11 41

Maximum Creation Time: 2005 301 13 33 32

System: NCC DAS

SIC: 1294

TDRS: ANY 275 172 KAN 047 150 TDE

Message Class: SAR SDR RR ASAR WLR RAR RADR RAMR PBKR PBKDR PBKMR

Status: Saved Queued Transmitted Granted Deleted Rejected Declined NCCQueued Waitlisted Completed Expired Invalid Pending Partially Granted

Deselect All

Submit Cancel

Save As Default

Figure 8-10. Schedule Request Summary Filter

- e. The filtering function filters the existing list of requests but not the latest data. The Reload button must be clicked to retrieve the latest data. The reload function reloads all requests that are in the SWSI database at the time of reloading using the selection criteria of the Schedule Request Summary Filter.

NOTE

If the check box labeled “Save as Default” is checked, the filter will be saved to disk and will be reused as the default filter for the future sessions. Please exercise this option with care since the filter might exclude other requests that might be added later. If the user doesn’t find a request on the summary panel, he/she might want to check the filter setting. The user can easily delete the saved filter by selecting the “Delete Filter” from the “Schedule Request Summary” panel.

- f. The Number of requests window displays the number of requests in the summary window. This enables the user to know the exact number of requests that is displayed in the summary window.
- g. Requests are initially sorted by SIC, then Creation Time. Data can be resorted by clicking on any column header. The columns are initially ordered as shown in Figure 8-9. Columns can be re-ordered by dragging a column header with the mouse. Once re-ordered, the new order remains in effect until the window is closed. Requesting updated data with the *Reload* button does not change the column order.
- h. The panel consists of the following items:
 - 1. Start Time. Requested start time for the event.
 - 2. Request ID. Unique identifier assigned by the SWSI server prior to transmission to NCCDS or DAS.
 - 3. SUPIDEN. Support Identifier. SIC is displayed instead of SUPIDEN for DAS requests.
 - 4. TDRS. TDRS name. For flexible scheduling this may be a TDRS set name consisting a group of actual TDRSs. NCCDS determines which actual TDRS is scheduled for the event.
 - 5. Msg Class. Class of request message. The list of valid message classes is shown in Table 8-3.
 - 6. Ref. Req. ID. For ASARs, RRs, Schedule Delete Requests (SDR), and Wait List Requests (WLR), the Request ID of the original request that is being referred to.
 - 7. Status. Status of the request. The list of valid Status values and their meanings is shown in Table 8-4.
 - 8. Creation Time. The date and time that the request was created by an authorized user.
 - 9. User ID. Account name of the user who initiated.

Table 8-3. Message Class Values

Message Class	Description	System
SAR	Schedule Add Request	NCCDS
SDR	Schedule Delete Request	NCCDS
RR	Replace Request	NCCDS
ASAR	Alternate Schedule Add Request	NCCDS
WLR	Wait List Request	NCCDS
RAR	Resource Allocation Request	DAS
RADR	Resource Allocation Deletion Request	DAS
RAMR	Resource Allocation Modification Request	DAS
PBKR	Playback Request	DAS
PBKDR	Playback Deletion Request	DAS
PBKMR	Playback Modification Request	DAS

Table 8-4. Request Status Values

Status	Meaning
Saved	Request has been stored into the SWSI database.
Queued	Request has been queued for transmission to NCCDS or DAS.
Transmitted	Request has been transmitted to NCCDS or DAS.
Granted	Request has been granted (i.e., accepted into the active schedule)
Partially Granted	DAS request has been granted, although portions of the request are pending
Declined	NCCDS has declined request due to conflict.
Rejected	NCCDS has rejected request for some reason.
NCCQueued	Request has been queued by NCCDS and is waiting to be processed. If request submitted for forecast period, it will remain in queue until batch processing performed and schedule activated.
Waitlisted	Request has been placed on the NCCDS wait list.
Deleted	NCCDS, DAS, or an authorized SWSI user has deleted request.
Completed	NCCDS event has occurred and is complete.
Expired	NCCDS request start time has passed without the request being scheduled.
Pending	Request has been queued by DAS.
Invalid	NCCDS request has been rejected by SWSI server because of software error or SWSI database not being properly configured.

- i. The buttons in the lower portion of the panel are enabled or disabled, depending upon which request is selected and what the status of the selected request is. The following button descriptions assume that the selected request enables the button.

8.6.2 Viewing a Request

- a. To view the details of an individual request, select the request and click the View button. The appropriate panel will display the contents of the selected request. For request other than delete requests (SDR, Resource Allocation Deletion Request [RADR], or Playback Deletion Request [PBKDR]), this panel will look similar to the panel that was used to create the request, but without the ability to edit or submit. Click the *Cancel* or *Close* button in the panel that displays the request to close that panel. For delete requests, the display panel shows request identification information, the request’s status, and an explanation of any status codes. Figure 8-11 shows the panel for an SDR. Displays of RADRs and PBKDRs look similar.
- b. For a view SDR, the Client application already has all the information needed to display to the user. For all other types of requests, the Client must first retrieve the request details from the SWSI database. A pop-up window appears with the title “Details Requested” and text indicating the ID of the request being retrieved. Once the details are received, the pop-up message is removed and the appropriate panel detailing the request is displayed. Similar Client behavior occurs for the *Clone*, *Generate Replace*, *Generate Alternate*, and *Generate Wait List* buttons.

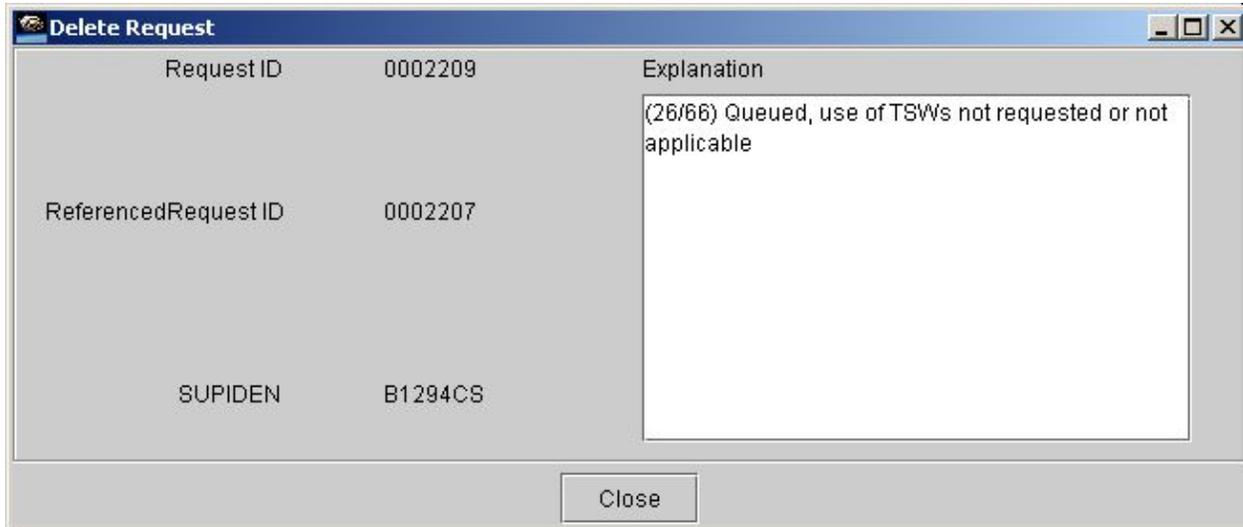


Figure 8-11. View Schedule Delete Request Panel

8.6.3 Deleting a Request

- a. All requests other than SDR, WLR, RADR, or PBKDR may be deleted if the request status is Transmitted, Granted, NCCQueued, or Waitlisted. The user may delete a request by selecting the request and clicking the *Delete* button. A dialog box appears asking for confirmation of the delete request. Clicking *Yes* causes a deletion request

(SDR, RADR, or PBKDR) to be generated and transmitted to NCCDS or DAS, and a pop-up box saying “Deletion request sent” to be displayed.

- b. For SDRs transmitted to the NCCDS, the same types of alerts that appear for a SAR will also be generated for an SDR; i.e., the SDR was transmitted, an SRM was received, etc. If the SDR is “accepted”, an SRM will be received indicating that the referenced request is being deleted. However, the only SRM received for the SDR itself is one indicating that the SDR has been queued for processing (NCCQueued). The SDR, therefore, remains forever in an NCCQueued state from a SWSI standpoint, even though the SDR may have been successfully processed.
- c. Deleting a request does not cause it to be removed from the Schedule Request Summary. When the SDR is accepted, the status of the deleted request is simply updated to *Deleted*.

8.6.4 Cloning a Request

SARs and RARs may be cloned by selecting the request and pressing the *Clone* button. The Client retrieves the request details and a SAR or RAR panel is displayed with those details prefilled. The user can then make any desired changes, such as to the Event Start Time, and submit the request as a new SAR or RAR. Note that care should be taken with the respecifiable parameter display for a cloned SAR. The *Clear* button on the parameter display will reset all the parameter values back to the SSC default values, and not the original SAR’s parameter values.

8.6.5 Replacing a Request

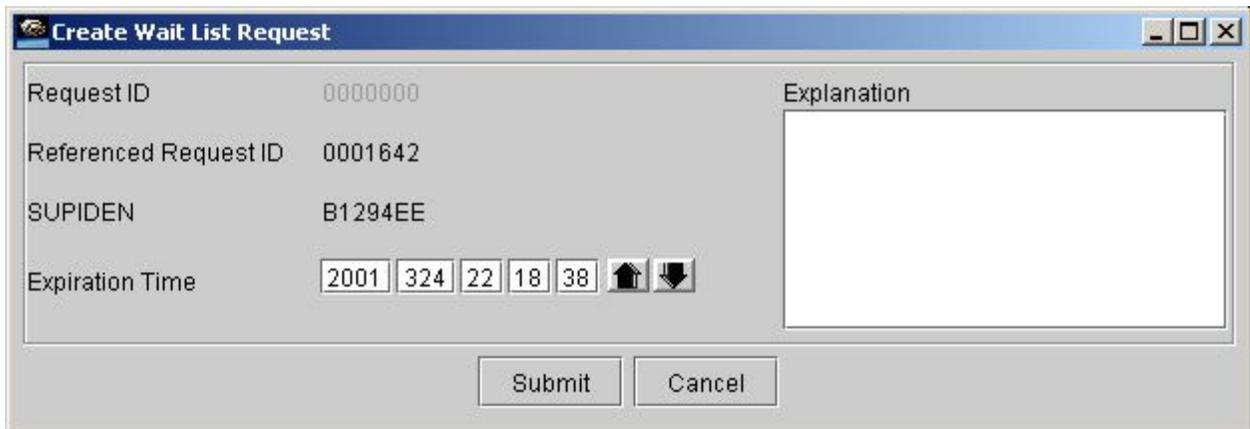
- a. All requests other than SDR, WLR, RADR, and PBKDR may be replaced if the request status is Transmitted, Granted, NCCQueued, or Waitlisted. The user may replace a request by selecting the request and clicking the *Generate Replace* button. The Client retrieves the request details and displays the appropriate panel with the reference ID set to the selected request and the request details set to the referenced request’s details. The panel will look similar to the panel that was used to create the referenced request, but with a reference ID set. The user can then edit the details and submit the replace request.
- b. For NCCDS RRs, if the RR is granted, then the RR inherits the message class and reference request ID of the request that it replaced. For example, an RR that replaced an SAR will show up in the Schedule Request Summary Panel as a SAR after it has been granted. An RR that replaced an ASAR will show up as an ASAR with the same reference request ID as the ASAR that it replaced.

8.6.6 Generating an Alternate SAR

SARs, RRs, and other ASARs with a status of NCCQueued may have an Alternate SAR generated against them. The user may generate an ASAR by selecting the request and clicking the *Generate Alternate* button. The Client retrieves the request details and displays a Create Alternate SAR Panel with the reference ID set to the selected request and the request details set to the reference request details. The user can then edit the details and submit the ASAR. If an ASAR is granted, then the message class is changed by the SWSI server to SAR and it will appear as such in the Schedule Request Summary Panel.

8.6.7 Generating a Wait List Request

SARs that have been declined may be waitlisted. The user selects the request and clicks *Generate Wait List*. The panel shown in Figure 8-12 is displayed. The Referenced Request ID is automatically set to the Request ID of the referenced request. The user enters the Expiration Time. If this time is reached without successful scheduling of the request on the Wait List, the request is removed from the Wait List and an SRM is sent by NCCDS to indicate that the wait listing process did not result in an event being added to the schedule.



Request ID	0000000	Explanation
Referenced Request ID	0001642	
SUPIDEN	B1294EE	
Expiration Time	2001 324 22 18 38	

Submit Cancel

Figure 8-12. Create Wait List Request Panel

8.6.8 Resubmitting a Request

If a previously submitted request should be lost before it is received and processed by NCCDS, the Client application allows resubmission of the request with the same Request ID. The user selects the request and clicks *Resubmit*. A pop-up message will be displayed saying that the request was resubmitted.

8.6.9 Saving the Schedule Request Summary to a File

- The Save button allows the user to save the Schedule Request Summary to a Comma Separated Values (CSV) file. The data is written to the file in order as appears in the summary window. The first line of the file is a header line, similar to the table header, documenting the order of the values in each subsequent line. The location of the output file is set by the user through a standard file chooser. Following is the contents of a sample output file:

```
start, ventide ,SUPIDEN,TDRS,msgClass,refReqId,status,creationTime,userId
2004/200 01:45:00,373346,A0372EE,TDE,SAR,0,Granted,2004/177 15:52:48,ykan
2004/200 02:45:00,373347,A0372EE,TDE,SAR,0,Granted,2004/177 15:52:48,ykan
2004/200 03:45:00,373348,A0372EE,TDE,SAR,0,Granted,2004/177 15:52:49,ykan
```

- Once the Schedule Request Summary file has been saved, a confirmation message stating, “The Schedule Request has been written to file: file name)” appears with an OK box.

8.7 Active Schedule Summary

8.7.1 General

- a. The Active Schedule Summary Panel displays all the requests accepted by NCCDS and/or DAS and scheduled to occur in the future for all SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session. The panel is shown in Figure 8-13. A summary of each event is shown in tabular form. The panel is displayed by selecting the Active Schedule Summary option in the Scheduling menu. The panel initially appears with the *Reload* button disabled and labeled *Data Requested*. Once the data is received from the server, the panel is updated to display the data and the Reload button is enabled and labeled *Reload*. If the Reload button is pressed, it gets disabled and relabeled *Data Requested* until the latest data is received.

Active Schedule Summary at 2005/308 15:13:55

Page Setup Print All Filter Delete Filter Reload Number of events: 36

Pend D/R	Start Time	Stop Time	Event ID	SUDPEN	TDRS	USM Type	# of Services	Prototype Event ID	Service Type Antennas
	2005/308 15:01:00	2005/308 15:28:00	1988	1004	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:03:00	2005/308 15:26:00	1995	1005	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:06:00	2005/308 15:15:00	2009	1001	ANY	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:10:00	2005/308 15:44:00	1953	1002	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:14:00	2005/308 15:29:00	1937	1001	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:20:00	2005/308 15:30:00	2005	1002	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:23:00	2005/308 15:33:00	1968	1003	ANY	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:26:00	2005/308 16:13:00	2002	1005	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:28:00	2005/308 16:04:00	1989	1004	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:29:00	2005/308 15:44:00	1943	1001	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:44:00	2005/308 15:59:00	1949	1001	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:44:00	2005/308 16:21:00	1954	1002	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 15:59:00	2005/308 16:14:00	1950	1001	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 16:04:00	2005/308 16:38:00	1990	1004	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 16:13:00	2005/308 17:00:00	2003	1005	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 16:21:00	2005/308 16:54:00	1955	1002	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 16:38:00	2005/308 17:10:00	1991	1004	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 16:54:00	2005/308 17:26:00	1956	1002	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 17:10:00	2005/308 17:46:00	1992	1004	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 17:26:00	2005/308 18:04:00	1958	1002	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 17:26:00	2005/308 18:04:00	1965	1002	ANY	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 18:04:00	2005/308 18:37:00	1966	1002	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/308 22:57:00	2005/308 23:12:00	1983	1003	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/309 14:08:00	2005/309 14:23:00	1984	1003	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/309 15:52:00	2005/309 16:39:00	2004	1005	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/309 16:39:00	2005/309 17:27:00	2006	1005	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/309 17:27:00	2005/309 17:28:00	2007	1005	TDE	DASMAR	1		
	2005/309 17:28:00	2005/309 18:14:00	2008	1005	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/310 02:30:00	2005/310 02:45:00	1985	1003	TDV	DASMAR	1		
	2005/311 03:58:00	2005/311 04:31:00	1993	1004	275	DASMAR	1		
	2005/315 11:00:00	2005/315 11:20:00	0001169	B1294MS	171	Fixed-Normal	2		MAF MAR01
	2005/315 11:30:00	2005/315 11:50:00	0001170	B1294MS	171	Fixed-Normal	2		MAF MAR01
	2005/315 12:00:00	2005/315 12:20:00	0001171	B1294MS	171	Fixed-Normal	2		MAF MAR01
	2005/315 12:30:00	2005/315 12:50:00	0001172	B1294MS	171	Fixed-Normal	2		MAF MAR01
	2005/315 13:00:00	2005/315 13:20:00	0001173	B1294MS	171	Fixed-Normal	2		MAF MAR01
	2005/323 17:17:19	2005/323 17:47:19	0000079	B1294MS	171	Fixed-Normal	2		SSAF1 SSAR1

Display Services Clone Generate Replace Close Save Delete

Figure 8-13. Active Schedule Summary Panel

- b. The panel title shows the time at which the latest data was retrieved from the SWSI database, or will have no time tag if data is yet to be received. It should be understood that requests made after the time in the title will not be included in the display. To view the latest data, a *Reload* must be performed.
- c. Data for NCCDS and DAS events are sent separately from the SWSI server to the Client. The SWSI server maintains the schedule of NCCDS active events, while the schedule of DAS active events is maintained by and obtained from DAS. If only part of the data has been received, the title will include a comment to that effect. Note that the SUPIDEN field for DAS events contains only the SIC portion, this is because the DAS uses SIC for scheduling and not SUPIDEN.

NOTE

Currently, the “active leg” of a DAS event does not stop until it ends, even if the event is deleted. Thus a deleted event can show up in the Active Schedule Summary window.

- d. The Page Setup button allows the user to select page setup options for printing out the data set in the display.
- e. The Filter Button accesses the Active Schedule Filter display. The filter allows the user to narrow the number of active schedules by using numerous filtering components. See Figure 8-14. The Active Schedule Filter display overlays the existing Active Schedule Summary display. The operator enters all applicable information. Upon completion click on the Submit button, the Active Schedule Filter display disappears and the new (filtered) selection of events is then displayed on the Active Schedule Summary display. If the Cancel button is clicked, the Active Schedule Filter disappears and the user is returned to the Active Schedule Summary display with the original event summary contents. The filtering function filters the existing list of events but not the latest data. The Reload button must be clicked to retrieve the latest data. The reload function reloads all events that are in the system at the time of reloading using the selection criteria of the Active Schedule Filter.

NOTE

If the check box labeled “Save as Default” is checked, the filter will be saved to disk and will be reused as the default filter for the future sessions. Please exercise this option with care since the filter might exclude other active events that might become active later. If the user doesn’t find a request on the summary panel, he/she might want to check the filter setting. The user can easily delete the saved filter by selecting the “Delete Filter” from the “Active Request Summary” panel.

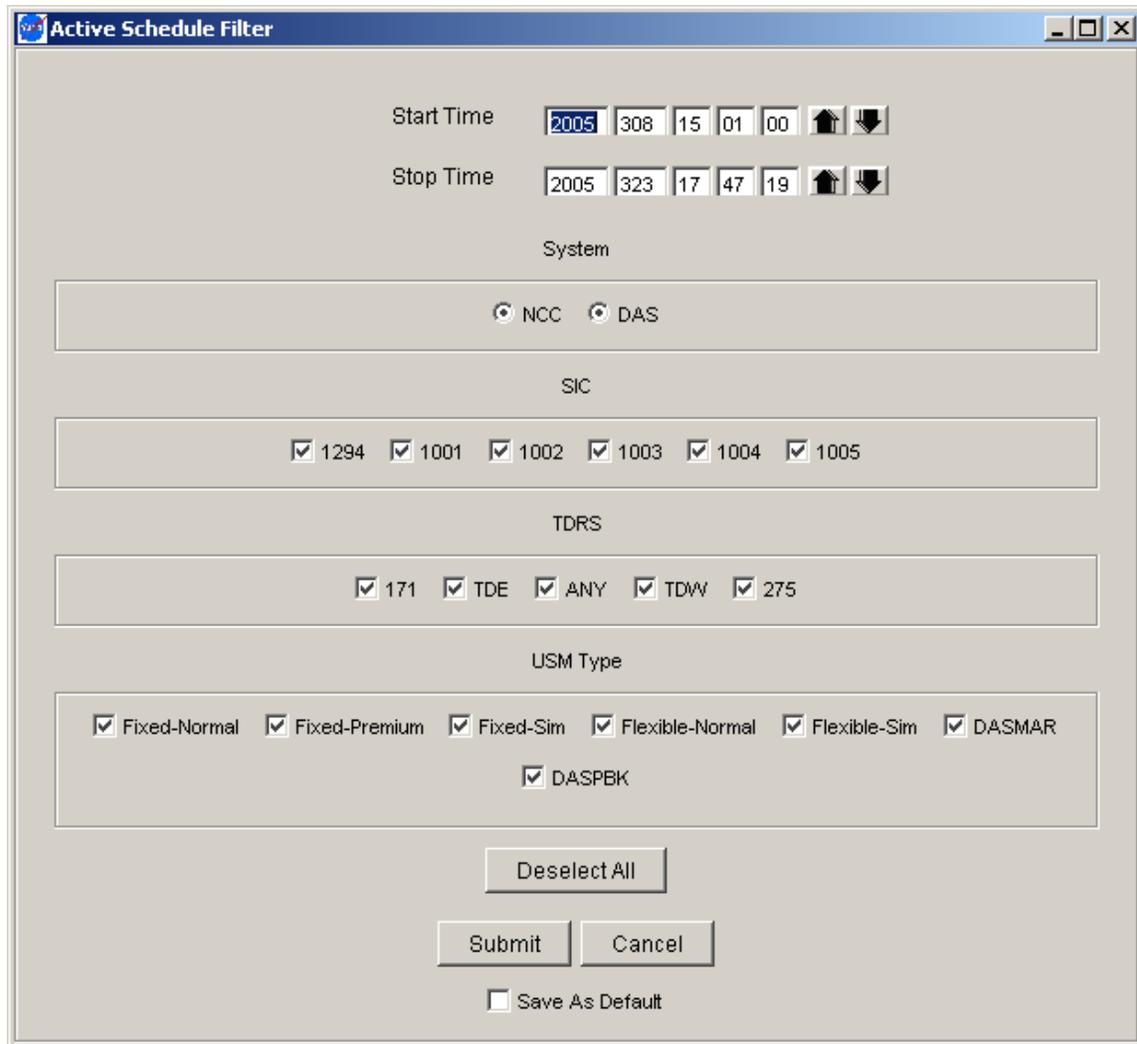


Figure 8-14. Active Schedule Filter Display

- f. The Number of events displays the number of events in the summary window. This enables the user to know the exact number of events that is displayed in the summary window.
- g. Events are initially sorted by Start Time. Data can be resorted by clicking on any column header. The columns are initially ordered as shown in Figure 8-13. Columns can be re-ordered by dragging a column header with the mouse. Once re-ordered, the new order remains in effect until the window is closed. Requesting updated data with the *Reload* button does not change the column order.
- h. If an event is in progress, the background of that event is colored green. The *Generate Replace* button is disabled for ongoing events.
- i. The panel consists of the following items:
 - 1. Pend D/R. Indicates whether an NCCDS event is pending deletion or replacement. Pending means that an SDR or RR is either queued by SWSI for

transmission to NCCDS, or has already been transmitted by SWSI, but that a response has not yet been received from NCCDS. If an SDR or RR is pending, a “D” or “R” is displayed in this column.

2. Start Time. Start time for the event.
3. Stop Time. Stop time for the event.
4. Event ID. Used by NCCDS or DAS to uniquely identify the event. The Event ID is identical to the Request ID of the original request that was generated to request service. For events scheduled by an NCCDS operator, it is in the range 9,000,000 to 9,999,999. For events scheduled by a DAS operator, it is in the range 8,900,000 – 8,999,999.
5. SUPIDEN. Support Identifier. SIC is displayed instead of SUPIDEN for DAS events.
6. TDRS. TDRS name.
7. USM Type. In NCCDS terminology, the type of User Schedule Message (USM) received from NCCDS that was used to describe the event. DAS does not generate USMs, but the DAS event type (DASMAR or DASPBK) is nonetheless listed in this column. The list of valid USM Types is shown in Table 8-5.
8. # of Services. Number of services associated with this event.
9. Prototype Event ID. For NCCDS events scheduled using a Prototype Event.
10. Service Type/Antenna. Service type and antenna number of the scheduled service.

Table 8-5. USM Type Values

USM Type	Description
Fixed-Normal	NCCDS Normal Support, Fixed Schedule
Fixed-Premium	NCCDS Premium Support, Fixed Schedule
Fixed-Sim	NCCDS Simulation Support, Fixed Schedule
Flexible-Normal	NCCDS Normal Support, Flexible Schedule
Flexible-Sim	NCCDS Simulation Support, Flexible Schedule
DASMAR	DAS MAR Service
DASPBK	DAS Playback Event

- j. For NCC services, the Flexible USMs differ from the Fixed USMs. At the freeze time specified by the customer, the NCCDS will use event flexibility to attempt to recapture the service duration that had been reduced by use of MIND and then will transmit a fixed USM. Refer to Section 7 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM for further information on how to use flexible scheduling.
- k. The buttons in the lower portion of the panel are enabled or disabled, depending upon which event is selected and whether that event has a pending SDR or RR, or if that

event is ongoing. The following button descriptions assume that the selected event enables the button.

8.7.2 Displaying Event Service Details

- a. To view the service details of an individual event, select the event and click the *Display Service* button. The panel shown in Figure 8-15 is displayed for events other than a DAS Playback Request (DASPBK). The columns are initially ordered as shown in Figure 8-15. Columns can be re-ordered by dragging a column header with the mouse.
- b. The items displayed in the top portion of the panel are event-level details inherited from the Active Schedule Summary Panel. The remainder of the panel contains a list of services for the event with the following details:
 1. Service Type. Type of service.
 2. SSC. Service Specification Code used to schedule the service.
 3. Start Time. Start time for the service.
 4. Stop Time. Stop time for the service.
 5. Link ID. Antenna number for Single Access (SA) service, or Link ID for Multiple Access Return (MAR) service.

The screenshot shows a window titled "Service Display at 2003/097 20:51:31". It contains several input fields for event details:

- Supiden: E33011P
- Event ID: 0076445
- Start Time: 2003/100 19:51:00
- TDRS: TDS
- Stop Time: 2003/100 20:24:00
- Prototype ID: (empty)
- S-Band PN Code: 20
- K-Band PN Code: 20

Below these fields is a table with the following data:

Service Type	SSC	Start Time	Stop Time	Link ID
SSAF	H50	2003/100 19:51:00	2003/100 20:24:00	1
SSAR	I50	2003/100 19:51:00	2003/100 20:24:00	1
TRKN	T80	2003/100 19:51:00	2003/100 20:24:00	

At the bottom of the window are four buttons: "Parameters...", "Generate GCMR", "View Service Periods", and "Close".

Figure 8-15. Event Service Display

- c. As mentioned, the SUPIDEN field for DAS events contains only the SIC portion, this is because the DAS uses SIC for scheduling and not SUPIDEN. Also since the active event information provided by DAS does not provide the SSC of the event, so no listing of SSC will be shown for a DAS event.

- d. The following buttons allow specific actions to be performed on selected services:
1. Parameters. View service parameter values. A panel similar to the Service Parameter panel shown in Figure 8-2 is displayed. Only one column will appear for the re-specifiable parameters and editing of the parameter values will be disabled.
 2. Generate GCMR. Enabled only for ongoing services. Selecting a service and clicking this button will cause a Ground Control Message Request (GCMR) menu to be displayed, allowing the user to reconfigure the service. The menu panel varies depending on whether the selected service is an NCCDS or a DAS MAR service. GCMRs may also be initiated through the User Performance Data (UPD) Summary Panel. GCMRs are described in detail in Section 10.
 3. View Service Periods. This button is enabled when a DAS event is selected and the TDRS is marked as 'Any'. This button will bring up a subpanel displaying the planned TDRS transitions for the DAS service. This panel is a viewing only panel and is shown in Figure 8-16.3.

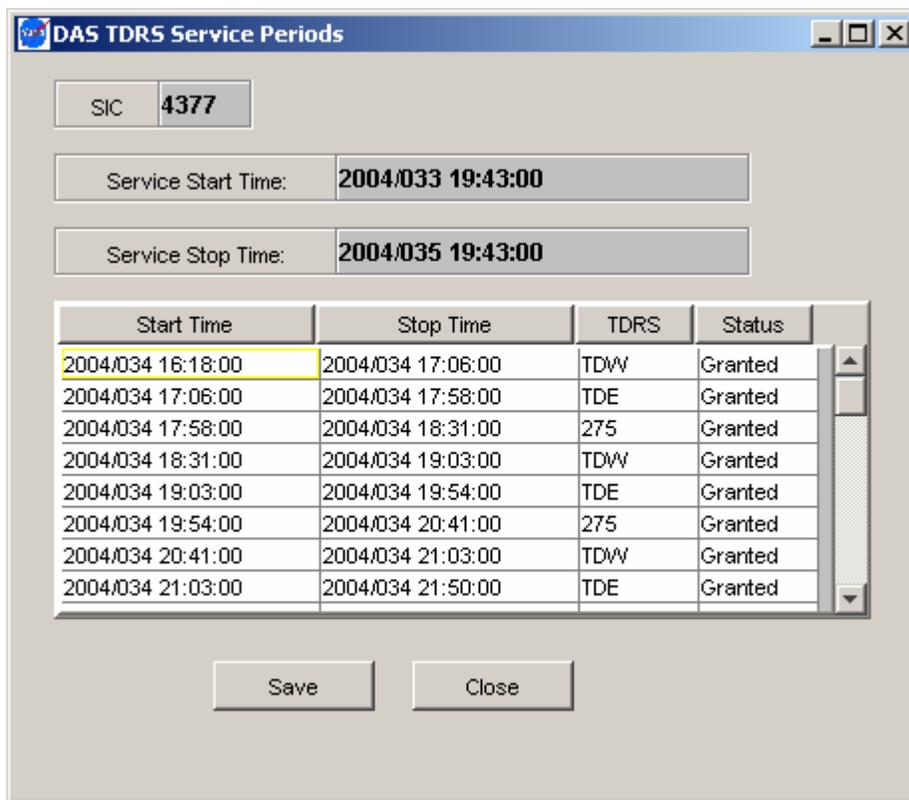


Figure 8-16. DAS TDRS Service Periods

8.7.3 Deleting an Event

- a. Events may be deleted in the same way that schedule requests are deleted through the Schedule Request Summary Panel. Only events that are not already pending deletion or replacement may be deleted. Ongoing events may be deleted, resulting in early termination of service.
- b. An event is deleted by selecting it and clicking the *Delete* button. A dialog box appears asking for confirmation of the delete request. Clicking Yes causes a deletion request (SDR, RADR, or PBKDR) to be generated and transmitted to NCCDS or DAS, and a pop-up box saying “Deletion request sent” to be displayed.
- c. For SDRs transmitted to NCCDS, the same types of alerts that appear for an SDR that appear for an SDR generated via the Schedule Request Summary Panel; i.e., the SDR was transmitted, an SRM was received, etc. If the SDR is “accepted”, an SRM will be received indicating that the referenced event is being deleted. The original SAR that requested this event will appear in the Schedule Request Summary Panel with a status of *Deleted*. On the next *Reload* of the Active Schedule Summary Panel, the event will no longer be listed.

8.7.4 Replacing an Event

- a. Events may be replaced in the same way that schedule requests are replaced through the Schedule Request Summary Panel. Only events that are not already pending deletion or replacement may be replaced. Ongoing events or events scheduled by the NCCDS operator may not be replaced.
- b. An event is replaced by selecting it and clicking the *Generate Replace* button. The Client retrieves the associated request details and displays the appropriate panel with the reference ID set to the selected request and the request details set to the referenced request’s details. The panel will look similar to the panel that was used to create the referenced request, but with a reference ID set. The user can then edit the details and submit the replace request.
- c. For events scheduled by an NCCDS operator, no details for the associated requests for these events will exist in the SWSI database. For these cases, the response to a *Generate Replace* will be a pop-up window with the following message:

*“SWSI does not have any record of this request.
The reference request may have been submitted
directly through the NCC.
Please contact the NCC directly
to submit this Replace Request.”*

8.7.5 Saving the Active Schedule to a File

- a. The *Save* button allows the user to save the Active Schedule Summary to a Comma Separated Values (CSV) file. The data is written to the file in order as appears in the summary window. The first line of the file is a header line, similar to the table header, documenting the order of the values in each subsequent line. The location of the output file is set by the user through a standard file chooser. Following is the contents of a sample output file:

```
Pending,start,stop, ventide,SUPIDEN,TDRS,usmType,numberOfServices,prototypeID,service type/antenna
,1999/181 01:00:00,2002/340 15:42:11,0011820,A3782MS,TDW,Fixed-Normal,2, ,MAF MAR
,2001/289 00:10:00,2002/340 15:42:11,0000073,B1419CS,TDW,Fixed-Normal,2, ,SSAF01 SSARO1
D,2001/289 01:11:11,2002/340 15:42:11,3794208,A0338EE,047,Fixed-Normal,1, ,MAF
```

- b. This process is manual and only event-level details are provided when saving the active schedule to a file. An automated process also exists to save event-level details as well as service-level details and parameter values. This process is described in detail in paragraph 8.8.

8.8 Active Schedule File Storage

- a. SWSI has the capability to automatically store a file containing all information for an Active Schedule, including service-level information and parameter values, in a text file on the Client workstation. When the user is logged in and the Client connected to the SWSI server, the Client will receive Active Schedule updates for all SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for that session. The parameters for this process, including how often the file is updated and what it should contain, are stored in the SWSI database. The initial settings for these parameters are established during the customer setup process described in paragraph 3.1 and are changed as needed by the SN DBA in coordination with the customer. Regardless of the parameter settings, the current Active Schedule is updated on the Client workstation whenever the user logs in.
- b. The following properties control Active Schedule file storage behavior:
 1. *asEnable*. Defines whether the Active Schedules received automatically from the SWSI server are written to files.
 2. *asOutputPath*. Directory where Active Schedule files received automatically from the SWSI server are stored. If *asEnable* is *false*, this property has no effect.
- c. Active Schedule filenames are of the form:
 <MODE>_<SystemID>_<SIC>_asf.txt
- d. Where:
 1. MODE = OPS or EIF.
 2. SystemID = NCCDS or DAS.
 3. SIC = Support Identification Code.

- e. The MODE is the same mode, operations or test (EIF), selected at login time. Separate files are written for schedules received from NCCDS and DAS for each SIC.
- f. The files are overwritten with each update. A cooperative file access protocol using a semaphore file is used to guard against problems caused when both the SWSI Client and a user application try to access the file at the same time. Before the SWSI Client writes the file, it tries to create a new “lock” file. The file naming is the same as for the active schedule file itself, except that the postfix “lock” is used. For example, the active schedule file OPS_NCC_1294_asf.txt has a lock file named OPS_NCC_1294_asf.lock associated with it. This lock file is written to the same directory that the active schedule file is written to. If a new lock file is successfully created, the SWSI Client writes the active schedule file. Once the file is written, the lock file is deleted. Any user application reading the active schedule files should do the same; i.e., check for and create a lock file before reading the active schedule file and deleting the lock file after completing the read. If the lock file already exists, the user application needs to wait until the lock file disappears.
- g. Regarding a crashed SWSI Client or user application, the file lock written by the SWSI Client has as its contents the word “SWSI.” If the SWSI Client crashes, it is responsible for clearing the file lock when it is executed again. If the user application is reading the active schedule file, the word “USER” should be written to the lock file. If the user application crashes, the user is responsible for clearing the file lock when it is executed again.
- h. The format of the Active Schedule file is described in detail in Appendix B for NCCDS events and in Appendix C for DAS events.

8.9 TDRS Scheduling Window (TSW)

8.9.1 General

SWSI is unable to create TDRS Scheduling Windows (TSWs), but has the capability of transmitting user-created TSW files to the NCCDS through the TDRS *Scheduling Window (TSW)* menu option under the NCC submenu under the *Scheduling* menu or through an TSW File Automatic Import feature via a locally defined directory on the client host.

8.9.2 TSW File Manual Import Panel

- a. For the TSW menu option, a standard file chooser is displayed, allowing the user to browse directories and select the TSW file to be transmitted. A user is only allowed to submit TSWs for SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session. If an attempt is made to send a TSW for some other SIC, the error dialog shown in Figure 8-17 is displayed.

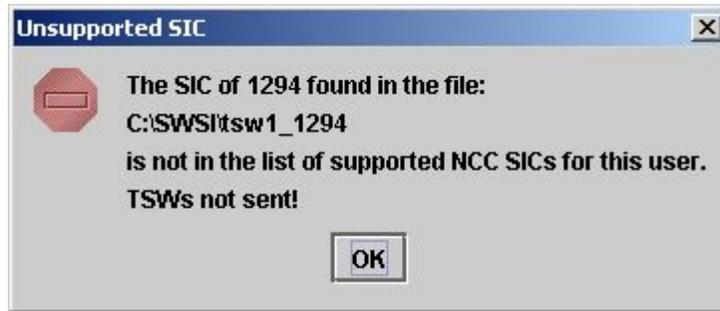


Figure 8-17. TSW Unsupported SIC Dialog

- b. Once a valid file has been selected, the confirmation dialog box shown in Figure 8-18 is displayed. Information from the file, including SIC, TSW Set ID, and Timespan, allows the user to verify that this is the correct file to send. If the information is correct, the user clicks *OK* and the file is sent to the SWSI server for transmission. The dialog box shown in Figure 8-19 appears when this is complete.

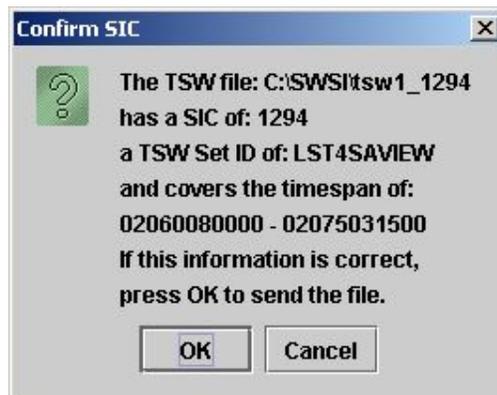


Figure 8-18. TSW File Confirmation Dialog



Figure 8-19. TSW File Sent Dialog

- c. If transmission of the TSW to NCCDS is successful, a green Information alert is received, similar to the following:
- TSW File TS12942002335_193814, SUPIDEN B1294MS, TDRS TDW, Set ID LST4SAVIEW transmitted to NCC
- d. The TSW filename is a SWSI server-generated name based on the date and time of file creation and the SIC and has no relation to the name of the file selected by the user. No

response is received from the NCCDS acknowledging receipt of the TSW, as is the case with an SRM for a Schedule Request.

- e. If the SWSI server is unable to connect to the NCCDS to transmit the message, a yellow Warning alert is received, similar to the following:
 - Unable to connect to NCC, will attempt later to send TSW File TS12942002335_193814, SUPIDEN B1294MS, TDRS TDW, Set ID LST4SAVIEW
- f. The TSW file should follow the same format as the TSW message described in Table 7-12 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM, with the exception of the following items:
 - 1. Message ID (item 2). Automatically generated by the SWSI server.
 - 2. User ID (item 5). Stored in the SWSI database and automatically inserted into the message by the SWSI server.
 - 3. Password (item 6). Stored in the SWSI database and automatically inserted into the message by the SWSI server.
- g. These items may be left blank in the TSW file provided to the SWSI Client.
- h. The TSW undergoes validation checks before transmission to NCCDS. A yellow Warning alert is received if the validation check fails, with an alert message stating “TSW File Invalid” and a reason for failure. Table 8-6 lists the alert messages received due to an invalid TSW.

8.9.3 TSW File Automatic Import Feature

- a. The Client allows TSW files to be placed into a TSW queue directory on the user’s workstation. This queue directory should contain the user’s TSW files that they wish to be sent to the NCCDS. The queue directory is periodically polled to have the client import and send the TSW files to the NCCDS. The following properties control TSW automatic import behavior:
 - 1. TSWQueuePollTime. Time (in minutes) delay between searches for TDRS Scheduling Window (TSW) files.
 - 2. TSWQueue. Directory that is searched for user-created TSW files.
 - 3. TSWArchive. Directory to which old TSW files are moved after transmission.
- b. The TSW undergoes validation checks before transmission to NCCDS. A red Critical alert is received if the validation check fails, with an alert message stating “TSW File Invalid” and a reason for failure. Table 8-6 lists the alert messages received due to an invalid TSW.

Table 8-6. Invalid TSW Alerts

Error Alert Message	Explanation
TSW File xxxx invalid: file too large (max size 8600 bytes)	The maximum allowed size for a TSW file has been exceeded.
TSW File xxxx invalid: invalid size	The file size is less than the minimum size. There isn't even enough data for a header (items 1-11).
TSW File xxxx invalid: invalid message type	The Message Type (item 1) should be "99".
TSW File xxxx invalid: invalid message class	The Message Class (item 3) should be "25".
TSW File xxxx invalid: invalid Timespan Start	The Timespan Start (Item 9) is not a valid format (YYDDHHMMSS).
TSW File xxxx invalid: invalid Timespan End	The Timespan End (Item 10) is not a valid format (YYDDHHMMSS).
TSW File xxxx invalid: TSW count/message length mismatch	The file is not the correct length based on the Number of TSWs (item 11).
TSW File xxxx Invalid: <TSW Field Name> Field	The field in error does not conform to the NCCDS/MOC ICD for TSW messages.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: Unsupported SIC found	The SIC found in this file is not supported for NCCDS.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: File Size	The file size is either less than the minimum size or greater than the maximum size.

8.10 Printing

- a. Options are available for the user to print either the Schedule Request Summary or the Active Schedule. This can be done using either the *Print* submenu under the *Scheduling* menu, or by clicking the *Print All* button in the respective summary panel. When the print request is submitted by either method, the Client sends a print request to the SWSI server and the dialog shown in Figure 8-20 appears. After the server responds with the results, a platform-dependent print dialog will appear to allow the user to print the results.



Figure 8-20. Print Details Requested Dialog

- b. Schedule requests are printed in the following order:
 1. All requests are sorted/grouped by SIC.
 2. Requests (SAR, RR, RAR, etc.) that are not delete or playback requests, sorted by Event Start Time.
 3. DAS Playback and Playback Modification Requests, sorted by Playback Start Time.
 4. Delete requests (SDR, RADR, PBKDR), and Wait List Requests (WLRs) sorted by Reference Request ID.

- c. For the Active Schedule Summary printout, all events are first sorted by SIC, then by Event Start Time. A separate printout is provided for NCCDS and DAS events. Each printout results in a separate print dialog.

8.11 Bulk Scheduling

- a. Bulk scheduling of SWSI allows users to submit bulk schedule files containing intermixed multiple Schedule Add Requests, Schedule Delete Requests, or Schedule Replace Requests for processing. Note, Bulk Scheduling only supports these three types of requests. These files can be used during forecast schedule planning, and for group deletes/reschedules when launches are delayed.
- b. This paragraph contains displays unique to supporting bulk scheduling. Parameters and values descriptions as well as system message explanations are found in the 452-ICD-SN/CSM.

8.11.1 Requirements

When creating bulk request files, each SAR, SDR, or RR embedded in the input file is to be separated by a new line character. Comments lines are marked with the delimiter, “%%”. See Figure 8-21 for a sample file format. The input file is to be limited to 300 kilobytes. Bulk request file and standard request file creation requirements are found in 452-ICD-SN/CSM.

```

%%
%% UNCLASSIFIED
%%
%% Date: 2004/06/30
%% Time: 00:00:00
%%
%% Activity: Batch Schedule for day 200

%% Request 1
99unknown10A0372EEUSERpass1TDEunknown01UK042000145000000000050000000000
01A0100000000100002DTR1=000000789,FRQ1=0210630000;
%% Request 2
99unknown10A0372EEUSERpass1TDEunknown01UK042000245000000000050000000000
01A0100000000100002DTR1=123456789,FRQ1=0210630000;
%% Request 3
99unknown10A0372EEUSERpass1TDEunknown01UK042000345000000000050000000000
01A0100000000100002DTR1=000000789,FRQ1=0210630000;
%% Request 4
99unknown10A0372EEUSERpass1TDEunknown01UK042000445000000000050000000000
01A0100000000100002DTR1=000000789,FRQ1=0210630000;
%% Request 5
99unknown10A0372EEUSERpass1TDEunknown01UK042002345000000000050000000000
01A0100000000100002DTR1=000000789,FRQ1=2210630000;
%% Request 6
99unknown10A1294EEUSERpass1TDEunknown01UK042001245000000000050000000000
01A0100000000100002DTR1=000000789,FRQ1=0210630000;
%% UNCLASSIFIED
%%

```

Figure 8-21. Bulk Schedule File Format

8.11.2 Submitting Bulk Schedules

8.11.2.1 Select Bulk Scheduling Request

To submit bulk requests, select from the Main Control Panel, Scheduling, then NCC, then Bulk Scheduling Request on the pull-down menu. See Figure 6-7, NCC Schedule Submenu. After selecting the Bulk Scheduling Request option, the Select Bulk Schedule Request Data File appears.

8.11.2.2 Select Bulk Schedule Request Data File Display

- a. The Select Bulk Schedule Request Data File display, see Figure 8-22, contains user schedule request files. The display enables users to select the applicable request file for validation of requests. The default directory for this display is `bulk_sched`. It is located in the “Look In” window of the display. Users may choose alternate directories for request files, however the user must remember the directory location if the alternate directory is not specified in the `client.prop` file (see paragraph 3.5). If the alternate directory is not specified in the `client.prop` file, the SWSI system defaults to the `bulk_sched` directory.

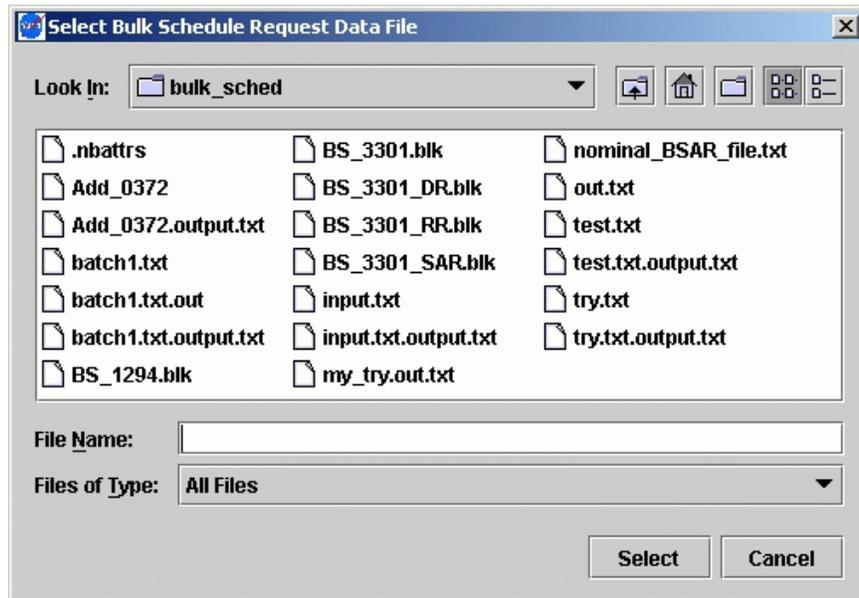


Figure 8-22. Select Bulk Schedule Request Data File

- b. This display also contains the following five features just to the right of the “Look In” window, (from left to right):



Takes user to preceding directory level.



Takes user to desktop.



Creates a new folder.



Organizes files into a list format.



Organizes files into a list format with added detailed information.

- c. To submit a request file for validation, select the applicable file to be submitted. Click once to have file name appear in the File Name window, and then click on Select. Click twice to have the file automatically selected.
- d. If Cancel is selected the user is returned to the Main Control Panel.
- e. After the file has been selected the Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File appears.

8.11.2.3 Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File

- a. Figure 8-23, is a summary of valid (green) and invalid (red) requests in a file that has been validated by SWSI. At the bottom of the display is a log of the number of ingested requests, valid requests, and invalid requests. To save the file, click on the Submit button. This directs the user to the Select An Output File Name display (see Figure 8-31), to save the validated file. To quit the display, click on Cancel. A response window appears with, “Would you like to save the validation result?” See Figure 8-24. A “Yes” click results in an output file to save the validated requests to a file. A “No” click exits the user to the Main Control Panel.

Entry Number	Status	Message Type	Message Class	SUPIDEN	Customer Priority	TDRS	TSWs	Referenced Request ID	Wait List	Nominal Start Time	Plus Tolerance	Minus Tolerance	Freeze Interval	Prototype Event ID
1	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 00:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
2	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 00:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
3	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 00:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
4	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 01:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
5	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 01:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
6	Invalid	99	10	ABC1234	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 01:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
7	Invalid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	3		1	04/295 02:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
8	Invalid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		3	04/295 02:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
9	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 02:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
10	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 03:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
11	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 03:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
12	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 03:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
13	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 04:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
14	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 04:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
15	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 04:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
16	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 05:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
17	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 05:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
18	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 05:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
19	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 06:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
20	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 06:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
21	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 06:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
22	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 07:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
23	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 07:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
24	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 07:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
25	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 08:00:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
26	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 08:20:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	
27	Valid	99	10	A0372EE	1	TDE	0		1	04/295 08:40:00	00:00:00	00:50:00	00:00:00	

Brief Summary: Requests Ingested = 120; Valid Requests = 117; Invalid Requests = 3;

Submit Cancel

Figure 8-23. Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File Display

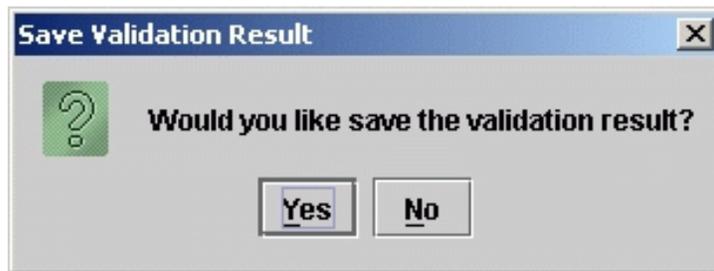


Figure 8-24. Save Validation Result Display

- b. Detailed information about each listed request is obtained anywhere by clicking on the request line.
 - 1. If a Message Class 10 (SAR) request is selected by clicking on the request line in the display (ex., Entry # 4 or 5 from Figure 8-23), a Schedule Add Request Detail Window for Entry # XX is displayed. See Figure 8-25.

Schedule Add Request Detail Window For Entry # 116

Message Type:	<input type="text" value="99"/>	Wait List:	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Message Class:	<input type="text" value="10"/>	Start Time:	<input type="text" value="04/29/95 21:30:00"/>
SUPIDEN:	<input type="text" value="A0372CS"/>	Plus Tolerance:	<input type="text" value="00:00:00"/>
Priority:	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Minus Tolerance:	<input type="text" value="00:00:00"/>
TDRS:	<input type="text" value="ANY"/>	Freeze Interval:	<input type="text" value="00:00:00"/>
TSWs:	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Prototype Event ID:	<input type="text"/>

Number of Service Specification Codes:

Service Request(s):

SSC ID	Start Time	Duration	# of Keyword Params	Keyword Parameters
H21	00:00:00	00:20:00	07	MIND=000700 UDAN=1 DTR1=000000789 FRQ1=0212000000 POLN=0 CCPN=1 DOPC=1
K51	00:00:00	00:20:00	20	MIND=000700 UDAN=0 DTR1=000000789 DTR2=000000300 FRQ1=0221600000 POLN=1 ERP1=-099 ERP2=+099

Status

valid.

Modify Close

Figure 8-25. Schedule Add Request Detail Window for Entry # XX Display

2. If a Message Class 11 (SDR) request is selected, a Schedule Delete Request Detail Window for Entry # XX is displayed. See Figure 8-26.

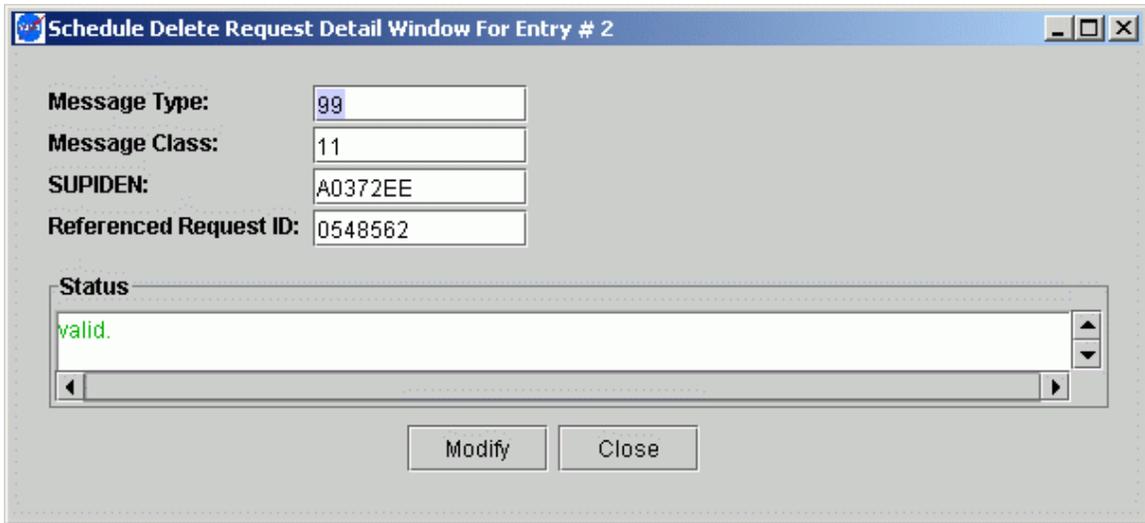


Figure 8-26. Schedule Delete Request Detail Window for Entry # XX Display

3. If a Message Class 12 (RR) request is selected, a Replace Request Detail Window for Entry # XX is displayed. See Figure 8-27.

Replace Request Detail Window For Entry # 1

Message Type:	99	Wait List:	1
Message Class:	12	Start Time:	04/295 00:00:00
SUPIDEN:	A0372EE	Plus Tolerance:	00:00:00
TDRS:	TDE	Minus Tolerance:	00:50:00
Referenced Request ID:	0548562	Freeze Interval:	00:00:00
TSWs:	0	Prototype Event ID:	

Number of Service Specification Codes: 01

Service Request(s):

SSC ID	Start Time	Duration	# of Keyword Params	Keyword Parameters
A01	00:00:00	00:10:00	02	DTR1=000000789 FRQ1=0210630000

Status

valid.

Modify Close

Figure 8-27. Replace Request Detail Window for Entry # XX Display

- c. Each request detail window contains detailed request information for the Entry # line selected. At the bottom is the Status window. Valid requests are declared “valid” in green. Invalid requests result in a variety of different messages displayed in red. See Figure 8-28 as one example. An invalid SUPIDEN is flagged. To correct invalid parameters continue to the paragraph that discusses troubleshooting invalid requests.

Schedule Add Request Detail Window For Entry # 1

Message Type:	99	Wait List:	0
Message Class:	10	Start Time:	04/26/06 06:36:58
SUPIDEN:	A1234EE	Plus Tolerance:	23:00:00
Priority:	1	Minus Tolerance:	23:00:00
TDRS:	TDE	Freeze Interval:	00:00:00
TSWs:	0	Prototype Event ID:	

Number of Service Specification Codes: 01

Service Request(s):

SSC ID	Start Time	Duration	# of Keyword Params	Keyword Parameters
H21	00:00:00	00:20:00	05	MIND=000700 UDAN=1 POLN=0 CCPN=1 DOPC=1

Status

invalid: Supiden - A1234EE not in SWSI database or not authorized.

Modify Close

Figure 8-28. Schedule Add Request Detail Window with Invalid Message

- d. Message class designations for Bulk Scheduling SARs, SDRs, and RRs, are 10, 11, 12, respectively. If a user enters in any other number when creating the request, the request will be flagged as invalid and shown as red in the Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File display. Upon clicking on the request line to access the Request Detailed Window display, an alternate message appears, stating that details for the invalid message cannot be displayed because the message class number is not an SAR, SDR or RR. The Bulk Scheduling Enhancement does not support any other request type. See Figure 8-29.

NOTE

The status box in Figures 8-25 to 8-28 contains the validation result message returned. Refer to Appendix F for a list of these messages.



Figure 8-29. Request Details Window Error Display

8.11.2.4 Troubleshooting Invalid Requests

8.11.2.4.1 Invalid Requests Troubleshooting from Summary of Bulk Schedule Requests Data File Display

Invalid requests that appear red on the Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File Display can be examined to determine the problem area using a text editor (e.g., Notepad). Open the recently saved file within Notepad. A full listing of all requests, valid and invalid is displayed. Scroll down to locate invalid requests. Each entry is flagged with an Entry ID that correlates to the Entry ID listed for each request in the Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File Display. An explanation message follows each invalid request.

8.11.2.4.2 Invalid Requests Troubleshooting from SAR and RR Detail Window Displays

- a. Detail Window displays containing red invalid status messages are troubleshoot/corrected by two different methods.
 1. The upper part of the Detail Window display contains twelve parameter text boxes. Values are corrected directly by clicking on the invalid text box and entering the corrected value. The user then clicks on Modify to execute the change. The user then checks the status window at the bottom of the Detail Window display to see if there are any other parameters in the top area of the display to be corrected.
 2. The lower part of the Detail Window display contains the service request windows. Values are corrected by clicking upon the service request table containing the invalid parameter. A Service Detail display comes up. See Figure 8-30. Values can be corrected by entering new parameters in the appropriate windows on the display. When the corrections are completed, click on Modify. The user is then returned to the Detail Window. The user then checks to see if there are any other invalid parameters by checking the status window on the Detail Window display. If another invalid message is displayed, the user continues the process of correcting the problem parameter. The troubleshooting

and correcting continues until a valid message appears in the status window of the Detail Window display.

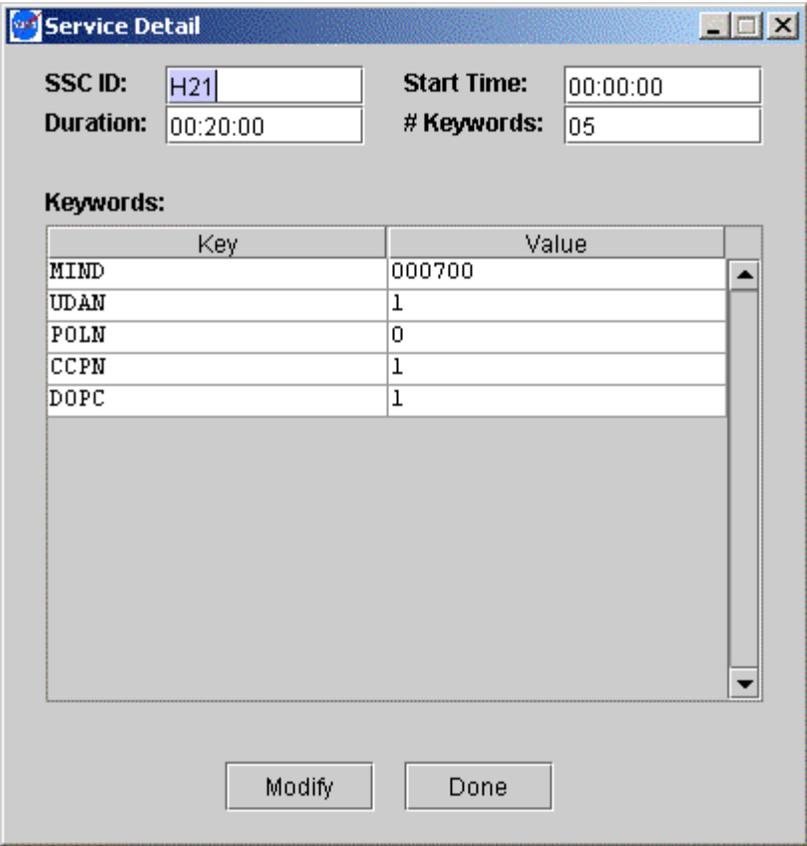


Figure 8-30. Service Detail Display

- b. When entering in correct values in the Service Detail display, if the user deletes a keyword and does not replace the keyword, an Error Message Dialog is displayed. See Figure 8-31. This alerts the user that a keyword has been left empty. Upon clicking on OK, the user is returned to the Service Detail display and the blank keyword is refilled with the original keyword.



Figure 8-31. Error Message Dialog Display

8.11.2.5 Select An Output File Name

- a. To save the request file, directly from the Summary of Bulk Schedule Request File display (see Figure 8-23), or once all corrections have been made to a file, the user proceeds to the Select an Output File Name display.
- b. The Select An Output File Name display, see Figure 8-32, enables the user to save the validated request file. To save the file, the user clicks on the Save button. The file will be saved to the system default directory, `bulk_sched`, appending the suffix “.out” to the original file name. If the user wishes to save the request file to a different directory other than the default directory, an alternate directory must be entered in the Save In window. The user must remember this alternate directory name if the alternate directory is not specified in the `client.prop` file (see paragraph 3.5). If the alternate directory is not specified in the `client.prop` file, the SWSI system defaults to the `bulk_sched` directory.
- c. A user may also choose a different file name other than the default file name that appears in the File Name window. The user must remember the alternate file name as the SWSI system will always default to the given file name. To quit this display, click on the Cancel button. The user is returned to the Main Control Panel. To save the request file, click on the Save button. If no data has been modified, the user is then directed to the Bulk Request Submission Progress display. If the user has modified any of the data, a Data Change Notification Message is displayed.

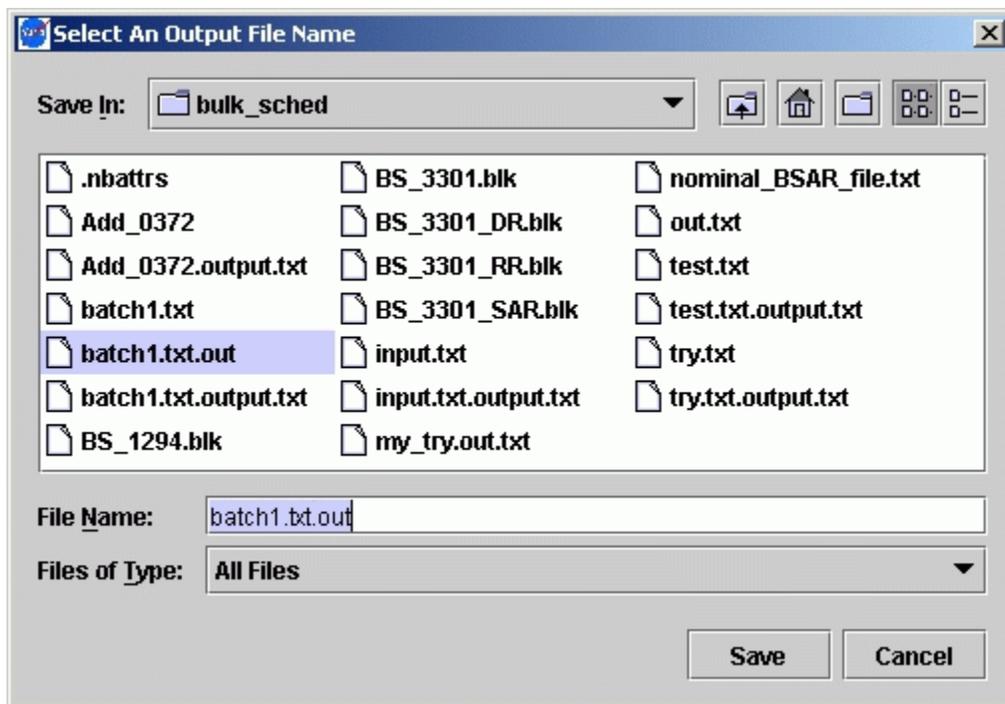


Figure 8-32. Select an Output File Name Display

8.11.2.6 Data Change Notification Message

The Data Change Notification Message, see Figure 8-33, is displayed when data has been modified. It alerts the user that the modified data does not reflect the original request data.



Figure 8-33. Data Change Notification Message

8.11.2.7 Bulk Request Submission Progress

The bulk request submission progress display, see Figure 8-34, gives the processing status of a file being saved and a visual status of each request sent to the NCCDS. The Submission Progress bar display in percentage, the completion rate. The Window lists each request that has been successfully sent. While the requests are being sent, the Close button is grayed out. When complete, click on the active Close button. This returns the user to the Main Control Panel.

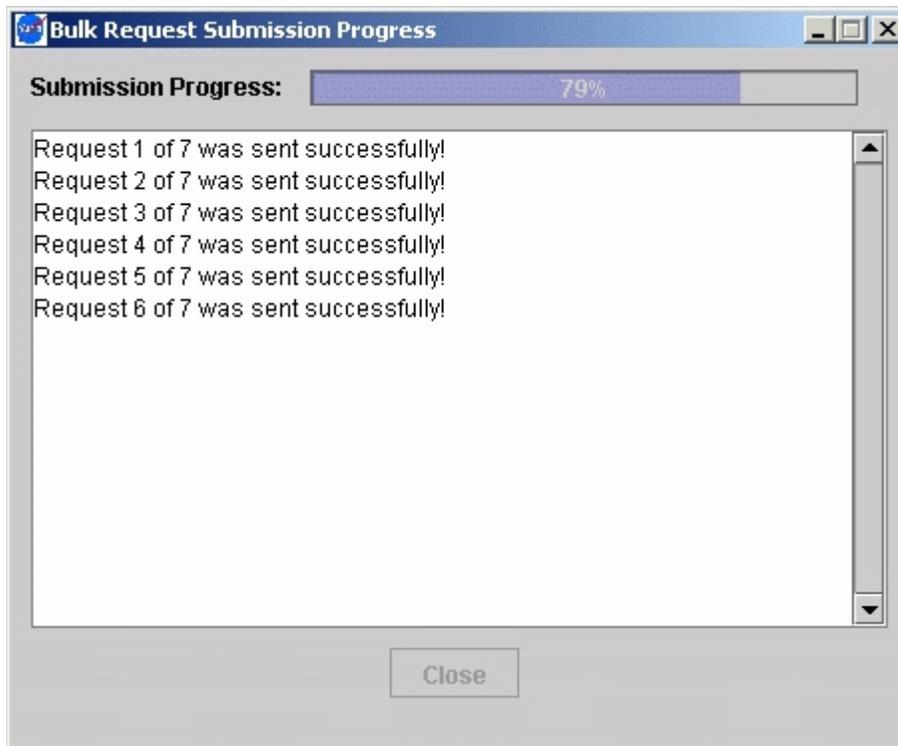


Figure 8-34. Bulk Request Submission Progress Display

Section 9. Performance Data Monitoring

9.1 Introduction

- a. Performance data encompasses all real-time messages sent by NCCDS to SWSI during an ongoing event, including User Performance Data (UPD) messages, Return Channel Time Delay (RCTD) measurements, Time Transfer Messages (TTM), and Acquisition Failure Notification (AFN). These messages are generated from within the NCCDS by the Communications and Control Segment (CCS).
- b. CCS allows customers to selectively enable and disable performance data transmission. SWSI configures its interface with CCS such that performance data is always enabled for all missions that it supports. Whether a SWSI user actually sees the data is dependent on whether the appropriate UPD panels using the Client software are opened. There is a condition that may occur in the communication between SWSI and CCS where performance data may not be transmitted even though an event may be ongoing. In this case, the user will need to contact NCCDS operations personnel to ensure that the site associated with their mission has been configured as “up” on CCS.

9.2 User Performance Data Summary

- a. The UPD Summary Panel provides a summary of all ongoing services for which UPD messages are being received for all SICs for which the user is authorized and has selected to be active for this session. A sample panel is shown in Figure 9-1. The panel is displayed by selecting the UPDs menu option in the Control/Monitor menu.

Time	SUPIDEN/SIC	Status	Service	TDRS	Link/EventID	Submit GCMR
2003/097 19:51:35	B1294MS	Good	MAF	TDW		
2003/097 19:51:35	B1294MS	Out of Tolerance	MAR	TDW	03	

Close

Figure 9-1. UPD Summary Panel

- b. A summary of each UPD stream is shown in tabular form. Each stream is uniquely identified by SUPIDEN, TDRS, Link ID, and UPD service type. The listing is dynamic, with streams appearing and disappearing as new UPD types are received and existing types disappear. The following properties specify the timeout values that are used to control this behavior:
 - 1. DASUPDPrimaryExpirationTime. Time in seconds by which another DAS UPD must arrive after which a service is flagged as expired.

2. `DASUPDSSecondaryExpirationTime`. Time in seconds by which another DAS UPD must arrive after which a service is removed from the list of active services in the UPD Summary Frame.
 3. `NCCUPDPrimaryExpirationTime`. Time in seconds by which another NCCDS UPD must arrive after which a service is flagged as expired.
 4. `NCCUPDSSecondaryExpirationTime`. Time in seconds by which another NCCDS UPD must arrive after which a service is removed from the list of active services in the UPD Summary Frame.
- c. The panel consists of the following items:
1. `Time`. Time tag from UPD message.
 2. `SUPIDEN/SIC`. Support Identifier. SIC is displayed instead of SUPIDEN for DAS services.
 3. `Status`. Overall status for the service. This is also a button that, when clicked, opens a UPD Detail panel as described in paragraph 9.3. The status button is labeled with the maximum severity of UPD detail data as determined by limit checks performed on the data from the UPD detail panel. This button also provides an indication of the status of the incoming data. A listing of possible color-coded status values is given in Table 9-1.
 4. `Service.UPD` service type. A list of valid types is shown in Table 9-2. With the exception of *DASMAR*, these types are derived from the UPD service types described in detail in Section 8 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM. Each type also contains data from the associated header packets. Separate UPD service types are provided for the various Data Group (DG) configurations. Optional Data Quality Monitoring (DQM) data is included with the appropriate return service packet.
 5. `TDRS`. TDRS name.
 6. `Link/EventID`. Antenna or Link ID for NCCDS services, Event ID for DAS services.
 7. `GCMR`. For services for which this is possible, this is a button that causes a Ground Control Message Request (GCMR) menu to be displayed, allowing the user to reconfigure the service. The menu panel varies depending on whether the selected service is an NCCDS or a DAS MAR service. GCMRs may also be initiated through the Active Schedule Event Service Display. GCMRs are described in detail in Section 10.

Table 9-1. UPD Service Status Values

Color	Label	Explanation
Green	Good	UPDs are active. No limit-checked parameter failed.
Yellow	Warning	UPDs are active. At least one limit-checked parameter is at the warning level. No limit-checked parameters are worse than the warning level.
Red	Out of Tolerance	UPDs are active. At least one limit-checked parameter is out of tolerance.
Red	Invalid Data	An invalid value was received for at least one parameter. This usually indicates an NCCDS or SWSI software error. SN operations or SWSI development support should be notified.
White with Green Striped Border	One Chnl Bad	UPDs are active. The parameters for one return channel (I or Q) passed validation while the other channel failed.
Gray	UPDs Ended	UPDs are not active. Timeout expired without updates for this service.
White with Red Striped Border	Stale Data	Stale data was received from NCCDS. The data is a repeat of data received in a previous UPD.

Table 9-2. UPD Service Types

UPD Type	Associated Service Type
MAF	MAF
SMAF	SMAF
SSAF	SSAF
KSAF	KSAF
KaSAF	KASAF
MAR	MAR
SMAR DG1	SMAR
SMAR DG2	SMAR
SSAR DG1	SSAR
SSAR DG2	SSAR
KSAR DG1	KSAR
KSAR DG2	KSAR
KaSAR DG2	KASAR
KaSARWB DG2	KASARWB
EETF	EETF
EETR	EETR
DASMAR	DASMAR

9.3 UPD Details

9.3.1 General

- a. The UPD Detail Panel is used to display the values of all UPD parameters for a given service. A separate panel is created for each UPD stream. The panels are displayed by clicking the associated service button on the UPD Summary Panel. A sample panel is shown in Figure 9-2.

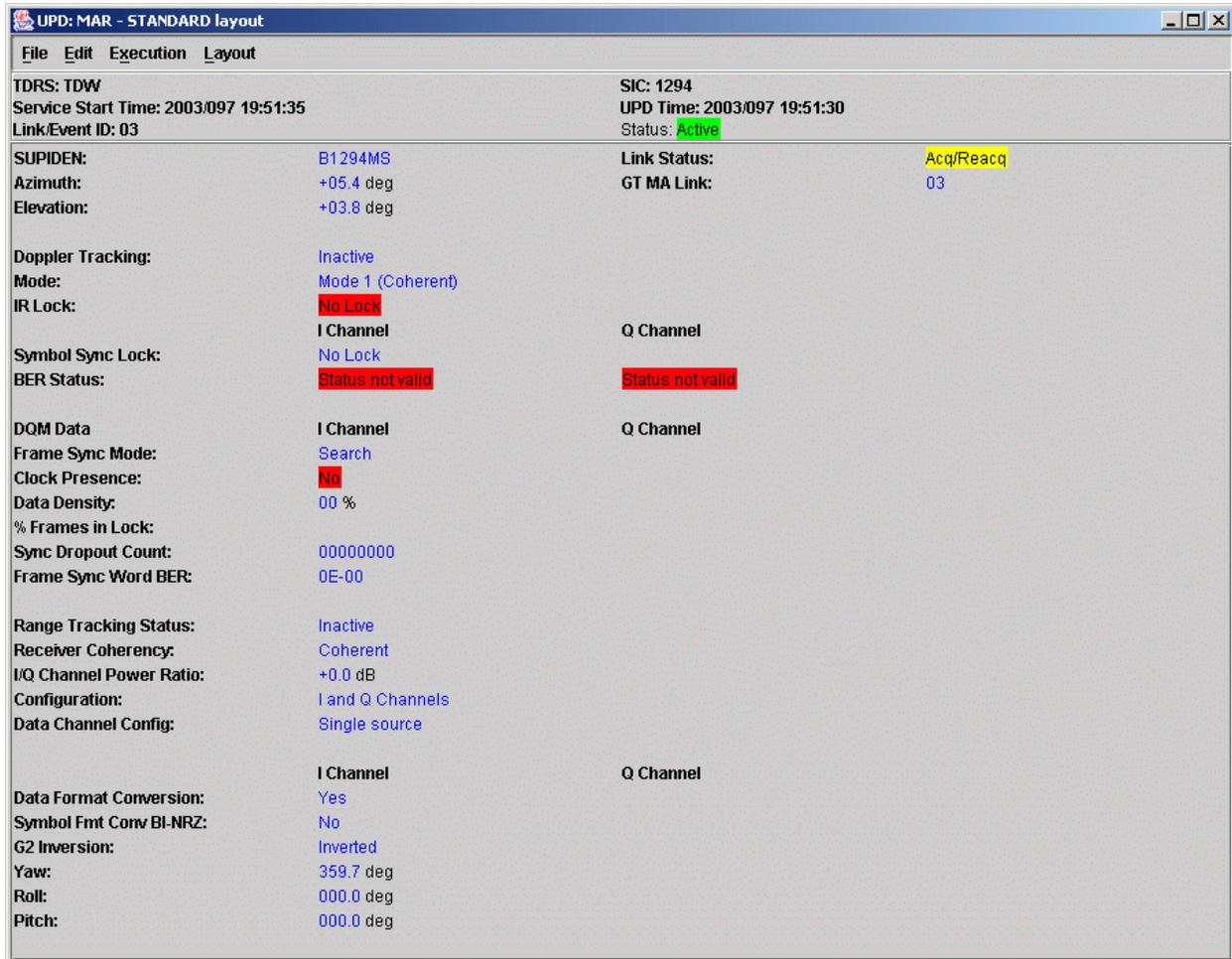


Figure 9-2. UPD Detail Panel

- b. The UPD Detail Panel consists of a title, menu bar, header panel, and body panel. The title gives the UPD service name and the current layout name. The header panel provides additional information about the service, including TDRS ID, SIC, service start time (timetag from first UPD received), time tag from the latest UPD received, antenna or link number/Event ID, and the current UPD status in color (green Active or red Ended).
- c. The body panel at the bottom shows the values for each parameter. Parameter value limit checking is supported, with values displayed according to color codes described in

Table 9-3. Validation results are also used in determining the service status in the UPD Summary Panel as described in Table 9-1.

- d. The UPD Detail Panel supports customization of panel layout. On initial Client installation, all detail panels are displayed using a standard layout as indicated in the panel title. This layout describes a default layout describing which parameters are displayed and what limit checking is performed. Editing of the panel layouts is outside the scope of this document. The standard layouts are described in Appendix D. The following subsections describing menu options for the detail panel excludes those options having to do with layout editing and selection.

Table 9-3. UPD Detail Item Coding

Data Color	Description
Black	Label (static)
Blue	Non-limit checked parameter value
Green	Limit-checked parameter value, data in good range
Yellow	Limit-checked parameter value, data in marginal range
Red	Limit-checked parameter value, data is out of tolerance or invalid

9.3.2 Window Print Menu Option

The Window Print menu option from the File menu is used to print a screen image of the detail panel.

9.3.3 Window Snapshot Menu Option

The Window Snapshot menu option from the File menu is used to save an image showing the current window contents to a JPEG file.

9.3.4 Close Menu Option

9.3.5 Pause Menu Option

The Pause menu option from the Execution menu is used to temporarily halt data updates to the detail panel. When Pause mode is selected, a check mark appears to the left of the Pause option in the Execution menu. Selecting the Pause option, resumes data updates. In Pause mode, summary status is not computed and the status shown in the UPD Summary Panel is not updated.

9.3.6 Update Menu Option

The Update menu option from the Execution menu is used to display the most current data while in Pause mode. However, the corresponding summary status in the UPD Summary Panel is not updated. The panel remains in Pause mode after selection of the Update option.

9.4 UPD Logging

- a. The UPD logging menu option from the Control/Monitor menu controls whether or not UPD data received from NCCDS and DAS is logged to a file on the Client workstation. The following properties control UPD logging behavior:
 1. UPDLogging. Defines whether UPD message logging is enabled at Client startup.
 2. UPDLogDir. Directory where UPD messages received from NCCDS or DAS are written to.
 3. UPDArchiveDir. Directory to which archived (old) UPD messages are moved.
 4. UPDMaxLogSize. Maximum UPD log file size in bytes. When the UPD log file reaches this size, the current UPD log file is closed and a new UPD log file is started.
- b. UPD log files are of the form:
SIC_<SIC>_at_YYYY_DDD_HHMMSS.upd
- c. Where:
 1. SIC = Support Identification code.
 2. YYYY_DDD_HHMMSS = timetag from first UPD in file.
- d. Separate files are created for each SIC for which the user is authorized and selected to be active for this session. UPDs for all services associated with a given SIC are stored in the same file. File rollover occurs either when the *UPDMaxLogSize* is reached or when any one of the UPD streams being stored ends as defined by *UPDSecondaryExpirationTime* and disappears from the UPD Summary Panel.
- e. The format of the UPD log file is described in detail in Appendix E.

9.5 Return Channel Time Delay Message

- a. NCCDS Return Channel Time Delay (RCTD) Measurement messages are automatically stored in a file on the client workstation when they are received. The location of the file is defined by the *rctdOutputPath* property. RCTD files are of the form:
<MODE>_<SIC>_YYYY_DDD_HHMMSS.rctd
- b. Where:
 1. MODE = OPS or EIF.
 2. SIC = Support Identification code.
 3. YYYY_DDD_HHMMSS = time that message was received.
- c. At time of receipt, a green Information alert similar to the following is also displayed:
RCTDM Received, SUPIDEN B1294EE, TDE SSAR1
- d. The message is stored in binary in the same format as described in Table 8-16 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM.

9.6 Time Transfer Message

- a. NCCDS Time Transfer Messages (TTMs) are automatically stored in a file on the client workstation when they are received. The location of the file is defined by the `ttmOutputPath` property. TTM files are of the form:
`<MODE>_<SIC>_YYYY_DDD_HHMMSS.ttm`
- b. Where:
 1. MODE = OPS or EIF.
 2. SIC = Support Identification code.
 3. YYYY_DDD_HHMMSS = time that message was received.
- c. At time of receipt, a green Information alert similar to the following is also displayed:
TTM Received, SUPIDEN B1294EE, TDE SSAR1
- d. The message is stored in binary in the same format as described in Table 8-18 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM.

9.7 Acquisition Failure Notification

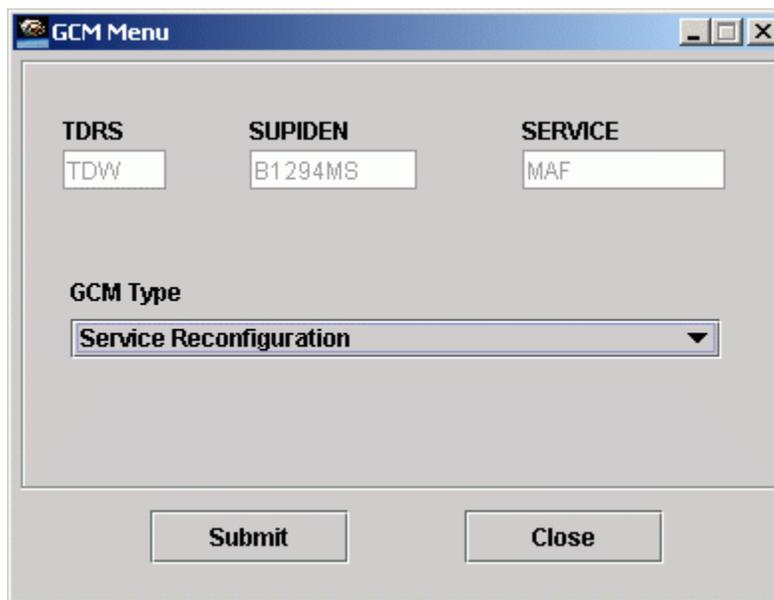
Acquisition Failure Notification (AFN) messages received from the NCCDS result in a yellow Warning alert being displayed, similar to the following:

Acquisition Failure, SUPIDEN D8603WD, 275 SSAR1

Section 10. Service Reconfiguration

10.1

The panel shown in Figure 10-1 is the Ground Control Message Request (GCMR) menu panel for reconfiguring ongoing NCCDS services. This panel is displayed either through the Event Service Display described in paragraph 8.7.2 or through the UPD Summary Panel described in paragraph 9.2.



The image shows a software window titled "GCM Menu". It contains three text input fields: "TDRS" with the value "TDW", "SUPIDEN" with the value "B1294MS", and "SERVICE" with the value "MAF". Below these is a "GCM Type" dropdown menu currently set to "Service Reconfiguration". At the bottom of the window are two buttons: "Submit" and "Close".

Figure 10-1. GCM Menu Panel

10.2

- a. The following selections are provided in the GCM Type menu:
 1. Service Reconfiguration.
 2. User Reacquisition Request.
 3. Forward Link Sweep Request.
 4. Forward Link EIRP Reconfiguration – Normal Power.
 5. Forward Link EIRP Reconfiguration – High Power.
 6. Expanded User Frequency Uncertainty Request.
 7. Doppler Compensation Inhibit Request.

10.3

With the exception of the Service Reconfiguration, selecting any one of these possible options and clicking *Submit* causes the request to immediately be sent to the SWSI server. In cases where a GCMR is submitted which is not appropriate for a given service, an error alert dialog box similar to that shown in Figure 10-2 is displayed.



Figure 10-2. Invalid GCMR Error Dialog

10.4

Selection of Service Reconfiguration Request causes a Reconfigurable Parameters Panel similar to that shown in Figure 10-3 to appear. This panel is similar to the Service Parameter Panel discussed in Section 8, except that it displays the current reconfigurable parameter values for that ongoing service. The values in the left column reflect the initial values assigned when the service was scheduled, plus any changes that have occurred with subsequent reconfigurations. Changes are made by editing the values in the right column. Clicking the *Submit* button causes the message dialog in Figure 10-4 to appear and for the request to be sent to the SWSI server.

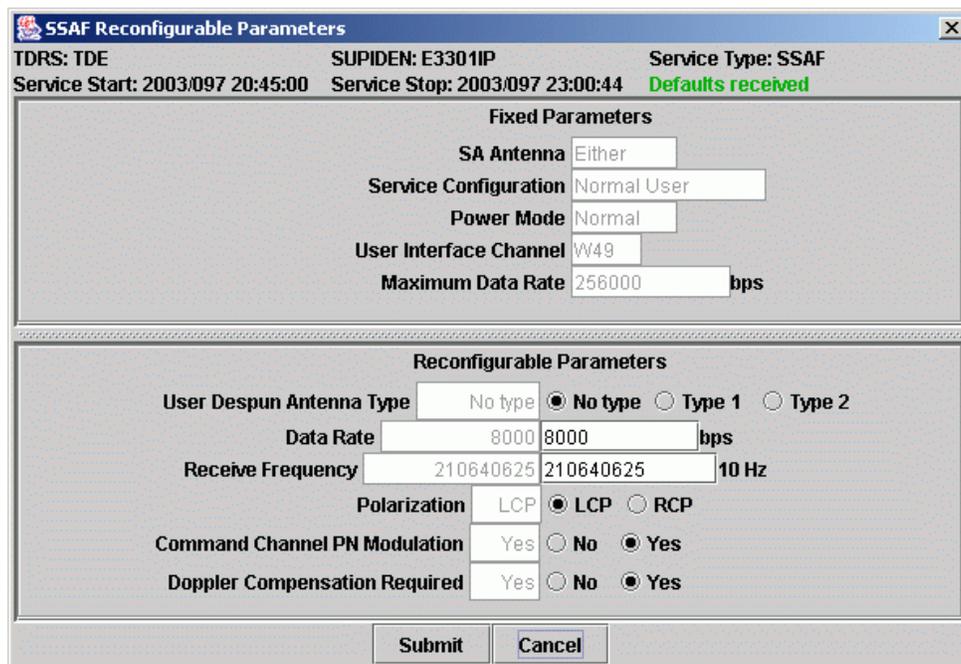


Figure 10-3. Reconfigurable Parameters Panel



Figure 10-4. GCMR Message Sent Dialog

10.5

Once any GCMR is sent to the server, a unique Request ID is assigned and the message is formatted for transmission to the NCCDS. Alerts are generated by the server for each step in the message exchange that results in the request either being accepted or rejected. The Alert Message Panel may be used to monitor the progress of this exchange.

10.6

Following is a typical sequence of events for a successfully submitted GCMR:

- a. The GCMR is transmitted to the NCCDS.
- b. The NCCDS responds with a GCM Disposition message indicating whether or not the message was successfully acknowledged by the White Sands Complex (WSC).
- c. The NCCDS responds with a GCM Status message indicating whether the GCMR was accepted or rejected. If rejected, a reason for rejection is given as defined by the reject codes in Table 8-13 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM.

10.7

Following is a typical set of alerts for the case where a GCMR is successfully processed:

```
Reacq Req ID #0003581, SUPIDEN D8603WD, 171 SSAF1 transmitted to ANCC
GCM Disposition received for Reacq Req ID #3581, SUPIDEN D8603WD, ACK'd at 02/303
19:34:42
GCM Status received for Reacq Req ID #3581, SUPIDEN D8603WD: Accepted
```

10.8

In this case, since the request was successful, all the alerts are of green (Information) severity. Following is a case where a request is rejected:

```
Fwd Link EIRP Reconfig Req ID #0104220, SUPIDEN B1294EE, TDE MAF transmitted to
ANCC
GCM Status received for Fwd Link EIRP Reconfig Req ID #104220, SUPIDEN B1294EE:
Rejected (28), GCM class inappropriate to service type or configuration.
```

10.9

The GCM Status alert is of yellow (Warning) severity to indicate that there was a problem with the request such that it was rejected. Note also that since the GCMR was rejected prior to transmission to WSC, no GCM Disposition message was received. For GCMRs rejected by WSC, a GCM Disposition alert will be displayed.

10.10

Listed in Table 10-1 are alerts indicating that a problem occurred in transmitting a GCMR outside of a normal rejection by NCCDS.

NOTE

Since Data Stream ID is displayed as octal number. A service specification code (SSC) with a blank Data Stream ID migrated from NCC may cause parsing problem when submitting GCMR. When this happened, consult the SWSI database administrator.

Table 10-1. GCMR Error Alerts

Error Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
Error transmitting <GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service> to NCC, dropping message	Red	There was an error in transmitting the message to NCCDS. The message is being dropped and will need to be resubmitted.
Unable to connect to NCC, dropping <GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service>	Red	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The message is being dropped and will need to be resubmitted. SN operations personnel should be notified of the error, as it indicates either an operations or a database problem.
GCMR ID #xxxxxxx invalid: Realtime Connection entry not found	Red	The SWSI database has not been properly configured for the SIC. The message is dropped. The SN DBA should be contacted to correct the error.
GCMR ID #xxxxxxx invalid: <reason for invalid request>	Red	The GCMR is not properly formatted and will be dropped. This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.

Section 11. State Vectors

11.1 Introduction

This section contains a detailed description of how to use the SWSI Client application to send state vectors to the NCCDS and DAS. It is not meant to be a comprehensive guide on how the Space Network processes state vectors. For more detailed information, refer to the *SN Users' Guide (SNUG)*, the *NCCDS Operations Concept Document*, the *452-ICD-SN/CSM*, the *DAS/SWSI ICD*, the *NCC-FDF/WSC ICD*, and the *DAS Operations Concept Document*.

11.2 Generating State Vectors

11.2.1 General

- a. The Geocentric State Vector, Geodetic State Vector, and State Vector Manual Import panels allow the user to generate an IIRV Message for submission to the NCCDS or a State Vector Update message to DAS. There is also a State Vector File Automatic Import feature for submitting state vectors through a local directory on the client host.
- b. State Vectors contain the spacecraft position and velocity for a given epoch. In addition, they contain a SIC, vector destination, and vector type. The Client only generates stationary (fixed) and orbiting (free flight) state vectors. Maneuver sequence vectors are not supported.

NOTE

Refer to Note in paragraph 8.4 for submitting RAR and RAMR after vector propagation

11.2.2 Geocentric State Vector Panel

- a. The Geocentric State Vector Generation Panel allows the user to submit a state vector using Cartesian (XYZ) position and velocity components for an object that is stationary or orbiting. The panel is shown in Figure 11-1. The position and velocity components should be referenced to the Greenwich True-of-Date Rotating Coordinate System (see the *NCC-FDF/WSC ICD* for details).
- b. The Geocentric State Vector Generation Panel consists of the following items:
 1. Epoch. An instant in time used as a point of reference.
 2. SIC. Support Identification Code.
 3. Vector Destination. Destined for NCCDS, DAS, or Both.
 4. Vector Type. Stationary (fixed) or orbiting (free flight).

5. Position. X, Y, Z position coordinates expressed in meters.
6. Velocity. V_x , V_y , V_z velocity coordinates expressed in meters/second.

Figure 11-1. Geocentric State Vector Generation Panel

- c. When the panel is opened, the Epoch is initially set to the current UTC. The user must first select a destination (NCC, DAS, or Both), then select from a list of SICs that are appropriate for that destination. If DAS is selected for a Stationary vector, then the Epoch field is cleared and disabled. In this case, the SWSI server sets the Epoch to ensure that it is in the past. For Stationary vectors sent to Both, the Epoch field remains enabled. However, the Epoch entry is ignored for the state vector sent to DAS and is instead set by the server in the same manner as if it were destined only for DAS.
- d. At a minimum, the XYZ position fields must be filled in prior to submitting the state vector. The velocity component fields are optional fields and may be left blank. The position and velocity fields are numeric floating-point fields, which may contain only numeric digits and an optional minus sign. Position fields are limited to twelve digits. Velocity fields are limited to nine whole number digits and eighteen decimal digits. Regardless of the field length limits, the position and velocity fields are truncated to the proper length prior to transmission to NCCDS or DAS.
- e. The *Clear* button clears all entries in the panel. Pressing *Cancel* will close the panel without submitting a state vector. The *Submit* button is used to submit the request to the server, where a unique Message ID is assigned and the message is formatted for

transmission to the NCCDS or DAS. For state vectors transmitted to the NCCDS, if the transmission is successful, then an alert similar to the following is received:

Type 8 IIRV ID #0070577, Epoch 094 21:32:00.000 transmitted to NCC

- f. Table A-5 lists all the possible alerts for state vectors sent to the NCCDS, including alerts due to error conditions.

11.2.3 Geodetic State Vector Panel

- a. The Geodetic State Vector Generation Panel allows the user to submit a stationary state vector using geodetic coordinates (latitude, longitude, altitude). The panel is shown in Figure 11-2. The Client converts the geodetic coordinates to Cartesian position components and zero velocity components based upon the World Geodetic System (WGS) 1984 (WGS-84) Reference System.
- b. The Geodetic State Vector Generation Panel consists of the following items:
 - 1. Epoch. An instant in time used as a point of reference.
 - 2. SIC. Support Identification Code.
 - 3. Vector Destination. Destined for NCCDS, DAS, or Both.
 - 4. Altitude. Height expressed in meters.
 - 5. Latitude. Angle between the vertical at the location and the plane of the equator expressed in degrees from -90 to $+90$.
 - 6. Longitude West. Angle between the prime meridian and the meridian of the location, taken positively towards the west expressed in degrees from 0 to 360.
- c. When the panel is opened, the Epoch is initially set to the current UTC. The user must first select a destination (NCC, DAS, or Both), then select from a list of SICs that are appropriate for that destination. If DAS is selected, then the Epoch field is cleared and disabled. In this case the SWSI server sets the Epoch to ensure that it is in the past. For state vectors sent to Both, the Epoch field remains enabled. However, the Epoch entry is ignored for the state vector sent to DAS and is instead set by the server in the same manner as if it were destined only for DAS.
- d. Altitude, Latitude, and Longitude West are numeric fields, which may contain only numeric floating point digits and an optional minus sign.
- e. The *Clear* button clears all entries in the panel. Pressing *Cancel* will close the panel without submitting a state vector. The *Submit* button is used to submit the request to the server, where a unique Message ID is assigned and the message is formatted for transmission to the NCCDS or DAS. For state vectors transmitted to the NCCDS, if the transmission is successful, then an alert similar to the following is received:

Type 8 IIRV ID #0070577, Epoch 094 21:32:00.000 transmitted to NCC
- f. f. Table A-5 lists all the possible alerts for state vectors sent to the NCCDS, including alerts due to error conditions.

Geodetic Reference System WGS-84
Re = 6,378,137 m, IFC = 298.2572

Epoch 2003 094 19 46 00 ↑ ↓

SIC 6951

NCC
 DAS
 Both

FOR STATIONARY (TYPE-8) ONLY

Altitude: (m)

Latitude: [+/- 90]

Longitude West: [0 - 360]

Submit Clear Cancel

Figure 11-2. Geodetic State Vector Generation Panel

11.3 Importing State Vectors

11.3.1 General

The Client allows the user to import state vector files and transmit them to the NCCDS and/or DAS. There are two methods of importing: manual and automatic. Each method is described in the following subsections. The state vector files must conform to the IIRV message format defined in Table 9.2 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM. There are some fields that are overwritten by SWSI when the vector is transmitted to the NCCDS. While these fields are overwritten, the customer is still required to populate the fields with the proper ranges of values for successful import. Table 11-1 describes those fields in particular.

Table 11-1. NCCDS IIRV Overwritten Fields

Field	452-ICD-SN/CSM, Table 9-2 Item	Default Value
Message Type	1	03
Message ID	2	SWSI-generated unique number
Message Source	3	0
Message Class	4	10
Message Start	5	GIIRV
Originator ID	6	<space>
Routing Indicator	7	<4 spaces>
Data Source	13	1
Transfer Type	14	1
Coordinate System	15	1
Vehicle Identification Code	17	01
Sequence Number	18	001
Mass	48	00000000
Cross-sectional Area	49	00000
Drag	50	0000
Sign Character	51	<space>
Coefficient of Solar Reflectivity	52	<space>0000000
End of Message	58	ITERM
Spare	59	<space>
Originating Routing Indicator	60	GCQU

11.3.2 State Vector File Manual Import Panel

The State Vector File Manual Import Panel allows the user to select a state vector file to be transmitted to NCCDS and/or DAS. The panel is shown in Figure 11-3. The panel is a file chooser dialog, which allows the user to navigate their file system to find a state vector file to be imported. On the panel, the state vector's destination must be selected using one of the radio buttons: NCC, DAS, or Both. For stationary (Type-8) state vectors destined for DAS, the Epoch is set by the SWSI server to ensure that the Epoch is in the past. For stationary (Type-8) state vectors destined for Both (NCCDS and DAS), the state vector that is sent to DAS will still have its Epoch set by the SWSI server. For orbiting (Type-1) state vectors destined for the DAS, the Epoch is submitted exactly as entered by the user. For all state vectors destined for the NCCDS, the Epoch is submitted exactly as entered by the user.

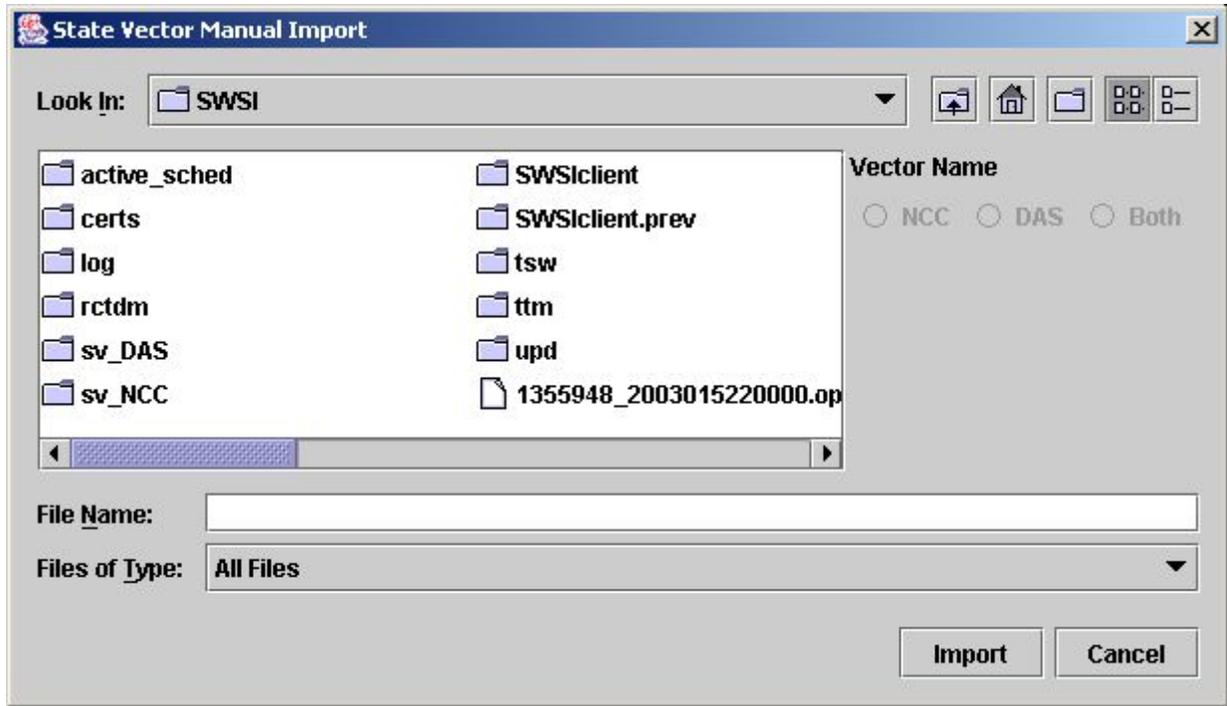


Figure 11-3. State Vector File Manual Import Panel

11.3.3 State Vector File Automatic Import Feature

- a. The Client allows state vector files to be placed into a vector queue directory on the user's workstation. This queue directory should contain the user's vectors that they wish to be sent to the NCCDS and/or DAS. The queue directory is periodically polled to have the Client import and send the vectors to the NCCDS and/or DAS. The following properties control state vector automatic import behavior:
 1. VectorQueuePollTime. Time (in minutes) delay between searches for state vector files.
 2. VectorQueueNCC. Directory that is searched for user-created NCCDS state vector files.
 3. VectorQueueDAS. Directory that is searched for user-created DAS state vector files.
 4. VectorArchiveNCC. Directory to which old NCCDS state vector files are moved after transmission.
 5. VectorArchiveDAS. Directory to which old DAS state vector files are moved after transmission.
- b. All the fields in the state vector file are verified prior to transmission. An alert is generated to notify the user of validation errors. Once transmitted, files are moved to an archive directory. If an error is found in a state vector file, the file is moved to the archive directory with an extension of ".error". Table 11-2 lists the alert messages received due to an invalid state vector.

Table 11-2. Invalid State Vector Alerts

Error Alert Message	Explanation
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: Vector #xxx : <IIRV Field Name> Field	The field in error does not conform to the 452-ICD-SN/CSM for state vector messages.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: <IIRV Field Name> Field	The field in error does not conform to the 452-ICD-SN/CSM for state vector messages.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: File Size	The file size is either less than the minimum size or greater than the maximum size.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: Unsupported SIC(s) found	The SIC found in this file is not supported for NCCDS or DAS.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: Epoch Field Not Set	This error should never occur. It is an indication of an internal Client error. The epoch for the vector could not be set.

Section 12. SSC Administration

This section details the SSC Administration.

- a. Users with mission manager privilege may edit the default SSC parameter values that are displayed in a schedule request (SAR, ASAR, RR, RAR, or RAMR) respecifiable parameters panel. For NCCDS requests, these values are used only for reference when respecifying parameters and don't necessarily need to be accurate, especially if no requests will be submitted with these values respecified. If NCCDS requests will be submitted with respecified parameters, then it is important that the default values in the SWSI database match those in the NCCDS database. Changes should therefore always be coordinated with the NCCDS DBA.
- b. For DAS requests, the default values represent the actual values sent in a RAR or RAMR and must be accurate. Coordination with the DAS DBA is not required.
- c. The process of adding or removing SSCs is strictly a SN DBA function that cannot be performed by a SWSI user. After the SN DBA adds a new code in coordination with the customer, a user with appropriate privilege may then edit the default parameter values. Note that new codes will not appear to the user until the first login session after the new code is added. SSC editing is initiated by selecting the Edit SSCs option in the Admin menu. This causes the menu panel shown in Figure 12-1 to appear. NCC or DAS must be selected first, then the SIC, after which the SSC may be selected from the list of SSCs for that SIC. Clicking the *Edit* button causes an Edit SSC Parameters Panel similar to that shown in Figure 12-2 to appear.

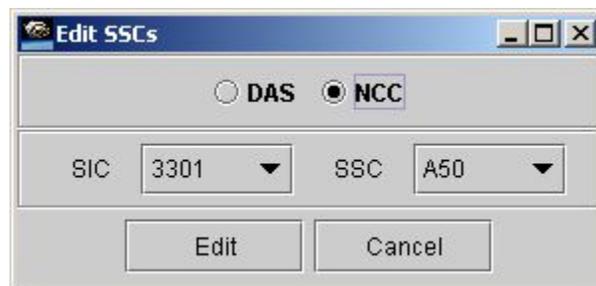


Figure 12-1. Edit SSCs Menu Panel

Parameter defaults for SSC A50

SIC 3301 SSC A50 Type MAF Defaults received

Fixed Parameters

Maximum Data Rate 256000 256000 bps

User Interface Channel W49 W49

Respecifiable Parameters

TSW Set ID

User Despun Antenna Type No type No type Type 1 Type 2

Data Rate 8000 8000 bps

Receive Frequency 210640625 210640625 10 Hz

Doppler Compensation Required Yes No Yes

Save Clear Cancel

Figure 12-2. Edit SSCs Parameters Panel

- d. This panel is similar to the Service Parameter Panel discussed in Section 8, except that values for all parameters, including fixed, may be edited. The values in the left column reflect the current default values stored in the database. For newly adding SSCs, these values are all blank. Changes are made by editing the values in the right column. Clicking the *Save* button causes the modification request to be sent to the SWSI server.
- e. If an error should occur in saving the new values, a yellow (Warning) alert similar to the following is displayed:

Error editing SSC B02 for SIC 1294, change not saved
- f. This indicates a database or software problem on the SWSI server that should be resolved through the SN DBA.

Appendix A. Alert Messages

This appendix lists all the possible messages that can be displayed in the Alert Message panel. The messages are listed in Tables A-1 through Table A-7 for each possible source of the alert. Because of the number of SWSI-NCCDS Interface alerts, these alerts are further categorized by general message type (scheduling, GCMR, etc).

A-1. Client Alert Messages (1 of 2)

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
The following socket error occurred: <java_exception_text>	Yellow	An error occurred with the TCP connection with the server.
Automatic reconnect to server was successful.	Green	Reconnection to server after a connection loss was successful.
Automatic reconnect to server failed.	Yellow	Reconnection to server after a connection loss failed.
Type <IIRV Type 1 or 8> IIRV File xxxx Imported Successfully	Green	The Type 1 or 8 state vector file was successfully imported.
Type <IIRV Type 1 or 8> IIRV #xxx, Epoch DDD HH:MM:SS:ssss Imported Successfully	Green	For a state vector file that contains multiple vectors, each vector given by #xxx within the file was successfully imported.
Directory Does Not Exist! <directory name>	Yellow	The state vector queue directory does not exist. Therefore, the state vector file(s) cannot be imported.
Directory Could Not Be Created. <directory name>	Yellow	The Client will try to create the archive directory if it does not exist. In this case, the Client was unable to create the directory. Therefore, the state vector file(s) cannot be archived.
State Vector Properties Not Loaded. Using default values.	Yellow	The Client could not load the state vector properties from the property file. When this occurs, default values are used for poll time, queue directory and archive directory.
Vector Import Process Halted! Error found while sleeping: See console for details	Red	This error should never occur. It is an indication of an internal Client error that has prevented the import process from running. SWSI development support should be notified.
Vector Import Process Halted! Error found in main thread: See console for details	Red	This error should never occur. It is an indication of an internal Client error that has prevented the import process from running. SWSI development support should be notified.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: Vector #xxx : <IIRV Field Name> Field	Red	The field in error does not conform to the 452-ICD-SN/CSM for state vector messages.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: <IIRV Field Name> Field	Red	The field in error does not conform to the 452-ICD-SN/CSM for state vector messages.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: File Size	Red	The file size is either less than the minimum size or greater than the maximum size.

A-1. Client Alert Messages (2 of 2)

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: Unsupported SIC(s) found	Red	The SIC found in this file is not supported for NCCDS or DAS.
IIRV File xxxx Invalid: Epoch Field Not Set	Red	This error should never occur. It is an indication of an internal Client error. The epoch for the vector could not be set.
TSW File xxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, TDRS xxxx, Set ID xxxxxxxx " Imported Successfully"	Green	TSW file was successfully imported.
Directory Does Not Exist! <directory name>	Yellow	The TSW queue directory does not exist. Therefore, the TSW file(s) cannot be imported.
Directory Could Not Be Created. <directory name>	Yellow	The Client will try to create the archive directory if it does not exist. In this case, the Client was unable to create the directory. Therefore, the TSW file(s) cannot be archived.
TSW Properties Not Loaded. Using default values.	Yellow	The Client could not load the TSW properties from the property file. When this occurs, default values are used for poll time, queue directory and archive directory.
TSW Import Process Halted! Error found while sleeping: See console for details	Red	This error should never occur. It is an indication of an internal Client error that has prevented the import process from running. SWSI development support should be notified.
TSW Import Process Halted! Error found in main thread: See console for details	Red	This error should never occur. It is an indication of an internal Client error that has prevented the import process from running. SWSI development support should be notified.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: <TSW Field Name> Field	Red	The field in error does not conform to the 452-ICD-SN/CSM for TSW messages.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: Unsupported SIC found	Red	The SIC found in this file is not supported for NCCDS.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: File Size	Red	The file size is either less than the minimum size or greater than the maximum size.

Table A-2. Isolator Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
Error editing SSC xxx for SIC xxxx, change not saved	Yellow	A server error occurred while trying to save parameter values for an SSC being edited. The SN DBA should be contacted.
Error editing SSC xxx for SIC xxxx, unlock failed	Yellow	A server error occurred while trying to save parameter values for an SSC being edited. The SN DBA or SN Ops should be contacted.
Event #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, <TDRS> starts at YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS	Green	An event is scheduled to begin within the next 5 minutes.
Event #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, <TDRS> ends at YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS	Green	An event is scheduled to begin within the next 5 minutes.

Table A-3. SNIF Scheduling Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
SAR ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx transmitted to NCC	Green	SAR successfully transmitted to NCCDS.
ASAR ID #xxxxxxx, Ref #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx transmitted to NCC	Green	ASAR, SDR, RR, or WLR successfully transmitted to NCCDS.
Error transmitting SAR ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx to NCC, will retry later	Yellow	There was an error in transmitting the SAR to NCCDS. The message is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Error transmitting ASAR ID #xxxxxxx, Ref #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx to NCC, will retry later	Yellow	There was an error in transmitting the ASAR, SDR, RR, or WLR to NCCDS. The message is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Unable to connect to NCC, will attempt later to send SAR ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx	Yellow	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The SAR is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Unable to connect to NCC, will attempt later to send ASAR ID #xxxxxxx, Ref #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx	Yellow	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The ASAR, SDR, RR, or WLR is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Schedule Request ID #xxxxxxx invalid: Unable to find Schedule Connection entry for SIC	Red	The SWSI database has not been properly configured for the SIC. The message is dropped. The SN DBA should be contacted to correct the error.
Schedule Request ID #xxxxxxx invalid: <reason for invalid request>	Red	The Schedule Request is not properly formatted and will be dropped. This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.
SRM received for SAR ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx: <result explanation>	Green Yellow	Schedule Result Message (SRM) received from NCCDS. Severity depends on whether granted, rejected, declined, etc.
<USM_Type> received for Event ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, <TDRS>, Start Time YY/DDD HH:MM:SS	Green	User Schedule Message (USM) received from NCCDS for event successfully scheduled.
Error processing USM ID #xxxxxxx: <explanation of error>	Red	A USM received from NCCDS was improperly formatted, or for some other reason could not be stored in the SWSI Active Schedule. The SN DBA or SN Ops should be contacted.
Error processing SRM ID #xxxxxxx: <explanation of error>	Red	An SRM received from NCCDS was improperly formatted. SN operations should be contacted.
Error processing Schedule Result ID #xxxxxxx: <explanation of error>	Red	A schedule result received from NCCDS was improperly formatted. SN operations should be contacted.

Table A-4. SNIF GCMR Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
<GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service> transmitted to NCC	Green	GCMR successfully transmitted to NCCDS.
Error transmitting <GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service> to NCC, dropping message	Red	There was an error in transmitting the GCMR to NCCDS. The message is being dropped and will need to be resubmitted.
Unable to connect to NCC, dropping <GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service>	Red	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The GCMR is being dropped and will need to be resubmitted. SN operations personnel should be notified of the error, as it indicates either an operations or a database problem.
GCMR ID #xxxxxxx invalid: Realtime Connection entry not found	Red	The SWSI database has not been properly configured for the SIC. The message is dropped. The SN DBA should be contacted to correct the error.
GCMR ID #xxxxxxx invalid: <reason for invalid request>	Red	The GCMR is not properly formatted and will be dropped. This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.
GCM Disposition received for <GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, ACK'd at YY/DDD HH:MM:SS	Green	GCM disposition message received from NCCDS, indicating that GCMR was acknowledged by WSC.
GCM Disposition received for <GCMR_Type> ID #xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx, No ACK received.	Yellow	GCM disposition message received from NCCDS, indicating that GCMR was not acknowledged by WSC.
GCM Status received for <GCMR_Type> # xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx: Accepted	Green	GCM status message received from NCCDS indicating GCMR was accepted
GCM Status received for <GCMR_Type> # xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx: Rejected (<reject code>), <reason for rejection>	Yellow	GCM status message received from NCCDS indicating GCMR was rejected.
GCM Status received for <GCMR_Type> # xxxxxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxx: Invalid <parameter name> Value of <parameter value>	Yellow	GCM status message received from NCCDS indicating GCMR was rejected because of a invalid service parameter value.
TTM Received, SUPIDEN XXXXXXX, <TDRS> <Service>	Green	TTM or RTCDM received.
Error processing GCM ID #xxxxxxx: <explanation of error>	Red	A GCM message received from NCCDS was improperly formatted. SN operations should be contacted.

Table A-5. SNIF State Vector Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
Type x IIRV ID #xxxxxxx, Epoch DDD HH:MM:SS.MMM transmitted to NCC	Green	State vector successfully transmitted to NCCDS.
Error transmitting Type x IIRV ID #xxxxxxx, Epoch DDD HH:MM:SS.MMM to NCC, will retry later	Yellow	There was an error in transmitting the state vector to NCCDS. The message is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Unable to connect to NCC Type x IIRV ID #xxxxxxx, Epoch DDD HH:MM:SS.MMM to NCC, will retry later	Yellow	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The state vector is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
IIRV ID #xxxxxxx invalid: Schedule Connection entry not found	Red	The SWSI database has not been properly configured for the SIC. The message is dropped. The SN DBA should be contacted to correct the error.
IIRV ID #xxxxxxx invalid: <reason for invalid request>	Red	The state vector is not properly formatted and will be dropped. This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.

Table A-6. SNIF TSW Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
TSW File xxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, TDRS xxx, Set ID xxxxxxxx transmitted to NCC	Green	TSW file successfully transmitted to NCCDS.
Error transmitting TSW File xxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, TDRS xxx, Set ID xxxxxxxx to NCC, will retry later	Yellow	There was an error in transmitting the TSW file to NCCDS. The message is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
Unable to connect to NCC, will attempt later to send TSW File xxxx, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, TDRS xxx, Set ID xxxxxxxx	Yellow	There was a problem connecting to the NCCDS. The TSW file is saved and transmission will be attempted later. Another alert will be displayed when transmission is successful.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: error opening file	Red	This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: file too large (max size 8600 bytes)	Yellow	The maximum allowed size for a TSW file has been exceeded.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: invalid size	Yellow	The file size for a TSW is less than the minimum size. There isn't even enough data for a header (items 1-11).
TSW File xxxx Invalid: invalid message type	Yellow	The TSW Message Type (item 1) should be "99".
TSW File xxxx Invalid: invalid message class	Yellow	The TSW Message Class (item 3) should be "25".
TSW File xxxx Invalid: SIC/SUPIDEN mismatch	Red	This error should not occur and is an indication of a SWSI software error. SWSI development support should be notified.
TSW File xxxx Invalid: invalid Timespan Start	Yellow	The TSW Timespan Start (Item 9) is not a valid format (YYDDHHMMSS).
TSW File xxxx Invalid: invalid Timespan End	Yellow	The TSW Timespan End (Item 10) is not a valid format (YYDDHHMMSS).
TSW File xxxx Invalid: TSW count/message length mismatch	Yellow	The TSW file is not the correct length based on the Number of TSWs (item 11).
TSW File xxxx Invalid: Schedule Connection entry not found	Red	The SWSI database has not been properly configured for the SIC. The TSW message is dropped. The SN DBA should be contacted to correct the error.

Table A-7. SNIF Performance Data Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
RCTDM Received, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service>	Green	Return Channel Time Delay Message received from NCCDS.
TTM Received, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service>	Green	Time Transfer Message received from NCCDS.
Acquisition Failure, SUPIDEN xxxxxxxx, <TDRS> <Service>	Yellow	Acquisition Failure Notification message received from NCCDS.
Error processing Performance Data message ID #xxxxxxx: <explanation of error>	Red	A performance data message received from NCCDS was improperly formatted, or the SWSI server experienced an error processing the message. WSC operations should be contacted.
Error processing UPD ID #xxxxxxx: <explanation of error>	Red	A UPD message received from NCCDS was improperly formatted, or the SWSI server experienced an error processing the message. WSC operations should be contacted.

Table A-8. SDIF Alert Messages

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
Error processing Event Details Response ID #<DAS message ID>, invalid Mnemonic Name <mnemonic name>	Red	Invalid Mnemonic Name.
Error processing Event Details Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to find original Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to find the original request.
Error processing Planned Events Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to find original Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to find the original request.
Error processing Playback Deletion Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to update status for Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to update status, exception caught.
Error processing Playback Event Details Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to find original Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to find the original request.
Error processing Playback Modification Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to update status for Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to update status, exception caught.
Error processing Playback Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to update status for Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to update status, exception caught.
Error processing Playback Search Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to find original Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to find the original request.
Error processing Resource Allocation Deletion Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to update status for Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Error processing Resource Allocation Deletion Response, exception caught.
Error processing Resource Allocation Modification Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to update status for Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Error processing Resource Allocation Deletion Response, exception caught.
Error processing Resource Allocation Response ID #<request ID>	Red	Error processing Resource Allocation Response
Error processing State Vector Update Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to update status for Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to update status, exception caught.
Error processing TDRS Visibility Response ID #<DAS message ID>, unable to find original Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Unable to find the original request.
Invalid status code of <status code> received for Playback Event Details Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Invalid status code received for Playback Event Details Request
Invalid message ID <message ID> received from DAS.	Red	Message with XML validation error – no message ID.
Invalid message received from DAS	Red	Message that is unable to read / Message with XML validation error – no request type and message ID.
Invalid <message type> ID <message ID> received from DAS.	Red	Message with XML validation error – general.
Invalid <request type> received from DAS.	Red	Message with XML validation error – no request type.
Invalid status code of <status code> received for Event Details Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Invalid status code received for Event Details Request
Invalid status code of <status code> received for Planned Events Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Invalid status code received for Planned Events Request
Invalid status code of <status code> received for Playback Search Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Invalid status code received for Playback Search Request
Invalid status code of <status code> received for TDRS Visibility Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Invalid status code received for TDRS Visibility Request
Invalid status code of <status code> received for UPD Request ID #<request ID>	Red	Invalid status code received for UPD Request
Problem processing <message name> message with request id of <request ID>	Red	Message not supported/exception caught.
Problem retrieving a State Vector message with Request Id <request ID> due to XML validation failure	Red	Throwable exception caught.

Table A-8. SDIF Alert Messages Cont'd.

Problem retrieving a State Vector message with Request Id <request ID>. Contact operator for details.	Red	Throwable exception caught.
Problem retrieving a State Vector message with Request Id <request ID> <JDOM exception>. Contact operator for details.	Red	JDOM exception caught.
Problem retrieving a <message name> message(<message type> with Request Id <request ID>. Contact operator for details.	Red	Throwable exception caught.
Problem retrieving a <message name> message(<message type>) with Request Id <request ID> due to XML validation failure	Red	Throwable exception caught.
Problem retrieving a <message name> message (<message type>) with Request Id <request ID> due to XML validation failure. Contact operator for details.	Red	XML validation failure.
Problem retrieving a <message name> message with Request Id <request ID> <JDOM exception>. Contact operator for details.	Red	JDOM exception caught.
Response received for Service Reconfiguration ID #<request ID> with invalid status code of <status code>	Red	Response received with invalid status code.
Response received for Signal Reacquisition ID #<request ID> with invalid status code of <status code>	Red	Response received with invalid status code.
Response received for State Vector ID #<request ID> with invalid status code of <status code>	Red	Response received with invalid status code.
Response received for <request type> ID #<request ID> with invalid status code of <status code>	Red	Response received with invalid status code.
Unable to connect to DAS, dropping <request type> ID #<request ID>	Red	No current connection or no initial connection to DASCON
Unknown alert message received from DAS, Message Code: " <status code>	Red	Unknown alert message received from DAS
DAS data for this SIC could not be retrieved, client request terminated.	Yellow	DAS data for this SIC could not be retrieved.
Error occurred retrieving the DAS data for this SIC, client request terminated.	Yellow	DAS data for this SIC could not be retrieved.
Error transmitting <request type> ID #<request ID> to DAS, will retry later	Yellow	Fail to transmit message to DAS.
Invalid status code of <request status> received for Event Details Request ID #<request ID>	Yellow	Invalid status code of received for Event Details
Invalid status code of <request status> received for Planned Events Request ID #<request ID>	Yellow	Invalid status code received for Planned Events Request
Invalid status code of <request status> received for Playback Event Details Request ID #<request ID>	Yellow	Invalid status code received for Playback Event Details Request
Unable to connect to DAS, will attempt later to send <request type> #<request ID>	Yellow	No current connection or no initial connection to DASCON
<Alert according to status> ¹	Yellow/Green	Message without request ID.
Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> ¹	Yellow/Green	Message type is blank.
Response received for TDRS visibility Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> ¹	Yellow/Green	Response received for TDRS visibility Request
Response received for Event Details Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> ¹	Yellow/Green	Response received for Event Details Request.
Response received for Planned Events Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> ¹	Yellow/Green	Response received for Planned Events Request.

Table A-8. SDIF Alert Messages Cont'd.

Alert Message	Severity	Explanation
Response received for Playback Event Details Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> Note 1	Yellow/Green	Response received for Playback Event Details
Response received for Playback Search Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> Note1	Yellow/Green	Response received from DAS.
Response received for Service Reconfiguration ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> Note1	Yellow/Green	Response received from DAS.
Response received for Signal Reacquisition ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status> Note 1	Yellow/Green	Response received from DAS.
Response received for State Vector ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status>Note 1	Yellow/Green	Response received from DAS.
Response received for <request type> ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status>Note 1	Yellow/Green	Response received from DAS.
<Message type> Request ID #<request ID>: <alert according to status>Note 1	Yellow/Green	Alert message received.
<Request type> ID #<request ID> transmitted to DAS	Green	SAR/State vector message transmitted.
Note: 1. See Table A-9 for alert according to status		

Table A-9. SDIF Alert According to Status

Status	Severity	Message
000	Green	Request accepted.
001	Yellow	Data storage has reached 90% of the allocated total capacity. Old files will be purged when capacity reaches 95%.
002	Yellow	Data storage has reached 95% of the allocated capacity. Files have been purged
003	Yellow	RF Signal Detected.
004	Green	Receiver Lock.
005	Yellow	Signal lost. Reacquisition initiated.
006	Green	State vector due from customer in two hours. Send current state vector.
007	Green	State vector from customer older than 24 hours. Send current state vector.
008	Green	Service for reference request ID will be initialized in two minutes.
009	Yellow	Ongoing service for reference request ID has been pre-empted due to equipment outage.
010	Yellow	Ongoing service for reference request ID has been pre-empted due to equipment unavailability.
011	Yellow	Ongoing scheduled service for reference request ID reinitialized.
012	Yellow	Change to schedule due to modification of TDRS transition times.
013	Yellow	Change to schedule due to pre-emption from higher priority service.
014	Yellow	All or portions of the scheduled service changed from granted to pending status.
015	Green	All or portions of the scheduled service changed from pending to granted status.
016	Yellow	PTP transmission rate is less than the telemetry data rate.
017	Yellow	PTP transmission rate has changed.
019	Yellow	Maximum allowable distance between current state vector and updated state vector has exceeded 920 km. Schedule has been re-planned. Check for new TDRS views or transition times.
099	Green/Yellow	See Note below.
100	Yellow	Invalid TDRS visibility request. Time window start/stop times inconsistent with service duration.
101	Yellow	Invalid TDRS visibility request. There are no available service time windows for the selected TDRS.
102	Yellow	No state vector on file. Send current state vector.
103	Yellow	Invalid TDRS visibility request. Invalid start time.
200	Yellow	Request cannot be supported at this time, and is in queue pending further availability of resources by specified start time.
201	Yellow	Service request rejected because of invalid port number.
202	Yellow	Service request rejected because of invalid IP address.
203	Yellow	No state vector on file. Send current state vector.
204	Yellow	Service deletion request rejected because of invalid real-time event request ID.
205	Yellow	Service deletion request rejected because real-time event request ID belongs to another SIC.
206	Yellow	Service modification request rejected because of invalid real-time event request ID.
207	Yellow	Service modification request rejected because real-time request ID belongs to another SIC.
208	Yellow	Service modification request rejected because the parameter may not be modified.
209	Yellow	Service request rejected because of invalid port number.
210	Yellow	Service request rejected because of invalid IP address.
211	Yellow	Service modification request rejected. Single channel service configuration cannot be changed to dual channel configuration. If dual channel service reconfiguration is required, delete original resource allocation request and submit new request.
212	Yellow	Service modification request rejected due to insufficient time to implement prior to service start or service is on-going. If desired, attempt to reconfigure the service after the start.
213	Yellow	Portions of the request cannot be supported at this time and are in the queue pending further availability of resources by the specified start time.
214	Yellow	No planned events are within the time window specified.
215	Yellow	The real-time event request identifier specified is invalid.
216	Yellow	Portions of the request cannot be supported at this time and are in the queue pending further availability of resources by the specified start time.
NOTE: There is no predefined alert message for this status code, sdif will just send the response message as the alert.		

Table A-9. Alert According to Status Cont'd.

217	Green	Service request accepted with altered storage duration since requested duration exceeds the maximum allowed; event details will show the actual storage duration.
218	Green	Service modification request accepted with altered storage duration since requested duration exceeds the maximum allowed; event details will show the actual storage duration.
219	Yellow	Service request rejected. Invalid start time.
300	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected because of invalid real-time request ID.
301	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected because real-time request ID belongs to another SIC.
302	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected because the parameter may not be reconfigured.
303	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected because the requested reconfiguration parameter is invalid.
304	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected. Single channel service configuration cannot be changed to dual channel configuration. If dual channel service reconfiguration is required, delete original resource allocation request and submit new request.
305	Yellow	Service reacquisition request rejected because of invalid real-time event request ID.
306	Yellow	Service reacquisition request rejected because real-time event request ID belongs to another SIC.
307	Yellow	Service reacquisition request rejected. Service is not on-going.
308	Green	Service Reconfiguration Request Accepted with altered storage duration since requested duration exceeds the maximum allowed; event details will show the actual storage duration.
309	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected. Service is not on-going.
310	Yellow	Service reconfiguration request rejected. Request submitted within 1 minute of service termination.
400	Green	UPD message enabled.
401	Yellow	UPD message disabled.
501	Yellow	Playback search request invalid because the request time is older than the archived data.
502	Yellow	Playback search request invalid because no files exist for the reference request ID.
503	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected because of invalid real-time event request ID.
504	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected because real-time event request ID belongs to another SIC.
505	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected because of invalid IP address.
506	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected because of invalid port number.
507	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected because no data exists for the requested time period.
508	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected. Request received within one minute of requested playback start time.
509	Yellow	Playback deletion request rejected because of invalid playback event request ID.
510	Yellow	Playback deletion request rejected because playback event request ID belongs to another SIC.
511	Yellow	Playback deletion request rejected because no data exists for the requested time period.
512	Yellow	Playback modification request rejected because of invalid playback event request ID.
513	Yellow	Playback modification request rejected because playback event request ID belongs to another SIC.
514	Yellow	Playback modification request rejected because of invalid IP address.
515	Yellow	Playback modification request rejected because of invalid port number.
516	Yellow	Playback modification request rejected because no data exists for the requested time period.
517	Yellow	Playback modification request rejected because playback service is on going.
518	Yellow	The playback event identifier specified is invalid.
519	Yellow	Archive data playback request rejected. Invalid start time.
600	Yellow	State vector rejected. Invalid future epoch time.
601	Yellow	Epoch time of new state vector is older than epoch time of the current state vector on file.
602	Yellow	State vector rejected. Invalid position or velocity vector.
999	Yellow	Request rejected. Refer to alert message for specific reason.

Appendix B. NCCDS Active Schedule File Format

B.1 General

- a. The general format of the active schedule file for NCCDS-scheduled events stored automatically on the Client workstation as described in Section 8.8 is as follows:

```
CREATIONTIME="YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS"  
EVENTCOUNT="n"  
SCHEDULEDEVENT1  
    <Event-level parameters>  
    .  
    .  
SERVICECOUNT="m"  
SERVICE1  
    SERVICETYPE="<service_type>"  
    <Service-level parameters>  
    .  
    .  
PARAMETERCOUNT="p"  
PARAMETERS  
    <Service parameter values>  
    .  
    .  
    ENDPARAMETERS  
ENDSERVICE1  
SERVICE2  
    .  
    .  
ENDSERVICE2  
    .  
    .  
SERVICEm  
    .  
    .  
ENDSERVICEm  
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT1  
SCHEDULEDEVENT2  
    .  
    .  
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT2  
    .  
    .  
SCHEDULEDEVENTn  
    .  
    .  
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENTn
```

- b. In general, parameter or keyword assignments are of the following format:

```
<keyword>="<value>"
```

- c. Where the <value> is always provided within quotes. In cases where a parameter may have no value, such as with the PROTOTYPE_EVENTID in the sample file in Section B.5, the value is still provided as a null value (e.g., PROTOTYPE_EVENTID="").
- d. The block definition keywords are defined as follows:
 1. CREATIONTIME – time that file was created on SWSI server.
 2. EVENTCOUNT – total number of events in file.
 3. SCHEDULEDEVENT – start of an event-level information block. Relative event number is used as a suffix.
 4. ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT – end of an event-level information block.
 5. SERVICECOUNT – total number of services for an event.
 6. SERVICE – start of a service-level information block. Service number is used as a suffix.
 7. ENDSERVICE – end of a service-level information block.
 8. PARAMETERCOUNT – total number of service parameters. Included only if configured to receive parameter values.
 9. PARAMETERS – start of a parameter value block. Included only if configured to receive parameter values.
 10. ENDPARAMETERS – end of a parameter value block..

B.2 Event-Level Parameters

The following event-level parameters are provided:

- a. EVENTSTART – start time of the event in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- b. EVENTSTOP – stop time of the event in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- c. EVENTID – unique 7-character number used to reference the event.
- d. SUPIDEN – Support Identifier.
- e. TDRS – TDRS name
- f. VIC – Vehicle Identification Code.
- g. USMTYPE – class of latest USM received for this event may have one of the following values:
 1. Fixed-Normal.
 2. Fixed-Premium.
 3. Fixed-Sim.
 4. Flexible-Normal.
 5. Flexible-Sim.

- h. PROTOTYPE_EVENTID – Prototype Event ID code, if it was specified in the original request.
- i. SBANDPNCODE – S-band PN code assignment
- j. KBANDPNCODE – K/Ka-band PN code assignment

B.3 Service-Level Parameters

The following service-level parameters are provided:

- a. SERVICETYPE – service type (MAF, SSAF, MAR, etc.)
- b. SSCCODE – Service Specification Code (SSC) used to specify this service.
- c. SERVICESTART – start time of the service in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- d. SERVICESTOP – stop time of the service in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- e. LINKID – antenna or link ID.

B.4 Service Parameter Values

The service parameter values for each service type are listed in Tables B-1 through B-13. The parameter name used in the active schedule file, description, units, and possible enumeration values are provided for each parameter.

B.5 Sample File

Following is a sample of an active schedule file. In this case only one scheduled event is shown with three services. Service parameter values are included with enumerated parameters expanded to show a text string. For brevity not all service parameters are shown.

```

CREATIONTIME="2002/338 01:19:48"
EVENTCOUNT="1"
SCHEDULEDEVENT1
    EVENTSTART="2002/338 23:00:00"
    EVENTSTOP="2002/338 23:20:00"
    EVENTID="0102792"
    SUPIDEN="D8603WD"
    TDRS="TDE"
    VIC="01"

    USMTYPE="Fixed-Normal"
    SERVICECOUNT="3"
    PROTOTYPE_EVENTID=""
    SBANDPNCODE="71"
    KBANDPNCODE="71"
    SERVICE1
        SERVICETYPE="SSAF"
        SSCCODE="H91"
        SERVICESTART="2002/338 23:00:00"
        SERVICESTOP="2002/338 23:20:00"
        LINKID="2"
        PARAMETERCOUNT="11"
        PARAMETERS

```

```

        ANTENNA="None"
        CCPN="Yes"
        DATARATEMAXF="2000"
        DOPC="Yes"
        .
        .
        ENDPARAMETERS
    ENDSERVICE1
    SERVICE2
        SERVICETYPE="SSAR"
        SSCCODE="I83"
        SERVICESTART="2002/338 23:00:00"
        SERVICESTOP="2002/338 23:20:00"
        LINKID="2"
        PARAMETERCOUNT="42"
        PARAMETERS
            ANTENNA="None"
            BIPHLOCVTI="No"
            BIPHLOCVTQ="No"
            CPR="+00"
            CROSSFL="MA"
            DATACHANNELCONFIG="Single source, identical
data"
            DATACODINGI="Code 1"
            DATACODINGQ="Code 1"
            DATARATEMAXI="2048"
            DATARATEMAXQ="2048"
            .
            .
        ENDPARAMETERS
    ENDSERVICE2
    SERVICE3
        SERVICETYPE="TRKN"
        SSCCODE="T72"
        SERVICESTART="2002/338 23:00:00"
        SERVICESTOP="2002/338 23:20:00"
        LINKID=""
        PARAMETERCOUNT="10"
        PARAMETERS
            FLCC="H91"

            MARLINKID=""
            NORMALDOPPLERTRACKING="Two-way"
            NORMALRANGETRACKING="Yes"
            .
            .
        ENDPARAMETERS
    ENDSERVICE3
    ENDSCHEDULEEVENT1

```

Table B-1. MAF/SMAF Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
DATARATEMAXF	Maximum Data Rate	bps	
DOPC	Doppler Compensation Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
DTR1	Data Rate	bps	
FRQ1	Receive Frequency	10 Hz	
UDAN	User Despun Antenna Type		0="No type", 1="Type 1", 2="Type 2"
UIFCADDRESSF	User Interface Channel		

Table B-2. SSAF Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ANTENNA	SA Antenna		0="Either", 1="SA1", 2="SA2"
CCPN	Command Channel PN Modulation		0="No", 1="Yes"
DATARATEMAXF	Maximum Data Rate	bps	
DOPC	Doppler Compensation Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
DTR1	Data Rate	bps	
FRQ1	Receive Frequency	10 Hz	
POLN	Polarization		0="LCP", 1="RCP"
POWERMODE	Power Mode		0="Normal", 1="High"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"
UDAN	User Despun Antenna Type		0="No type", 1="Type 1", 2="Type 2"
UIFCADDRESSF	User Interface Channel		

Table B-3. KSAF/KASAF Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ANTENNA	SA Antenna		0="Either", 1="SA1", 2="SA2"
CCPN	Command Channel PN Modulation		0="No", 1="Yes"
DATARATEMAXF	Maximum Data Rate	bps	
DOPC	Doppler Compensation Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
DTR1	Data Rate	bps	
FRQ1	Receive Frequency	10 Hz	
POLN	Polarization		0="LCP", 1="RCP"
POWERMODE	Power Mode		0="Normal", 1="High"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"
UIFCADDRESSF	User Interface Channel		

Table B-4. MAR Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
BIPHLOCVTI	Symbol Format Conversion I Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
BIPHLOCVTQ	Symbol Format Conversion Q Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
CONFIGURATION	Configuration		0="I Channel only", 1="Q Channel only", 2="Both I and Q Channel"
CPR	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	0.1 dB	
CROSSFL	Cross-Support Forward Link		1="SSA1", 2="SSA2"
DATACHANNELCONFIG	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single Data Source", 1="Dual Data Source"
DATARATEMAXI	Maximum Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DATARATEMAXQ	Maximum Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
DSD1	Data Stream ID I Channel	octal	
DSD2	Data Stream ID Q Channel	octal	
DTF1	Data Format Channel I		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S"
DTF2	Data Format Channel Q		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S"
DTR1	Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DTR2	Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
ERP1	Maximum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
ERP2	Mimimum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
FRQ1	Transmit Frequency	10 Hz	
G2II	G2 Inversion I Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
G2IQ	G2 Inversion Q Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
JTR1	Data Bit Jitter I Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
JTR2	Data Bit Jitter Q Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
MDMMAXI	Maximum MDM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
MDMMAXQ	Maximum MDM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
MODE	Mode		1="Mode 1 (Coherent)", 2="Mode 2 (Non-coherent)"
RECEIVERCONFIG	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal", 1="Cross Support"
RTNCHANDLYDATA	Return Channel Time Delay Data Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
UDAN	User Despun Antenna Type		0="No type", 1="Type 1", 2="Type 2"
UIFCADDRESSI	User Interface Channel ID I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSQ	User Interface Channel ID Q Channel		

Table B-5. SSAR Service Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ANTENNA	SA Antenna		0="Either", 1="SA1", 2="SA2"
BIPHLOCVTI	Symbol Format Conversion I Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
BIPHLOCVTQ	Symbol Format Conversion Q Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
CPR	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	0.1 dB	
CROSSFL	Cross-Support Forward Link		0="MA", 1="SSA1", 2="SSA2", 3="SMA"
DATACHANNELCONFIG	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source, identical data", 1="Dual source", 2="Single source, alternate data"
DATACODINGI	Data Coding I Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1", 2="Code 2", 3="Code 3"
DATACODINGQ	Data Coding Q Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1", 2="Code 2", 3="Code 3"
DATARATEMAXI	Maximum Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DATARATEMAXQ	Maximum Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
DG	Data Group		1="DG1", 2="DG2"
DG1CONFIGURATION	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel only", 1="Q Channel only", 2="Both I and Q Channel"
DG1M	DG1 Mode		1="Mode 1, Coherent", 2="Mode 2, Noncoherent", 3="Mode 3, Coherent, no Q deinterleave", 4="Mode 3, Coherent, Q deinterleave"
DG2M	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK", 1="BPSK"
DG2T	DG2 Type		0="Noncoherent, I and Q deinterleave", 1="Noncoherent, no deinterleave", 2="Coherent, no deinterleave", 3="Coherent, I and Q deinterleave", 4="Noncoherent, I deinterleave", 5="Noncoherent, Q deinterleave", 6="Coherent, Q deinterleave", 7="Coherent, I deinterleave"
DSD1	Data Stream ID I Channel	octal	
DSD2	Data Stream ID Q Channel	octal	
DTF1	Data Format Channel I		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"

Table B-5. SSAR Service Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
DTF2	Data Format Channel Q		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTR1	Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DTR2	Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
ERP1	Maximum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
ERP2	Mimimum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
FRQ1	Transmit Frequency	10 Hz	
G2II	G2 Inversion I Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
G2IQ	G2 Inversion Q Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
HDRMMAXI	Maximum HDRM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
HDRMMAXQ	Maximum HDRM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
HDRMPORTI	High Data Rate Multiplexer Port I Channel		
HDRMPORTQ	High Data Rate Multiplexer Port Q Channel		
JTR1	Data Bit Jitter I Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
JTR2	Data Bit Jitter Q Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
MDMMAXI	Maximum MDM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
MDMMAXQ	Maximum MDM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
POLN	Polarization		0="LCP", 1="RCP"
RECEIVERCONFIG	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal", 1="Cross Support"
RTNCHANDLYDATA	Return Channel Time Delay Data Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"
SSACOMBINING	SSA Combining		0="No", 1="Yes"
UDAN	User Despun Antenna Type		0="No type", 1="Type 1", 2="Type 2"
UIFCADDRESSI	User Interface Channel ID I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSQ	User Interface Channel ID Q Channel		

Table B-6. SMAR Service Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
BIPHLOCVTI	Symbol Format Conversion I Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
BIPHLOCVTQ	Symbol Format Conversion Q Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
CPR	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	0.1 dB	
CROSSFL	Cross-Support Forward Link		0="MA", 1="SSA1", 2="SSA2", 3="SMA"
DATACHANNELCONFIG	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source, identical data", 1="Dual source", 2="Single source, alternate data"
DATACODINGI	Data Coding I Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1", 2="Code 2", 3="Code 3"
DATACODINGQ	Data Coding Q Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1", 2="Code 2", 3="Code 3"
DATARATEMAXI	Maximum Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DATARATEMAXQ	Maximum Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
DG	Data Group		1="DG1", 2="DG2"
DG1CONFIGURATION	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel only", 1="Q Channel only", 2="Both I and Q Channel"
DG1M	DG1 Mode		1="Mode 1, Coherent", 2="Mode 2, Noncoherent", 3="Mode 3, Coherent, no Q deinterleave", 4="Mode 3, Coherent, Q deinterleave"
DG2M	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK", 1="BPSK"
DG2T	DG2 Type		0="Noncoherent, I and Q deinterleave", 1="Noncoherent, no deinterleave", 2="Coherent, no deinterleave", 3="Coherent, I and Q deinterleave", 4="Noncoherent, I deinterleave", 5="Noncoherent, Q deinterleave", 6="Coherent, Q deinterleave", 7="Coherent, I deinterleave"
DSD1	Data Stream ID I Channel	octal	
DSD2	Data Stream ID Q Channel	octal	

Table B-6. SMAR Service Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
DTF1	Data Format Channel I		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTF2	Data Format Channel Q		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTR1	Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DTR2	Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
ERP1	Maximum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
ERP2	Mimimum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
FRQ1	Transmit Frequency	10 Hz	
G2I1	G2 Inversion I Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
G2IQ	G2 Inversion Q Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
HDRMMAXI	Maximum HDRM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
HDRMMAXQ	Maximum HDRM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
HDRMPORTI	High Data Rate Multiplexer Port I Channel		
HDRMPORTQ	High Data Rate Multiplexer Port Q Channel		
JTR1	Data Bit Jitter I Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
JTR2	Data Bit Jitter Q Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
MDMMAXI	Maximum MDM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
MDMMAXQ	Maximum MDM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
RECEIVERCONFIG	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal", 1="Cross Support"
RTNCHANDLYDATA	Return Channel Time Delay Data Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"
UDAN	User Despun Antenna Type		0="No type", 1="Type 1", 2="Type 2"
UIFCADDRESSI	User Interface Channel ID I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSQ	User Interface Channel ID Q Channel		

Table B-7. KSAR Service Parameter (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ANTENNA	SA Antenna		0="Either", 1="SA1", 2="SA2"
ATBW	Autotrack Enable/Disable		00000000="Enable", 00000001="Disable"
BIPHLOCVTI	Symbol Format Conversion I Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
BIPHLOCVTQ	Symbol Format Conversion Q Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
CPR	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	0.1 dB	
DATACHANNELCONFIG	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single Data Source", 1="Dual Data Source"
DATACODINGI	Data Coding I Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1"
DATACODINGQ	Data Coding Q Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1"
DATARATEMAXI	Maximum Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DATARATEMAXQ	Maximum Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
DG	Data Group		1="DG1", 2="DG2"
DG1CONFIGURATION	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel only", 1="Q Channel only", 2="Both I and Q Channel"
DG1M	DG1 Mode		1="Mode 1, Coherent (PN on I and Q)", 2="Mode 2, Noncoherent (PN on I and Q)", 3="Mode 3, Coherent (PN on I)"
DG2M	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK", 1="BPSK"
DG2T	DG2 Type		1="Noncoherent", 2="Coherent"
DSD1	Data Stream ID I Channel	octal	
DSD2	Data Stream ID Q Channel	octal	
DTF1	Data Format Channel I		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTF2	Data Format Channel Q		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTR1	Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DTR2	Data Rate Q Channel	bps	

Table B-7. KSAR Service Parameter (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ERP1	Maximum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
ERP2	Mimimum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
FRQ1	Transmit Frequency	10 Hz	
G2I1	G2 Inversion I Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
G2IQ	G2 Inversion Q Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
HDRMMAXI	Maximum HDRM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
HDRMMAXQ	Maximum HDRM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
JTR1	Data Bit Jitter I Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
JTR2	Data Bit Jitter Q Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
MDMMAXI	Maximum MDM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
MDMMAXQ	Maximum MDM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
POLN	Polarization		0="LCP", 1="RCP"
RTNCHANDLYDATA	Return Channel Time Delay Data Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"
UIFCADDRESSI	User Interface Channel ID I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSLI	User Interface Channel ID Low Rate Port I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSLQ	User Interface Channel ID Low Rate Port Q Channel		
UIFCADDRESSQ	User Interface Channel ID Q Channel		

Table B-8. KASAR Service Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ANTENNA	SA Antenna		0="Either", 1="SA1", 2="SA2"
ATBW	Autotrack Enable/Disable		00000000="Enable", 00000001="Disable"
BIPHLOCVTI	Symbol Format Conversion I Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
BIPHLOCVTQ	Symbol Format Conversion Q Channel		0="No", 1="Yes"
CPR	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	0.1 dB	
DATACHANNELCONFIG	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single Data Source", 1="Dual Data Source"
DATACODINGI	Data Coding I Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1"
DATACODINGQ	Data Coding Q Channel		0="Uncoded", 1="Code 1"
DATARATEMAXI	Maximum Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DATARATEMAXQ	Maximum Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
DG	Data Group		2="DG2"
DG1CONFIGURATION	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel only", 1="Q Channel only", 2="Both I and Q Channel"
DG2M	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK", 1="BPSK"
DG2T	DG2 Type		1="Noncoherent"
DSD1	Data Stream ID I Channel	octal	
DSD2	Data Stream ID Q Channel	octal	
DTF1	Data Format Channel I		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTF2	Data Format Channel Q		0="NRZ-L", 1="NRZ-M", 2="NRZ-S", 3="Biphase-L", 4="Biphase-M", 5="Biphase-S"
DTR1	Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DTR2	Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
ERP1	Maximum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
ERP2	Mimimum EIRP	0.1 dB W	
FRQ1	Transmit Frequency	10 Hz	
G2II	G2 Inversion I Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"
G2IQ	G2 Inversion Q Channel		0="Normal", 1="Invert"

Table B-8. KASAR Service Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
HDRMMAXI	Maximum HDRM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
HDRMMAXQ	Maximum HDRM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
JTR1	Data Bit Jitter I Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
JTR2	Data Bit Jitter Q Channel		0="None", 1="0.01%", 2="0.1%"
MDMMAXI	Maximum MDM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
MDMMAXQ	Maximum MDM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
POLN	Polarization		0="LCP", 1="RCP"
RTNCHANDLYDATA	Return Channel Time Delay Data Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"
UIFCADDRESSI	User Interface Channel ID I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSLI	User Interface Channel ID Low Rate Port I Channel		
UIFCADDRESSLQ	User Interface Channel ID Low Rate Port Q Channel		
UIFCADDRESSQ	User Interface Channel ID Q Channel		

Table B-9. KASARWB Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
ANTENNA	SA Antenna		0="Either", 1="SA1", 2="SA2"
DATARATEMAXI	Maximum Data Rate I Channel	bps	
DATARATEMAXQ	Maximum Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
FRQ1	Transmit Frequency	10 Hz	
HDRMMAXI	Maximum HDRM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
HDRMMAXQ	Maximum HDRM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
MDMMAXI	Maximum MDM Data Rate I Channel	bps	
MDMMAXQ	Maximum MDM Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
POLN	Polarization		0="LCP", 1="RCP"
SERVICECONFIG	Service Configuration		1="Normal User"

Table B-10. TRKN Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
FLCC	Reference Forward Link		
MARLINKID	MA/SMA Return Link ID		
NORMALDOPPLERTRACKING	Doppler Tracking Required		0="Not Required", 1="One-way", 2="Two-way"
NORMALRANGETRACKING	Range Tracking Required		0="No", 1="Yes"
NORMALRETURNSERVICE	Return Service Type		0="MA", 1="SSA", 2="KSA", 5="SMA"
RLCC	Reference Return Link		
SRRQ	Sample Rate	samples/sec	0="1/1", 1="1/5", 2="1/10", 3="1/60", 4="1/300"
TRACKINGCONFIG	Tracking Configuration		0="Normal Tracking"
TTNR	Time Transfer Number of Samples	sample	
TTTR	Time Transfer Required		0="No", 1="Yes"

Table B-11. TRKC Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
CROSSTRACKINGTYPE	Range/Doppler for Cross Support		0="Range", 1="Two-way Doppler", 2="Both",
FLCC	Reference Forward Link		
FWDLINK	Forward Link		0="MA", 1="SSA1", 2="SSA2", 3="SMA",
RLCC	Reference Return Link		
RTNLINK	Return Link		0="MA", 1="SSA1", 2="SSA2", 3="SMA",
SRRQ	Sample Rate	samples/sec	0="1/1", 1="1/5", 2="1/10", 3="1/60", 4="1/300",
TRACKINGCONFIG	Tracking Configuration		1="Cross Support",
TTNR	Time Transfer Number of Samples	sample	
TTTR	Time Transfer Required		0="No", 1="Yes",

Table B-12. EETF Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
FORWARDGAIN	Simulation Gain/Temperature	0.1 dB/K	
LOCALDATASUPPORT	Local or MOC Data		0="Local signal source", 1="MOC signal source"
DATASTREAMID	Data Stream ID	octal	
UIFCADDRESSI	User Interface Channel ID		

Table B-13. EETR Service Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
LOCALDATASUPPORT	Local or MOC Data		0="Local signal source", 1="MOC signal source"
RTNEIRP	Simulation EIRP	0.1 dB W	
UIFCADDRESSA	User Interface Channel ID		
UIFCADDRESSB	User Interface Channel ID		

Appendix C. DAS Active Schedule File Format

C.1 General

- a. The general format of the active schedule file for DAS-scheduled events stored automatically on the Client workstation as described in Section 8.8 is as follows:

```
CREATIONTIME="YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS"  
EVENTCOUNT="n"  
SCHEDULEDEVENT1  
    <Event-level parameters>  
    .  
    .  
SERVICECOUNT="m"  
SERVICE1  
    SERVICETYPE="<service_type>"  
    PARAMETERCOUNT="p"  
    PARAMETERS  
        <Service parameter values>  
        .  
        .  
    ENDPARAMETERS  
    SERVICEPERIODCOUNT="t"  
    SERVICEPERIOD1  
        <Service period values>  
    ENDSERVICEPERIOD1  
    .  
    .  
    SERVICEPERIODt  
        <Service period values>  
    ENDSERVICEPERIODt  
ENDSERVICE1  
    .  
    .  
SERVICEm  
    .  
    .  
ENDSERVICEm  
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT1  
SCHEDULEDEVENT2  
    .  
    .  
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT2  
    .  
    .  
SCHEDULEDEVENTn  
    .  
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENTn
```

- b. In general, parameter or keyword assignments are of the following format:
 <keyword>="<value>"
- c. Where the <value> is always provided within quotes. In cases where a parameter may have no value, the value is still provided as a null value ("").
- d. The block definition keywords are defined as follows:
 - 1. CREATIONTIME – time that file was created on SWSI server.
 - 2. EVENTCOUNT – total number of events in file.
 - 3. SCHEDULEDEVENT – start of an event-level information block. Relative event number is used as a suffix.
 - 4. ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT – end of an event-level information block.
 - 5. SERVICECOUNT – total number of services for an event.
 - 6. SERVICE – start of a service-level information block. Service number is used as a suffix.
 - 7. ENDSERVICE – end of a service-level information block.
 - 8. PARAMETERCOUNT – total number of service parameters. Included only if configured to receive parameter values. Not provided for playback events.
 - 9. PARAMETERS – start of a parameter value block. Included only if configured to receive parameter values. Not provided for playback events.
 - 10. ENDPARAMETERS – end of a parameter value block.
 - 11. SERVICEPERIODCOUNT – total number of service periods. Not provided for playback events.
 - 12. SERVICEPERIOD – start of a service period-level information block. Service period number is used as a suffix. Not provided for playback events.
 - 13. ENDSERVICEPERIOD – end of a service period-level information block.

c.2 Event-Level Parameters

The following event-level parameters are provided:

- a. EVENTSTART – start time of the event in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- b. EVENTSTOP – stop time of the event in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- c. EVENTID – unique 7-character number used to reference the event.
- d. TDRS – TDRS name.
- e. SIC – Support Identification Code.

C.3 Service-Level Parameters

- a. The following service-level parameter is provided:
 1. SERVICETYPE – service type (DASMAR, DASPBK).
- b. The following service-level parameters are provided for playback events only:
 1. IPADDRESS – IP address of host to which playback data will be sent.
 2. PORTNUMBER – TCP port number to which playback data will be sent.
 3. REALTIMEEVENTREQUESTID – request or event ID of the original real-time event for which the data is being played back.
 4. STARTTIMEOFREALTIMEDATASEGMENT – start time of the original real-time segment for which the data is being played back in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.

C.4 Service Parameter Values

The service parameter values for the DASMAR service type are listed in Table C-1. The parameter name used in the active schedule file, description, units, and possible enumeration values are provided for each parameter. In most cases the enumeration value received from DAS and the text value are the same, so only one value is shown. Two values are shown where a translation occurs, with the translated value on the right in quotes. Only those parameters applicable to the scheduled event are provided.

C.5 TDRS Service Period-Level Parameters

The following service period-level parameters are provided for DASMAR events only:

- a. SERVICEPERIODSTARTTIME – start time of the support period in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- b. SERVICEPERIODSTOPTIME – stop time of the support period in the format “YYYY/DDD HH:MM:SS”.
- c. SERVICEPERIODTDRS – TDRS name.
- d. SUPPORTSTATUS – status of the support period may have one of the following values:
 1. Granted.
 2. Pending.

C.6 Sample File

Following is a sample of an active schedule file. In this case only two scheduled events are shown, each with one service. Service parameter values are included with enumerated parameters expanded. For brevity not all service parameters and TDRS service periods are shown.

```
CREATIONTIME="2002/365 19:52:51"
EVENTCOUNT="2"
SCHEDULEDEVENT1
  EVENTSTART="2003/001 00:00:00"
  EVENTSTOP="2003/001 00:25:29"
  EVENTID="4997125"
  TDRS="275"
  SIC="6951"
  SERVICECOUNT="1"
  SERVICE1
    SERVICETYPE="DASPBK"
    IPADDRESS="1.1.1.1"
    PORTNUMBER="7000"
    REALTIMEEVENTREQUESTID="4990278"
    STARTTIMEOFREALTIMEDATASEGMENT="2002/365 00:54:05"
  ENDSERVICE1
ENDSCHEDULEDEVENT1
SCHEDULEDEVENT2
  EVENTSTART="2002/365 23:30:00"
  EVENTSTOP="2003/001 10:00:00"
  EVENTID="8901484"
  TDRS="ANY"
  SIC="6951"
  SERVICECOUNT="1"
  SERVICE1
    SERVICETYPE="DASMAR"
    PARAMETERCOUNT="15"
    PARAMETERS
      Protocols_Data="Async"
      Storage_Duration="3"
      IP_Add_I="150.144.173.78"
      Data_Fmt_I="NRZ-L"
      .
      .
    ENDPARAMETERS
  SERVICEPERIODCOUNT="21"
  SERVICEPERIOD1
    SERVICEPERIODSTARTTIME="2002/365 23:30:00"
    SERVICEPERIODSTOPTIME="2002/365 23:41:00"
    SERVICEPERIODTDRS="TDW"
    TDRSSUPPORTSTATUS="Granted"
  ENDSERVICEPERIOD1
  .
  .

SERVICEPERIOD21
  SERVICEPERIODSTARTTIME="2003/001 09:59:00"
  SERVICEPERIODSTOPTIME="2003/001 10:00:00"
```

SERVICEPERIODTDRS="TDE"
TDRSSUPPORTSTATUS="Granted"
ENDSERVICEPERIOD21
ENDSERVICE1
ENDSCHEDULEEVENT2

Table C-1. DASMAR Service Parameters (1 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
Acq_Mode	Acquisition Mode		Mode A="Mode A (700 Hz)" Mode B="Mode B (3000 Hz)"
Carrier_Freq_Ref	Acquisition Center Frequency	Hz	
Data_Fmt_I	Data Format I Channel		L="NRZ-L" M="NRZ-M" S="NRZ-S"
Data_Fmt_Q	Data Format Q Channel		L="NRZ-L" M="NRZ-M" S="NRZ-S"
Data_Rate_I	Data Rate I Channel	bps	
Data_Rate_Q	Data Rate Q Channel	bps	
Data_class_ID	Data Class ID		Not Applicable CCSDS frame CCSDS packet TDM frame Stripped TDM frame
Frame_length_I	Frame length I Channel	bytes	
Frame_length_Q	Frame length Q Channel	bytes	
Frame_sync_I	Frame Synchronization I Channel		On Off
Frame_sync_Q	Frame Synchronization Q Channel		On Off
G2_Symb_Inv_I	G2 Symbol Inversion I Channel		Upright Inverted
G2_Symb_Inv_Q	G2 Symbol Inversion Q Channel		Upright Inverted
IBU_Mode	Independent Beamforming Unit Mode		Adaptive mode Pointing mode
IP_Add_I	Destination IP Address I Channel		
IP_Add_Q	Destination IP Address Q Channel		
Mission_ID	Mission Identifier		
Modulation_Data_Ch	Modulation/Data Channel		BPSK SQPN single channel SQPN dual channel

Table C-1. DASMAR Service Parameters (2 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
PN_Code_I	Pseudo-random noise code I Channel	octal	
PN_Code_Q	Pseudo-random noise code Q Channel	octal	
Port_Num_I	Destination TCP Port Number I Channel		
Port_Num_Q	Destination TCP Port Number Q Channel		
Protocols_Data	Protocols (Data Format)		ACE AXAF-I IPDU LEO-T SFDU Async
Storage_Duration	Data storage duration	days	
Symb_Fmt_I	Symbol Format I Channel		NRZ="NRZ" Biphase="BIO-L"
Symb_Fmt_Q	Symbol Format Q Channel		NRZ="NRZ" Biphase="BIO-L"
Sync_mask_I	Frame Sync Mask I Channel	hex	
Sync_mask_Q	Frame Sync Mask Q Channel	hex	
Sync_pattern_I	Frame Sync Pattern I Channel	hex	
Sync_pattern_Q	Frame Sync Pattern Q Channel	hex	
Sync_pattern_lock_I	Allowable frame sync pattern errors during lock I Channel		
Sync_pattern_lock_Q	Allowable frame sync pattern errors during lock Q Channel		
Sync_pattern_search_I	Allowable frame sync pattern errors during search I Channel		
Sync_pattern_search_Q	Allowable frame sync pattern errors during search Q Channel		
VCP_CRC_I	Virtual Channel Processing CRC I Channel		On Off
VCP_CRC_Q	Virtual Channel Processing CRC Q Channel		On Off
VCP_CRC_Location_I	Virtual Channel Processing CRC Location I Channel		
VCP_CRC_Location_Q	Virtual Channel Processing CRC Location Q Channel		
VCP_I	Virtual Channel Processing I Channel		On Off
VCP_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Q Channel		On Off
VCP_RS_Interleave_I	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Interleave Depth I Channel		
VCP_RS_Interleave_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Interleave Depth Q Channel		
VCP_RS_Location_I	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Codeword Location I Channel		
VCP_RS_Location_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Codeword Location Q Channel		

Table C-1. DASMAR Service Parameters (3 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values
VCP_RS_Virtual_Fill_I	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Virtual Fill I Channel		
VCP_RS_Virtual_Fill_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Virtual Fill Q Channel		
VCP_Reed_Solomon_I	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon I Channel		On Off
VCP_Reed_Solomon_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Reed Solomon Q Channel		On Off
VCP_Segregation_I	Virtual Channel Processing Segregation I Channel		On Off
VCP_Segregation_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Segregation Q Channel		On Off
VCP_Segregation_IP_Address_I	Virtual Channel Processing Segregation Destination IP Address I Channel		
VCP_Segregation_IP_Address_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Segregation Destination IP Address Q Channel		
VCP_Segregation_Port_Num_I	Virtual Channel Processing Segregation Destination TCP Port Number I Channel		
VCP_Segregation_Port_Num_Q	Virtual Channel Processing Segregation Destination TCP Port Number Q Channel		

Appendix D. UPD Detail Panel Contents

The UPD parameter values that are displayed in the UPD Detail Panel standard layouts are listed in Tables D-1 through D-15. The Parameter Name is used when editing a layout to specify which mnemonicName (parameter) is used for a display component. These names are also used in the UPD log file described in Appendix D. For enumerated parameters, the server sends numeric values to the Client, which then performs a translation to text according to the Enumeration Value assignments. Enumeration parameters that are also limit-checked are indicated in the tables by a Severity assignment for each enumeration value. Limit-checking and its effect on the UPD displays is described in more detail in paragraph 9.2.

Table D-1. MAF/SMAF UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Radiated_Freq	Radiated Carrier Frequency	MHz	
Signal_EIRP	Signal EIRP	dBW	
Clock_Presence	Clock Presence		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density	Data Transition Density	%	
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-2. SSAF UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Signal_EIRP	Signal EIRP	dBW	
Radiated_Freq	Radiated Carrier Frequency	MHz	
Power_Mode	Power Mode		0="Normal" 1="High"
Doppler_Comp	Doppler Compensation		0="Off" 1="On"
PN_Modulation	Command Channel PN Modulation		0="No" 1="Yes"
Clock_Presence	Clock Presence		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density	Data Transition Density	%	
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-3. KSAF UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Signal_EIRP	Signal EIRP	dBW	
Radiated_Freq	Radiated Carrier Frequency	MHz	
Power_Mode	Power Mode		0="Normal" 1="High"
Doppler_Comp	Doppler Compensation		0="Off" 1="On"
PN_Modulation	Command Channel PN Modulation		0="No" 1="Yes"
Clock_Presence	Clock Presence		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density	Data Transition Density	%	
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	Deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	Deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	Deg	

Table D-4. KaSAF UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Signal_EIRP	Signal EIRP	dBW	
Radiated_Freq	Radiated Carrier Frequency	MHz	
Power_Mode	Power Mode		0="Normal" 1="High"
Doppler_Comp	Doppler Compensation		0="Off" 1="On"
PN_Modulation	Command Channel PN Modulation		0="No" 1="Yes"
Clock_Presence	Clock Presence		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density	Data Transition Density	%	
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-5. MAR UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Beamforming_Equip_ID	Scheduled MA Return Link ID		
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way" 3="Cross-support"
Mode	Mode		1="Mode 1 (Coherent) 2="Mode 2 (Non-coherent)
IR_Lock	Integrated Receiver Lock Indicator		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
IR_Signal_Strength	Integrated Receiver Signal Strength	dB-Hz	
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"

Table D-6. SSAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way" 3="Cross-support"
IR_Lock	Integrated Receiver Lock Indicator		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
IR_Signal_Strength	Integrated Receiver Signal Strength	dB-Hz	
Receiver_Coherency	Receiver Coherency Indicator		0="Noncoherent" 1="Coherent"
DG1_Mode	DG1 Mode		1="Mode 1" 2="Mode 2" 3="Mode 3"
Dinterleaving	Deinterleaving Selection		0="No deinterleaving" 1="I Deinterleaved" 2="Q Deinterleaved" 3="I and Q Deinterleaved"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)

Table D-6. SSAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Clock_Presence_I	Clock Presence, I Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Clock_Presence_Q	Clock Presence, Q Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density_I	Data Transition Density, I Channel	%	
Data_Density_Q	Data Transition Density, Q Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_I	Percent Frames in Lock, I Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_Q	Percent Frames in Lock, Q Channel	%	
Sync_Dropout_Count_I	Sync Lock Dropout Count, I Channel		
Sync_Dropout_Count_Q	Sync Lock Dropout Count, Q Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_I	Frame Sync Word BER, I Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_Q	Frame Sync Word BER, Q Channel		
DG1_Configuration	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel Only" 1="Q Channel Only" 2="I and Q Channels"
Receiver_Configuration	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal" 1="Cross-support"
Channel_Power_Ratio	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	dB	
Data_Channel_Config	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source, identical data" 1="Dual source" 2="Single source, alternate data"
SSA_Combining	SSA Combining		0="No" 1="Yes"
Range_Tracking_Status	Range Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="Normal" 2="Cross-support"
Data_Format_Conv_I	Data Format Conversion Configuration, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_Q	Data Format Conversion Configuration, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_I	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"

Table D-6. SSAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (3 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Data_Coding_I	Data Coding, I Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)" 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv)" 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)"
Data_Coding_Q	Data Coding, Q Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)" 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv)" 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)"
G2_Inversion_I	G2 Inversion, I Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
G2_Inversion_Q	G2 Inversion, Q Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-7. SSAR DG2 UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way" 3="Cross-support"
IR_Lock	Integrated Receiver Lock Indicator		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
IR_Signal_Strength	Integrated Receiver Signal Strength	dB-Hz	
Receiver_Coherency	Receiver Coherency Indicator		0="Noncoherent" 1="Coherent"
DG2_Modulation	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK" 1="BPSK"
Dinterleaving	Deinterleaving Selection		0="No deinterleaving" 1="I Deinterleaved" 2="Q Deinterleaved" 3="I and Q Deinterleaved"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)

Table D-7. SSAR DG2 UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Clock_Presence_I	Clock Presence, I Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Clock_Presence_Q	Clock Presence, Q Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density_I	Data Transition Density, I Channel	%	
Data_Density_Q	Data Transition Density, Q Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_I	Percent Frames in Lock, I Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_Q	Percent Frames in Lock, Q Channel	%	
Sync_Dropout_Count_I	Sync Lock Dropout Count, I Channel		
Sync_Dropout_Count_Q	Sync Lock Dropout Count, Q Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_I	Frame Sync Word BER, I Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_Q	Frame Sync Word BER, Q Channel		
Receiver_Configuration	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal" 1="Cross-support"
Channel_Power_Ratio	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	dB	
Data_Channel_Config	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source" 1="Dual source" 2="Single source, alternate data"
SSA_Combining	SSA Combining		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_I	Data Format Conversion Configuration, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_Q	Data Format Conversion Configuration, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_I	Symbol Format Conversion Biphasic to NRZ, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q	Symbol Format Conversion Biphasic to NRZ, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Coding_I	Data Coding, I Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2) 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv) 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)
Data_Coding_Q	Data Coding, Q Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2) 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv) 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)
G2_Inversion_I	G2 Inversion, I Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
G2_Inversion_Q	G2 Inversion, Q Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-8. SMAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Equipment_String_ID	SMAR Link ID		
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way" 3="Cross-support"
IR_Lock	Integrated Receiver Lock Indicator		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
IR_Signal_Strength	Integrated Receiver Signal Strength	dB-Hz	
Receiver_Coherency	Receiver Coherency Indicator		0="Noncoherent" 1="Coherent"
DG1_Mode	DG1 Mode		1="Mode 1" 2="Mode 2" 3="Mode 3"
Dinterleaving	Deinterleaving Selection		0="No deinterleaving" 1="I Deinterleaved" 2="Q Deinterleaved" 3="I and Q Deinterleaved"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)

Table D-8. SMAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10-3" (Red) 2="10-3 > BER >= 10-4" (Red) 3="10-4 > BER >= 10-5" (Red) 4="10-5 > BER >= 10-6" (Green) 5="10-6 > BER >= 10-7" (Green) 6="10-7 > BER >= 10-8" (Green) 7="10-8 > BER >= 10-9" (Green) 8="BER < 10-9" (Green)
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Clock_Presence_I	Clock Presence, I Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Clock_Presence_Q	Clock Presence, Q Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density_I	Data Transition Density, I Channel	%	
Data_Density_Q	Data Transition Density, Q Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_I	Percent Frames in Lock, I Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_Q	Percent Frames in Lock, Q Channel	%	
Sync_Dropout_Count_I	Sync Lock Dropout Count, I Channel		
Sync_Dropout_Count_Q	Sync Lock Dropout Count, Q Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_I	Frame Sync Word BER, I Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_Q	Frame Sync Word BER, Q Channel		
DG1_Configuration	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel Only" 1="Q Channel Only" 2="I and Q Channels"
Receiver_Configuration	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal" 1="Cross-support"
Channel_Power_Ratio	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	dB	
Data_Channel_Config	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source, identical data" 1="Dual source" 2="Single source, alternate data"
Range_Tracking_Status	Range Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="Normal" 2="Cross-support"
Data_Format_Conv_I	Data Format Conversion Configuration, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_Q	Data Format Conversion Configuration, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_I	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"

Table D-8. SMAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (3 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Data_Coding_I	Data Coding, I Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)" 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv)" 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)"
Data_Coding_Q	Data Coding, Q Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)" 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv)" 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)"
G2_Inversion_I	G2 Inversion, I Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
G2_Inversion_Q	G2 Inversion, Q Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"

Table D-9. SMAR DG2 UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Equipment_String_ID	SMAR Link ID		
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way" 3="Cross-support"
IR_Lock	Integrated Receiver Lock Indicator		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
IR_Signal_Strength	Integrated Receiver Signal Strength	dB-Hz	
Receiver_Coherency	Receiver Coherency Indicator		0="Noncoherent" 1="Coherent"
DG2_Modulation	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK" 1="BPSK"
Dinterleaving	Deinterleaving Selection		0="No deinterleaving" 1="I Deinterleaved" 2="Q Deinterleaved" 3="I and Q Deinterleaved"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"

Table D-9. SMAR DG2 UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Clock_Presence_I	Clock Presence, I Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Clock_Presence_Q	Clock Presence, Q Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density_I	Data Transition Density, I Channel	%	
Data_Density_Q	Data Transition Density, Q Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_I	Percent Frames in Lock, I Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_Q	Percent Frames in Lock, Q Channel	%	
Sync_Dropout_Count_I	Sync Lock Dropout Count, I Channel		
Sync_Dropout_Count_Q	Sync Lock Dropout Count, Q Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_I	Frame Sync Word BER, I Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_Q	Frame Sync Word BER, Q Channel		
Receiver_Configuration	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal" 1="Cross-support"
Channel_Power_Ratio	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	dB	
Data_Channel_Config	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source" 1="Dual source" 2="Single source, alternate data"
Data_Format_Conv_I	Data Format Conversion Configuration, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_Q	Data Format Conversion Configuration, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_I	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Coding_I	Data Coding, I Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2) 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv) 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)
Data_Coding_Q	Data Coding, Q Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2) 2="Code 2 (Rate 1/2, G1 inv) 3="Code 3 (Rate 1/3)
G2_Inversion_I	G2 Inversion, I Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
G2_Inversion_Q	G2 Inversion, Q Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-10. KSAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Autotrack_Status	Autotrack Status		0="Disabled" 1="No Signal Presence" 2="Signal Presence" 3="Zero Crossing" 4="Autotrack"
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way"
DG1_Mode	DG1 Mode		1="Mode 1" 2="Mode 2" 3="Mode 3"
Receiver_Coherency	Receiver Coherency Indicator		0="Noncoherent" 1="Coherent"
First_Demod_Type	First Demodulator Type Indicator, I Channel		1="IR" 2="HRR"
First_Demod_Lock	First Demodulator Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
First_Demod_Signal_Strength	First Demodulator Signal Strength, I Channel	dB-Hz	
Second_Demod_Type	Second Demodulator Type Indicator, Q Channel		1="IR" 2="HRR"
Second_Demod_Lock	Second Demodulator Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
Second_Demod_Signal_Strength	Second Demodulator Signal Strength, Q Channel	dB-Hz	
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)

Table D-10. KSAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10-3" (Red) 2="10-3 > BER >= 10-4" (Red) 3="10-4 > BER >= 10-5" (Red) 4="10-5 > BER >= 10-6" (Green) 5="10-6 > BER >= 10-7" (Green) 6="10-7 > BER >= 10-8" (Green) 7="10-8 > BER >= 10-9" (Green) 8="BER < 10-9" (Green)
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Clock_Presence_I	Clock Presence, I Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Clock_Presence_Q	Clock Presence, Q Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density_I	Data Transition Density, I Channel	%	
Data_Density_Q	Data Transition Density, Q Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_I	Percent Frames in Lock, I Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_Q	Percent Frames in Lock, Q Channel	%	
Sync_Dropout_Count_I	Sync Lock Dropout Count, I Channel		
Sync_Dropout_Count_Q	Sync Lock Dropout Count, Q Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_I	Frame Sync Word BER, I Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_Q	Frame Sync Word BER, Q Channel		
Data_Format_Conv_I	Data Format Conversion Configuration, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_Q	Data Format Conversion Configuration, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_I	Symbol Format Conversion Biphasic to NRZ, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q	Symbol Format Conversion Biphasic to NRZ, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Coding_I	Data Coding, I Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)"
Data_Coding_Q	Data Coding, Q Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)"
G2_Inversion_I	G2 Inversion, I Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
G2_Inversion_Q	G2 Inversion, Q Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"

Table D-10. KSAR DG1 UPD Detail Parameters (3 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Receiver_Configuration	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal" 1="Cross-support"
Channel_Power_Ratio	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	dB	
Data_Channel_Config	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source" 1="Dual source"
DG1_Configuration	DG1 Configuration		0="I Channel Only" 1="Q Channel Only" 2="I and Q Channels"
Range_Tracking_Status	Range Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="Normal"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-11. KSAR/KaSAR DG2 UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Link_Status	Link Status		0="Active" (Green) 1="Pending" (Red) 2="Acq/Reacq" (Yellow)
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Autotrack_Status	Autotrack Status		0="Disabled" 1="No Signal Presence" 2="Signal Presence" 3="Zero Crossing" 4="Autotrack"
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Doppler_Tracking	Doppler Tracking Status		0="Inactive" 1="One-way" 2="Two-way"
DG2_Modulation	DG2 Modulation		0="QPSK", 1="BPSK"
Receiver_Coherency	Receiver Coherency Indicator		0="Noncoherent" 1="Coherent"
First_Demod_Type	First Demodulator Type Indicator, I Channel		1="IR" 2="HRR"
First_Demod_Lock	First Demodulator Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
First_Demod_Signal_Strength	First Demodulator Signal Strength, I Channel	dB-Hz	
Second_Demod_Type	Second Demodulator Type Indicator, Q Channel		1="IR" 2="HRR"
Second_Demod_Lock	Second Demodulator Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" (Red) 1="Lock" (Green)
Second_Demod_Signal_Strength	Second Demodulator Signal Strength, Q Channel	dB-Hz	
Symbol_Sync_Lock_I	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, I Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Symbol_Sync_Lock_Q	Symbol Synchronizer Lock Indicator, Q Channel		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status_I	BER Status, I Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10 ⁻³ " (Red) 2="10 ⁻³ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁴ " (Red) 3="10 ⁻⁴ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁵ " (Red) 4="10 ⁻⁵ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁶ " (Green) 5="10 ⁻⁶ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁷ " (Green) 6="10 ⁻⁷ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁸ " (Green) 7="10 ⁻⁸ > BER >= 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green) 8="BER < 10 ⁻⁹ " (Green)

Table D-11. KSAR/KaSAR DG2 UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 2)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
BER_Status_Q	BER Status, Q Channel		0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10-3" (Red) 2="10-3 > BER >= 10-4" (Red) 3="10-4 > BER >= 10-5" (Red) 4="10-5 > BER >= 10-6" (Green) 5="10-6 > BER >= 10-7" (Green) 6="10-7 > BER >= 10-8" (Green) 7="10-8 > BER >= 10-9" (Green) 8="BER < 10-9" (Green)
Frame_Sync_Mode_I	Frame Sync Mode, I Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Frame_Sync_Mode_Q	Frame Sync Mode, Q Channel		0="Search" 1="Check" 2="Lock" 3="Flywheel"
Clock_Presence_I	Clock Presence, I Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Clock_Presence_Q	Clock Presence, Q Channel		0="No" (Red) 1="Yes" (Green)
Data_Density_I	Data Transition Density, I Channel	%	
Data_Density_Q	Data Transition Density, Q Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_I	Percent Frames in Lock, I Channel	%	
Frames_in_Lock_Q	Percent Frames in Lock, Q Channel	%	
Sync_Dropout_Count_I	Sync Lock Dropout Count, I Channel		
Sync_Dropout_Count_Q	Sync Lock Dropout Count, Q Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_I	Frame Sync Word BER, I Channel		
Frame_Sync_Word_BER_Q	Frame Sync Word BER, Q Channel		
Data_Format_Conv_I	Data Format Conversion Configuration, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Format_Conv_Q	Data Format Conversion Configuration, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_I	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, I Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q	Symbol Format Conversion Biphase to NRZ, Q Channel		0="No" 1="Yes"
Data_Coding_I	Data Coding, I Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)
Data_Coding_Q	Data Coding, Q Channel		0="Uncoded" 1="Code 1 (Rate 1/2)
G2_Inversion_I	G2 Inversion, I Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
G2_Inversion_Q	G2 Inversion, Q Channel		0="Not inverted" 1="Inverted"
Receiver_Configuration	Receiver Configuration		0="Normal" 1="Cross-support"
Channel_Power_Ratio	I/Q Channel Power Ratio	dB	
Data_Channel_Config	Data Channel Configuration		0="Single source" 1="Dual source"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-12. KaSARWB DG2 UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Azimuth	Azimuth	deg	
Elevation	Elevation	deg	
Polarization	Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-13. EETF UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Polarization	Antenna Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Sim_Gain_Temp	Simulation Gain/Temperature	dB/K	
Forward_Link_Freq	Forward Link Frequency	MHz	
Sim_Command_Channel_Lock	Simulation Command Channel Lock		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Sim_Carrier_Lock	Simulation Carrier Lock		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
Sim_Bit_Sync_Lock	Simulation Bit Sync Lock		0="No Lock" 1="Lock"
BER_Status			0="Status not valid" (Red) 1="BER >= 10-3" (Red) 2="10-3 > BER >= 10-4" (Red) 3="10-4 > BER >= 10-5" (Red) 4="10-5 > BER >= 10-6" (Green) 5="10-6 > BER >= 10-7" (Green) 6="10-7 > BER >= 10-8" (Green) 7="10-8 > BER >= 10-9" (Green) 8="BER < 10-9" (Green)
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-14. EETR UPD Detail Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
SUPIDEN	SUPIDEN		
Polarization	Antenna Polarization		0="LCP" 1="RCP"
Simulation_EIRP	Simulation EIRP	dBW	
Return_Link_Freq	Return Link Frequency	MHz	
TDRS_Yaw	TDRS Yaw	deg	
TDRS_Roll	TDRS Roll	deg	
TDRS_Pitch	TDRS Pitch	deg	

Table D-15. DASMAR UPD Detail Parameters (1 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
TDRS	TDRS Name		
SIC	Support Identification Code		
SERVICEPERIODSTARTTIME	Service Start Time		Start time in yyyy/ddd hh:mm:ss format
	User Performance Data Time		Time UPD was generated in yyyy/ddd hh:mm:ss format
	Link Number		Request or Event ID to which the UPD is applicable
	Status		Active Inactive
Acq_Mode	Acquisition Mode	Hz	Mode A(700 Hz), Mode B(3000 Hz)
Carrier_Freq_Ref	Carrier Frequency Reference	Hz	
Modulation_Data_Ch	Modulation/Data Channel		BPSK SQPN single channel SQPN dual channel
Protocol_Data	Protocol (Data Format)		Async, AXAF-1, IPDU, LEO-T, SFDU
IBU Mode	Independent Beamforming Unit(IBU) Mode		Adaptive mode Pointing mode Fixed weight mode Fixed weight mode with calibration Fixed weight mode with adaptation
Storage Duration	Storage Duration	days	
IP_Add_I	IP Address, I Channel		
IP_Add_Q	IP Address, Q Channel		
Port_Num_I	Port Number, I Channel		
Port_Num_Q	Port Number, Q Channel		
PN_Code_I	Pseudo Random Noise Code, I Channel		
PN_Code_Q	Pseudo Random Noise Code, Q Channel		
Data_Rate_I	Data Rate, I Channel	bps	
Data_Rate_Q	Data Rate, Q Channel	bps	
G2_Symb_Inv_I	G2 Symbol Inversion, I Channel		Upright Inverted
G2_Symb_Inv_Q	G2 Symbol Inversion, Q Channel		Upright Inverted
Symb_Fmt_I	Symbol Format, I Channel		NRZ Biphase
Symb_Fmt_Q	Symbol Format, Q Channel		NRZ Biphase
Data_Fmt_I	Data Format, I Channel		L="NRZ-L" M="NRZ-M" S="NRZ-S"
Data_Fmt_Q	Data Format, Q Channel		L="NRZ-L" M="NRZ-M" S="NRZ-S"

Table D-15. DASMAR UPD Detail Parameters (2 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
Rec_Carrier_Freq	Recovered Carrier Frequency with RF Doppler removed	Hz	
Eb_No_Est_I	Eb/No Estimate, I Channel	dB	
Eb_No_Est_Q	Ev/No Estimate, Q Channel	dB	
Sig_Ack_I	RF Signal Detected, I Channel		Yes No
Sig_Ack_Q	RF Signal Detected, Q Channel		Yes No
Lock_Status_I	Receiver Lock, I Channel		Yes No
Lock_Status_Q	Receiver Lock, Q Channel		Yes No
Outpur_Connectivity_I	Output Socket Connectivity, I Channel		Active Inactive
Output_Connectivity_Q	Output Socket Connectivity, Q Channel		Active Inactive
Frame_Sync_Status_I	Frame Synchronization, I Channel		Sync No Sync
Frame_Sync_Status_Q	Frame Synchronization, Q Channel		Sync No Sync
VCP_CRC_Check_I	VCP – CRC, I Channel		Pass Fail
VCP_CRC_Check_Q	VCP-CRC, Q Channel		Pass Fail
VCP_RS_Uncorrectable_I	VCP – RS Uncorrectable Errors, I Channel		
VCP_RS_Uncorrectable_Q	VCP – RS Uncorrectable Errors, Q Channel		
VCP_RS_Correctable_I	VCP – RS Correctable Errors, I Channel		
VCP_RS_Correctable_Q	VCP – RS Correctable Errors, Q Channel		
Output_Connectivity_I_Embed_ChI	Output Socket Connectivity, I Channel		Active Inactive
Output_Connectivity_Q_Embed_ChI	Output Socket Connectivity, Q Channel		Active Inactive
Frame_Sync_Status_I_Embed_ChI	Frame Synchronization, Embedded I Channel		Sync No Sync
Frame_Sync_Status_Q_Embed_ChI	Frame Synchronization, Embedded Q Channel		Sync No Sync
VCP_CRC_Check_I_Embed_ChI	VCP – CRC, Embedded I Channel		Pass Fail
VCP_CRC_Check_Q_Embed_ChI	VCP – CRC, Embedded Q Channel		Pass Fail
VCP_RS_Uncorrectable_I_Embed_ChI	VCP – RS Uncorrectable Errors, Embedded I Channel		
VCP_RS_Uncorrectable_Q_Embed_ChI	VCP – RS Uncorrectable Errors, Embedded Q Channel		

Table D-15. DASMAR UPD Detail Parameters (3 of 3)

Parameter Name	Description	Units	Enumeration Values/Severities
VCP_RS_Correctable_I_Embed_ChI	VCP – RS Correctable Errors, Embedded I Channel		
VCP_RS_Correctable_Q_Embed_ChI	VCP – RS Correctable Errors, Embedded Q Channel		
VCP_Segregation_IP_Address_I_Embed_ChI	IP Address for Engineering Data for Embedded I Channel		
VCP_Segregation_IP_Address_Q_Embed_ChI	IP Address for Engineering Data for Embedded Q Channel		
VCP_Segregation_Port_Num_I_Embed_ChI	TCP Port Number for Engineering Data for Embedded I Channel		
VCP_Segregation_Port_Num_Q_Embed_ChI	TCP Port Number for Engineering Data for Embedded Q Channel		

Appendix E. UPD Log File Format

E.1 General

- a. The general format of the UPD log file stored on the Client workstation as described in paragraph 9.4 is as follows:

```
UPD
  TimeTag="YYYY/DDD_HHMMSS"
  SIC/Supiden="<supiden>"
  ServiceType="<upd_type>"
  TDRS="<TDRS>"
  AntennaLinkNumber="<antenna_link_id>"
  Mode="<mode>"
  <param1name>=<"param1value">
  <param2name>=<"param2value">
  <param3name>=<"param3value">
  .
  .
  <paramnname>=<"paramnvalue">
ENDUPD
```

- b. In general, parameter or keyword assignments are of the following format:

```
<keyword>="<value>"
```

- c. Where the <value> is always provided within quotes. In cases where a parameter may have no value, such as with the AntennaLink for MAF in the example, the value is still provided as a null value (e.g., AntennaLink ="").
- d. The keywords shown above are defined as follows:
1. UPD – start of a single UPD message.
 2. TimeTag – time tag from UPD message.
 3. SIC/Supiden – Support Identifier. SIC is stored instead of SUPIDEN for DAS services.
 4. ServiceType – UPD service type. A list of valid types is shown in Table 9-2. These types are derived from the UPD service types described in detail in Section 8 of the 452-ICD-SN/CSM. Each type also contains data from the associated header packets. Separate UPD service types are provided for the various Data Group (DG) configurations. Optional Data Quality Monitoring (DQM) data is included with the appropriate return service packet.
 5. TDRS – TDRS name.
 6. AntennaLinkNumber – antenna number or link ID for NCCDS services, event ID for DASMAR.
 7. Mode – OPS or EIF.

8. ENDUPD – end of a single UPD message.

E.2 UPD Parameter Values

The remainder of a stored UPD consists of a list of parameter names and their values. These names are defined for each service in Appendix D, Tables D-1 through D-15. For enumerated parameters, the text value is stored.

E.3 Sample File

Following is a sample of a UPD log file. In this case only two UPD messages are shown. For brevity not all UPD parameter values are shown.

```
UPD
    TimeTag="2002/310_213205"
    SIC/Supiden="B1294CS"
    ServiceType="MAF"
    TDRS="TDE"
    AntennaLinkNumber=""
    Mode="EIF"
    Elevation="+45.0"
    TDRS_Roll="000.0"
    TDRS_Pitch="000.0"
    TDRS_Yaw="000.0"
    SUPIDEN="B1294CS"
    Clock_Presence="Yes"
    Azimuth="+90.0"
    Signal_EIRP="+30.0"
    Link_Status="Active"
    Radiated_Freq="02106.40854"
    Data_Density="30"
ENDUPD

UPD
    TimeTag="2002/310_213205"
    SIC/Supiden="B1294CS"
    ServiceType="MAR"
    TDRS="TDE"
    AntennaLinkNumber="01"
    Mode="EIF"
    Beamforming_Equip_ID="03"
    Mode="Mode 2 (Non-coherent)"
    Symbol_Fmt_Conv_BI-NRZ_Q="No"
    .
    .
    Data_Format_Conv_Q="No"
    TDRS_Yaw="000.0"
    Sync_Dropout_Count_I="99999999"
```

Appendix F. Bulk Schedule Validation Messages

This appendix lists all the possible messages that can be generated for a request submitted in bulk scheduling mode. These messages appear in the status box of Schedule Add Request Detail Window, Figure 8-24. The messages are listed in Table F.

Table F-1. Bulk Schedule Validation Messages

Message	Note
is valid.	
Invalid: Message is too short for a request.	
Invalid: Message is not SAR, or SDR, or RR.	
Invalid: Invalid message type. Message type < Message Type> is not support for bulk scheduling.	Message Type – Bytes 1 to 2 in SAR/SDR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Supiden - <Supiden> not in SWSI database or not authorized	Supiden – Bytes 12 to 18 in SAR/SDR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: SIC - < > is not in the list of supported for this user.	
Invalid: TDRS - <TDRS> not in SWSI database or not authorized.	TDRS – Bytes 28 to 30 SAR/SDR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Invalid priority - <Customer Priority>. The range is 1 to 9.	Customer Priority – Byte 27 in SAR.
Invalid: Invalid use TSWs indicator - <TSWs>. The range is 0 to 1.	TSWs – Byte 38 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Invalid wait list indicator - <Wait List>. The range is 0 to 1.	Wait List – Byte 39 in SAR/RR.
Invalid: Referenced Request ID doesn't exist <Referenced Request ID>.	Referenced Request ID – Bytes 42 to 48 in SDR; Bytes 31-37 in RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Referenced Request Id <Referenced Request ID> is not numerical.	
Invalid: Format of Referenced Request ID - <Referenced Request ID> invalid.	
Invalid: Nominal request start time is invalid - <Nominal Event Start Time>.	Nominal Event Start Time – Bytes 42 to 52 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Format of plus tolerance is invalid - <Event Start Time Plus Tolerance>.	Event Start Time Plus Tolerance – Bytes 53 to 58 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Format of minus tolerance is invalid - < Event Start Time Minus Tolerance>.	Event Start Time Minus Tolerance – Bytes 59 to 64 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Format of freeze interval is invalid - <Freeze Interval>.	Freeze Interval – Bytes 65 to 70 in SAR /RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Prototype event <Prototype Event ID> does not exists for SIC <Request SIC>.	Prototype Event ID – Bytes 72 to 74 in SAR/RR/ASAR. Request SIC – Bytes 13 to 16 in SAR/SDR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Format of prototype event id is invalid - <Prototype Event ID>.	Prototype Event ID – Bytes 72 to 74 in SAR/RR/ASAR.

Table F-1. Bulk Schedule Validation Message Cont'd.

Message	Note
invalid: SAR without any service or prototype event.	
Invalid: Service information needed for this request.	
Invalid: Format of number of services is invalid -	Number of Service Specification Codes – Bytes 75 to 76 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Number of services is out of range - <Number of Service Specification Codes>. The range is 1 to 16.	Number of Service Specification Codes – Bytes 75 to 76 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Number of services included in this request - <NN> is not the same as specified -<Number of Service Specification Codes>.	NN – Number of Service Specification Codes specified after byte 77 in SAR/RR/ASAR. Number of Service Specification Codes – Bytes 75 to 76 in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: SSC <Service Specification Code> not in SWSI database.	Service Specification Code – Bytes 77 to 79 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Format of Nominal Service Start Time - <Nominal Service Start Time>.	Nominal Service Start Time – Bytes 80 to 85 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Format of Nominal Service Duration - <Nominal Service Duration>.	Nominal Service Duration – Bytes 86 to 91 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: No keyword exists.	See Note at bottom of table.
Invalid: Number of keywords included in SSC < Service Specification Code > - <NN> is not the same as specified - <Number of Keyword Parameters>.	Service Specification Code – Bytes 77 to 79 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR. NN – Number of Keywords specified for the corresponding Service Specification Code. Number of Keyword Parameters – Bytes 92 to 93 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Invalid: Keyword invalid for SSC <Service Specification Code> for service type <Service Type>.	Keyword Name– Name of Keyword for Service-Level Flexibility Keyword Parameter or Respecifiable Parameters. ¹ Service Specification Code – Bytes 77 to 79 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR. Service Type – Service type of the corresponding Service Specification Code. See Note at bottom of table.

Table F-1. Bulk Schedule Validation Message Cont'd.

Name	Note
invalid: The length of the value of keyword <Keyword Name> is invalid for SSC <Service Specification Code> for service type <Service Type>.	Keyword Name– Name of Keyword for Service-Level Flexibility Keyword Parameter or Respecifiable Parameters. ¹ Service Specification Code – Bytes 77 to 79 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR. Service Type – Service type of the corresponding Service Specification Code. See Note at bottom of table.
Invalid: Format of keyword <Keyword Name> is invalid for SSC <Service Specification Code> for service type <Service Type>.	
Invalid: Value of keyword <Keyword Name> is out of range for SSC <Service Specification Code> for service type <Service Type>.	
Invalid: Value of keyword <Keyword Name> is invalid for SSC <Service Specification Code> for service type <Service Type>.	
Invalid: Unable to extract the service specification info.	
Invalid: Service description for was not found in the setup information.	Service Description for the corresponding service type is not found.
Invalid: Format of number of keywords <Number of Keyword Parameters> - for SSC <Service Specification Code>.	Number of Keyword Parameters – Bytes 92 to 93 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR. Service Specification Code – Bytes 77 to 79 or the corresponding bytes of the additional Service Specification Code in SAR/RR/ASAR.
Note: Refer to Tables 7-2 and 7-3 of Interface Control Document between the Space Network and Customers for Service Management Centers, 452-ICD-SN/CSM.	

Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
ACK	Acknowledgement
AFN	Acquisition Failure Notification
ANCC	Auxiliary Network Control Center
ASAR	Alternate Schedule Add Request
CCB	Configuration Control Board
CCR	Configuration Change Request
CCS	Communications and Control Segment
CDS	Comprehensive Discrepancy System
CNE	Center Network Environment
COTS	Commercial Off-The-Shelf
CSM	Customers for Service Management
CSV	Comma Separated Values
DAS	Demand Access System
DASCON	Demand Access System Controller
DASMAR	Demand Access System Multiple Access Return
DASPBK	Demand Access System Playback
DBA	Database Administrator
DBMS	Database Management System
DCN	Document Change Notice
DG	Data Group
DQM	Data Quality Monitoring
DR	Discrepancy Report
EETF	End-to-End Test Forward
EETR	End-to-End Test Return
EIF	Engineering Interface
ETE	End-to-End

Acronym	Definition
FDF	Flight Dynamics Facility
FOUO	For Official Use Only
GCMR	Ground Control Message Request
GN	Ground Network
GOTS	Government Off-The-Shelf
GSFC	Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD
GUI	Graphical User Interface
ICD	Interface Control Document
IIRV	Improved Interrange Vector
IONet	Internet Protocol Operational Network
IP	Internet Protocol
JRE	Java Runtime Environment
JVM	Java Virtual Machine
KaSAF	Ka-Band Single Access Forward
KaSAR	Ka-Band Single Access Return
KaSARWB	Ka-Band Single Access Return Wideband
KSAF	K-Band Single Access Forward
KSAR	K-Band Single Access Return
LAF	Look and Feel (Java language)
LOP	Local Operating Procedure
MA	Multiple Access
MAF	Multiple Access Forward
MAR	Multiple Access Return
MOC	Mission Operations Center
NASA	National Space and Aeronautics Administration
NCC	Network Control Center
NCCDS	NCC Data System
NISN	NASA Integrated Services Network
NPG	NCCDS Protocol Gateway

Acronym	Definition
OPS	Operations
PBKDR	Playback Deletion Request
PBKMR	Playback Modification Request
PBKR	Playback Request
RADR	Resource Allocation Deletion Request
RAM	Random Access Memory
RAMR	Resource Allocation Modification Request
RAR	Resource Allocation Request
RCTD	Return Channel Time Delay
RR	Replace Request
SA	Single Access
SAR	Schedule Add Request
SDIF	SWSI-DAS Interface
SDR	Schedule Delete Request
SIC	Support Identification Code
SMAF	S-band Multiple Access Forward
SMAR	S-band Multiple Access Return
SN	Space Network
SNIF	SWSI-NCCDS Interface
SNUG	Space Network Users' Guide
SPS	Service Planning Segment
SRM	Schedule Result Message
SSAF	S-band Single Access Forward
SSAR	S-band Single Access Return
SSC	Service Specification Code
SSL	Secure Socket Layer
STDN	Spaceflight Tracking and Data Network
STGT	Second TDRSS Ground Terminal
SUPIDEN	Support Identifier

Acronym	Definition
SWSI	SN Web Services Interface
TBS	To Be Supplied
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TDRS	Tracking and Data Relay Satellite
TDRSS	Tracking and Data Relay Satellite System
TGBFS	Third Generation Beamforming Subsystem
TSW	TDRS Scheduling Window
TTM	Time Transfer Message
TUT	TDRSS Unscheduled Time
UPD	User Performance Data
USM	User Schedule Message
UT	Universal Time
UTC	Universal Time Code
WGS-84	World Geodetic System 1984
WLR	Wait List Request
WSC	White Sands Complex
WSGT	White Sands Ground Terminal
WWW	World Wide Web

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